


# **NIRCam Selected Quiescent Galaxies at $3 < z < 5$ in CEERS, COSMOS, and PRIMER**

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NHFP Symposium | September 21st, 2023





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massive elliptical  
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...and they are  
much older than  
expected.

# Massive evolved galaxies exist out to $z > 3$ ...

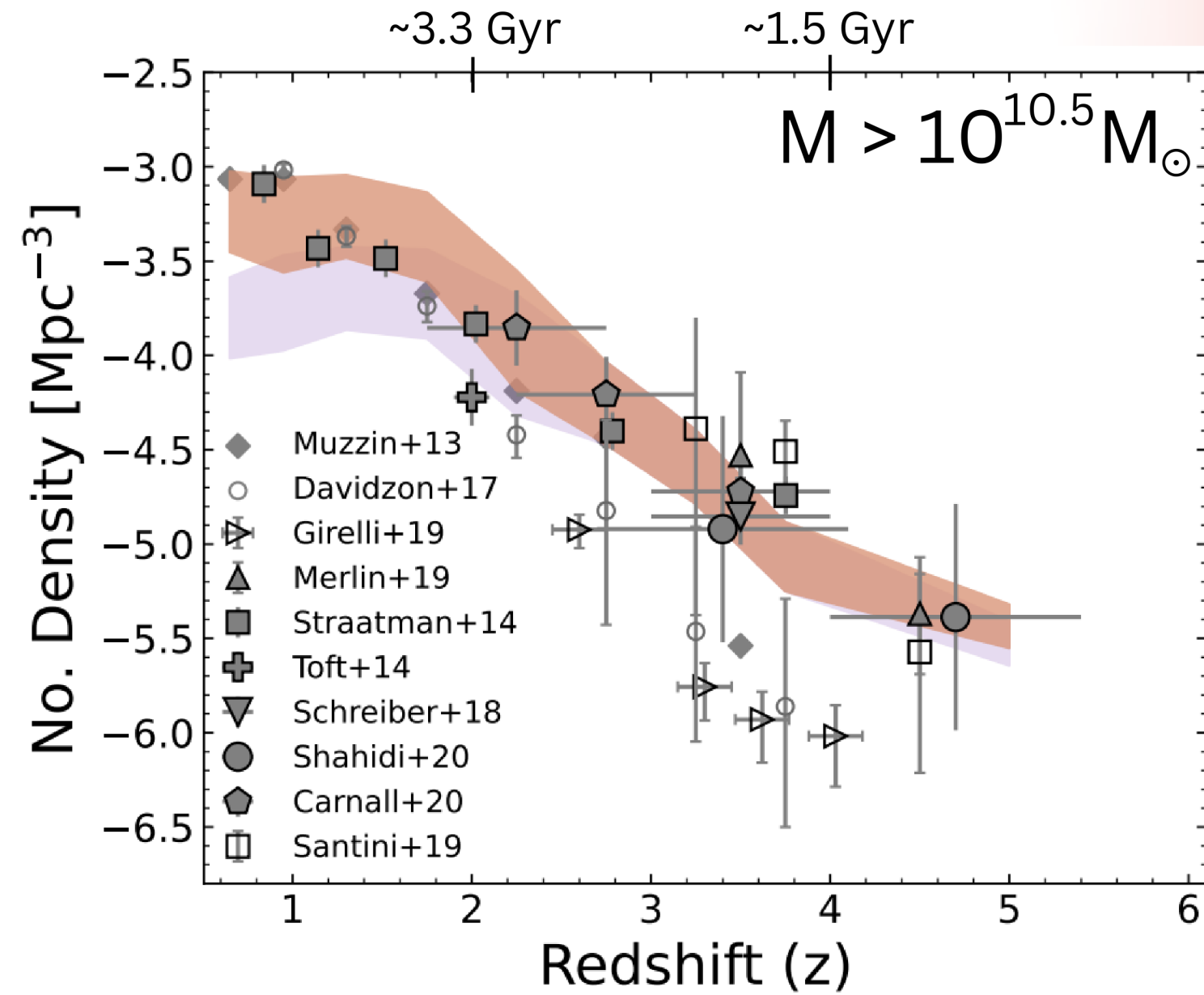


Figure from **Long et al. 2023a**

See also new JWST results:

