

URL: http://cxc.harvard.edu/ciao3.4/dictionary/levels.html

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Levels (in Standard Data Processing)

The standard data processing (<u>SDP</u>) of Chandra data is divided into several stages or "Levels" (see the <u>level</u> ahelp page). At the end of each level a well defined set of data products are made, and these form the basis for the next level of processing.

- L0
- takes raw Chandra spacecraft telemetry and splits it into convenient FITS files.
- L0.5
- divides the telemetry on observation boundaries.
- L1
- applies instrument corrections to produce "event files" with aspect corrected positions for each event.
- L1.5
- (only for grating data) uses the position of the zeroth-order image to produce corrected positions for the dispersed counts (which can only be identified at this level). This removes blurring due to rotation.
- L2
- filters the event file to good time intervals (<u>GTI</u>), produces a candidate source list, and if a grating observation extracts a dispersed spectrum.
- L
- consists of catalogs and aggregate analysis of large numbers of observations. An example of a level 3 product would be a Chandra Source Catalog for all non-proprietary data, with sources identified and cross referenced with other catalogs. To date, there have been no L3 products created.

The Chandra X-Ray Center (CXC) is operated for NASA by the Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory.

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