



Bugs: dmcoppy

A list of bugs fixed in CIAO 3.4 is included at the end of this document.

Caveats

1. *Creating a filter for data that is outside the range of TLMIN:TLMAX*

If data in a table is outside the valid range of TLMIN:TLMAX, it is impossible to select it with a filter except by doing

```
[exclude foo=:]
```

Bugs

1. *Rebinning an image with different values for the two axes causes the coordinate information to be lost*

For example:

```
unix% dmcoppy acis.img"[bin x>:::5,y>:::6]" acis5x6.img
```

Using the same value for both axes works correctly:

```
unix% dmcoppy acis.img"[bin (x,y):::5]" acis5.img
```

2. *The BLANK header keyword that an older version of some FTOOLS (e.g. `chimgtyp`) write to the FITS file header causes problems for `dmcoppy`.*

Workarounds:

1. Use a CIAO tool in place of the FTOOL that created the BLANK keyword, e.g. instead of `chimgtyp`, try

```
unix% dmcoppy input.fits"[opt type=i4,null=-9999]" output.fits
```

changing the `opt_type` as appropriate.

2. Delete the BLANK keyword before passing the file to `dmcoppy` or any other CIAO tool.

3. *The tool always copies the data in the primary image, even when "[opt all]" is not used.*

For example:

```
unix% dmcoppy acis.fits"[spectrum]" spectrum.fits
unix% dmlist spectrum.fits blocks
```

```
-----
Dataset: spectrum.fits
-----
```

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Block Name	Type	Dimensions
Block 1: WMAP	Image	Int2(1024x1024)
Block 2: SPECTRUM	Table	5 cols x 1024 rows
...		

Here we expected to only get the SPECTRUM block, not the as WMAP well.

Workaround:

There is an odd sort of workaround:

```
unix% dmtcalc acis.fits spectrum2.fits expr="(1==1)"
unix% dmlist spectrum2.fits blocks
```

Dataset: spectrum2.fits

Block Name	Type	Dimensions
Block 1: PRIMARY	Null	
Block 2: SPECTRUM	Table	5 cols x 1024 rows
...		

4. *Specifying a fixed number of output image bins (06 Mar 2007)*

The number of bins that dmcoppy creates is different than the input specification:

```
unix% dmcoppy acis_evt2.fits"[bin x=3482:4708:#122,y=3406:4630:#122]" test.fits
unix% dmlist test.fits blocks
....
Block 1: EVENTS_IMAGE          Image          Int2(123x122)
....
```

5. *The tool only copies the first element of a vector array column (06 Mar 2007)*

For example, in this file, there is a WCS on the POS column which is a vector array column that is 13 elements long. Copying the data yields:

```
unix% dmcoppy acis_fov.fits"[cols ra,dec]" copy.fits
unix% dmlist copy.fits data
```

Data for Table Block FOV

ROW	EQPOS(RA,DEC)
1	(246.8650071199, -24.6144174326)
2	(246.9897042111, -24.7220983076)
3	(246.6804146459, -24.4408800569)
4	(246.8046771385, -24.5486314727)
5	(246.6736578338, -24.4347154624)

There should be five rows with 13 cells per row.

6. *#DMCOPY (CIAO 3.4): Can't convert region filter using unequal scaling factors. Pixels outside region will not be set to null. (10 Oct 2007)*

This error is printed when the pixels in the input image are not square, e.g. if an exposure map is created with the binning `xygrid="3175.0:4555.0:#690,3609.0:4983.0:#690"` (1380x1374).

Workaround:

Rebin to make an image with square pixels.

Bugs fixed in CIAO 3.4

The following is a list of bugs that were fixed in the CIAO 3.4 software release.

1. *If an invalid kernel name is given, the tool defaults to `kernel=fits`.*

No error message is printed.

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URL:
<http://cxc.harvard.edu/ciao3.4/bugs/dmcoppy.html>
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