Carnall+22, Nanayakkara+22, Pérez-González+22, Valentino+23

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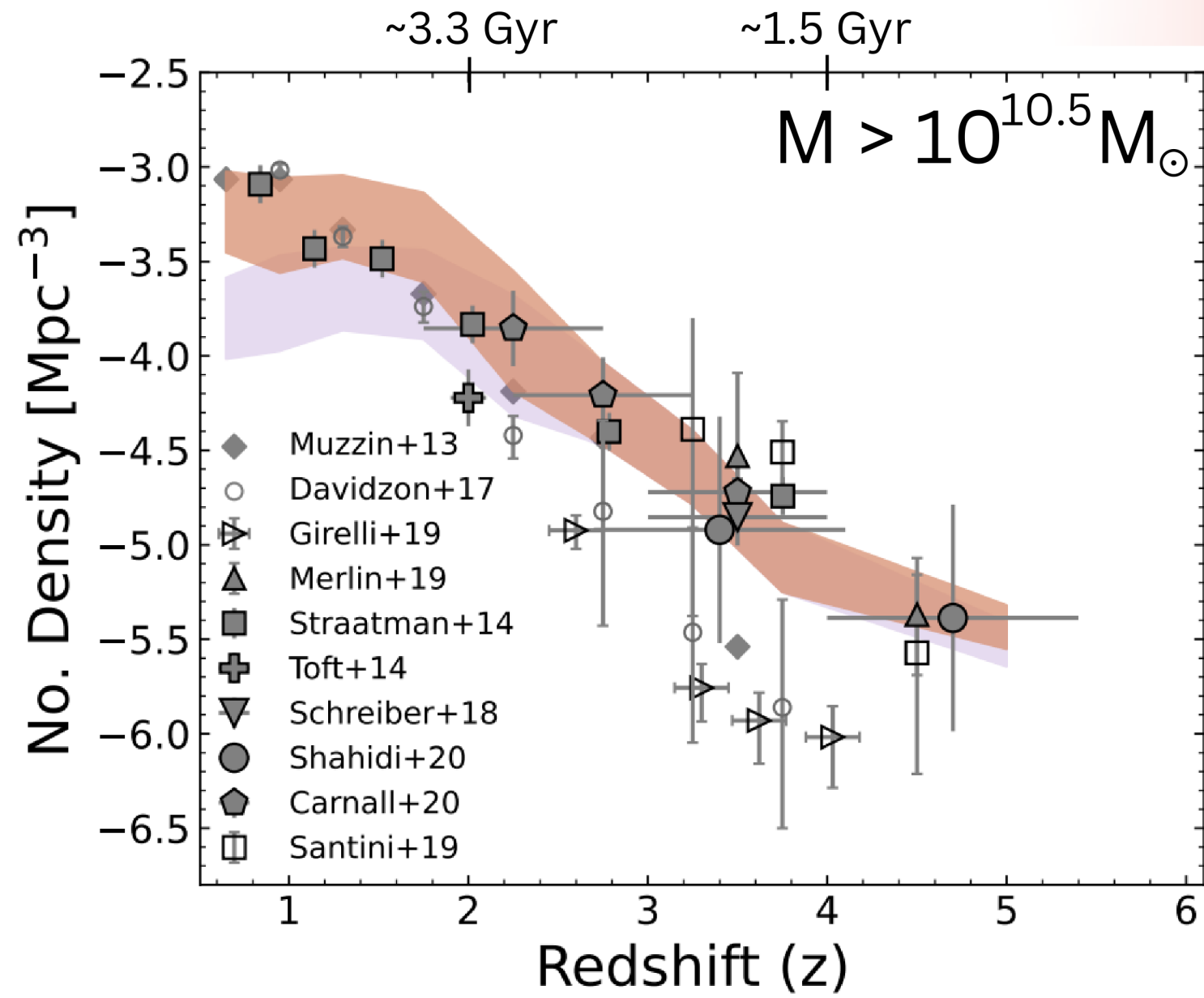


