Galactic Nuclei via High-resolution X-ray Imaging and Spectroscopy When was the last AGN on?

How bright was it?

What is the time interval between episodes?

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Chandra ACIS images of the M31 bulge



Li & Wang (2007)

with (un)detected sources (e.g., including CVs and ABs) removed.

Diffuse soft X-ray radial intensity profiles



0.3-0.7 keV emission is more extended than in 0.7-1.5 keV one [] recent central heating and/or resonance scattering (RS) of OVIII and OVII r lines.

Fit this emission in the 0.3-0.7 keV band with the β -model [] the radial density profile of hot plasma, assuming spherical symmetry.



- Stack RGS spectrum from 36 observations (total 766 ks)
- ◆ Diverse emission lines [] temperature range: kT ~ 0.1-0.7 keV
- Large f/r line ratios of the OVII and NeIX Kα triplets [] non-optically-thin (e.g., RS) and/or non-CIE (e.g., recombining) plasma

AGN relic model



Assuming the β -model density profile; Cloudy [] photo-ionization equilibrium of the AGN; AtomDB NEI code [] evolution of its relic. **Free parameters**: metal abundances, ionizing L_{AGN} and relic age tZhang, Wang, et al. (2017)

AGN relic model fit to the RGB spectrum



- t ~ 0.4 Myr
- Abundance: C=0.3, N=0.8, O=0.4, Ne=0.3, Fe=0.9 solar
- Hot plasma spatial extent and resonance line scattering explain the line widths
- The model may also explain extended radio emission observed in the inner

Plasma+RS model of the ovill/ovil complex



Chen, Wang, et al. (2017)

- RS [] spatial and energy broadening of the line emission [] RGS line broadening.
 - This + limited spectral extraction region [] weakening of the line.
 - The best-fit of Monte-Carlo simulations to the complex [] isotropic turbulent Mach number ~ 0.17, or velocity dispersion 40 ± 4 km s⁻¹ for T~ 2.3 *x* 10⁶ K.

Prospects for the circumnuclear medium study



Predicted Athena spectrum of the M31 bulge

- The combination of the high
 spatial and spectral resolution, as
 well as the high throughput, as
 would be provided by *Lynx*, will
 provide the ultimate tool:
- Significant point source removal
- Spatially-resolved spectroscopy
- Bulk and turbulent motion
- Explore interface physics.

Structure and dynamics, as well as ionization and chemical properties

RGS Survey of star forming galaxies: examples



- Little evidence for significant recent AGN activities; *fovm/fovn* ratios are similar to star bursts than AGNs
- Soft X-ray are spatially correlated with star forming regions

Liu, Wang, Mao (2012)

M82: Plasma+CX spectral modeling



- Naturally explains thespatial correlation betweenhot and cool gas tracers.
- CX is proportional to the ion flux into the hot/cold gas interface.
- Accounting for the CX is important to determining the thermal and chemical properties of the hot plasma.

Conclusions

- * X-ray spectroscopy can be used to probe AGN relics [] AGN history.
- Recombination time scale of hot plasma is > 10⁵ yrs in the bulge or longer in outer regions of a galaxy.
- If the time interval between AGNs is < 10⁶ yrs or so, the plasma would never reach a CIE state!
- * Resonance line scattering and charge exchange also seem to be common processes and can be use to probe the kinematics and interphase physics!