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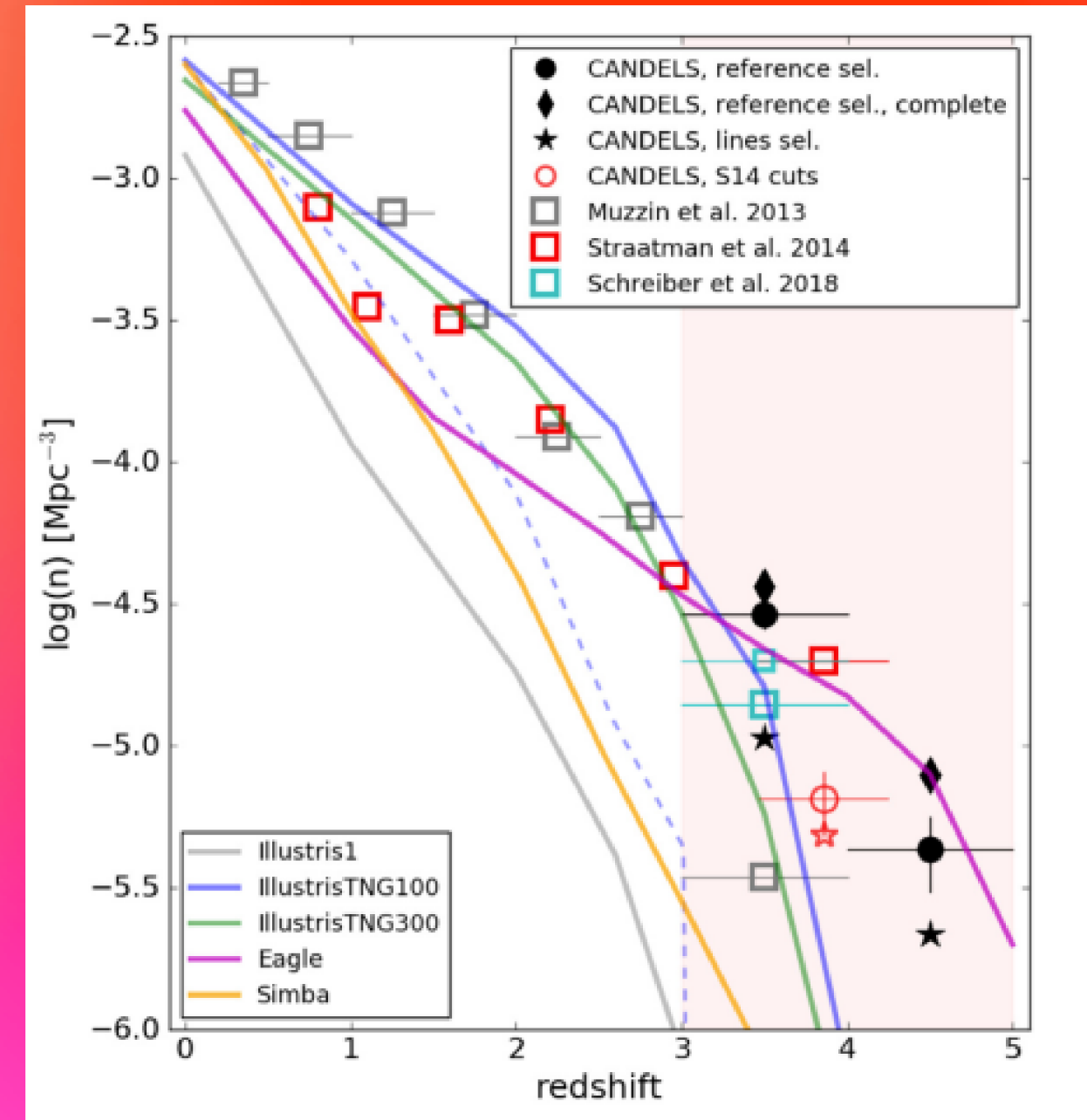


Figure from Merlin et al. 2019

See also the FLARES simulation (Lovell+22)

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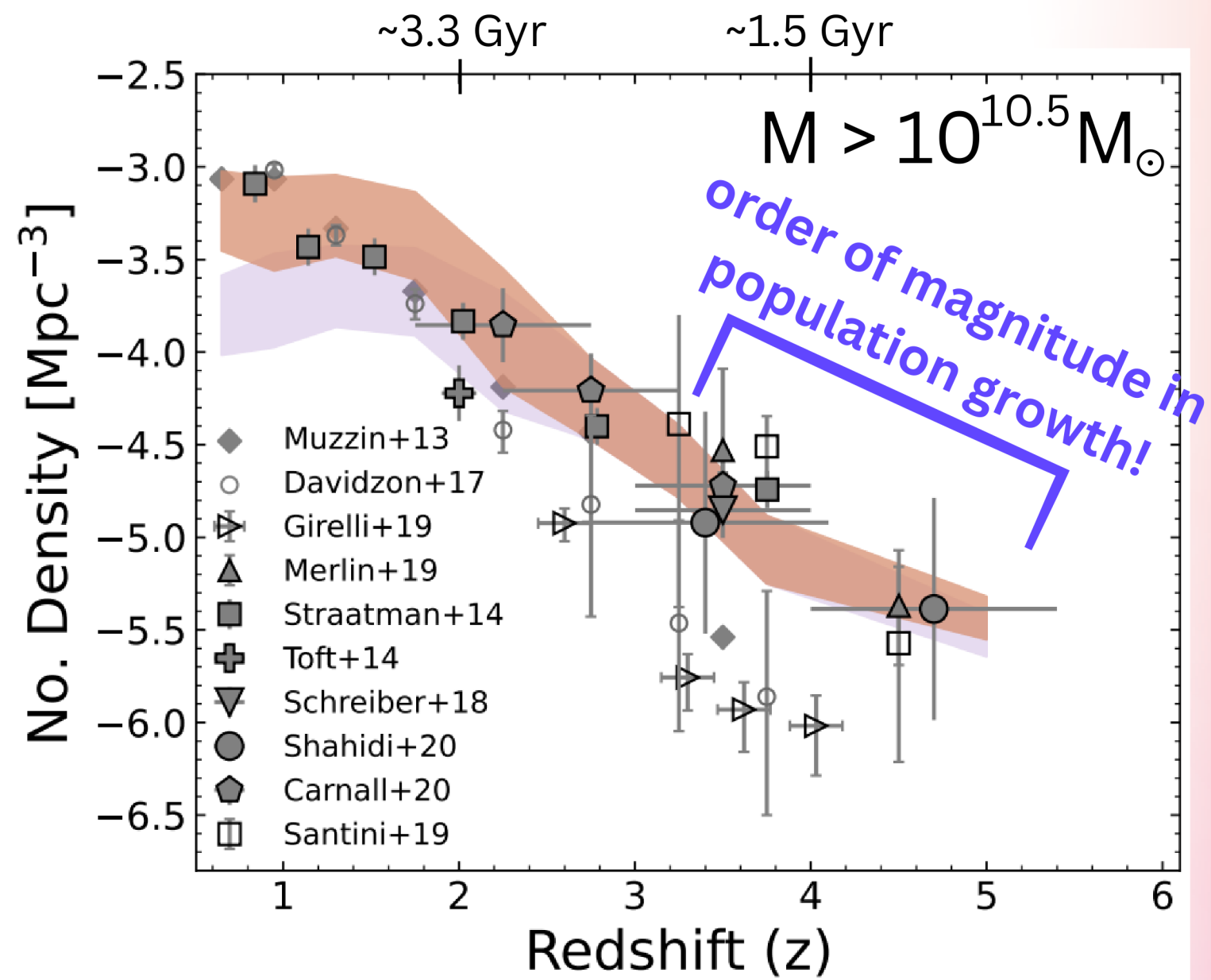


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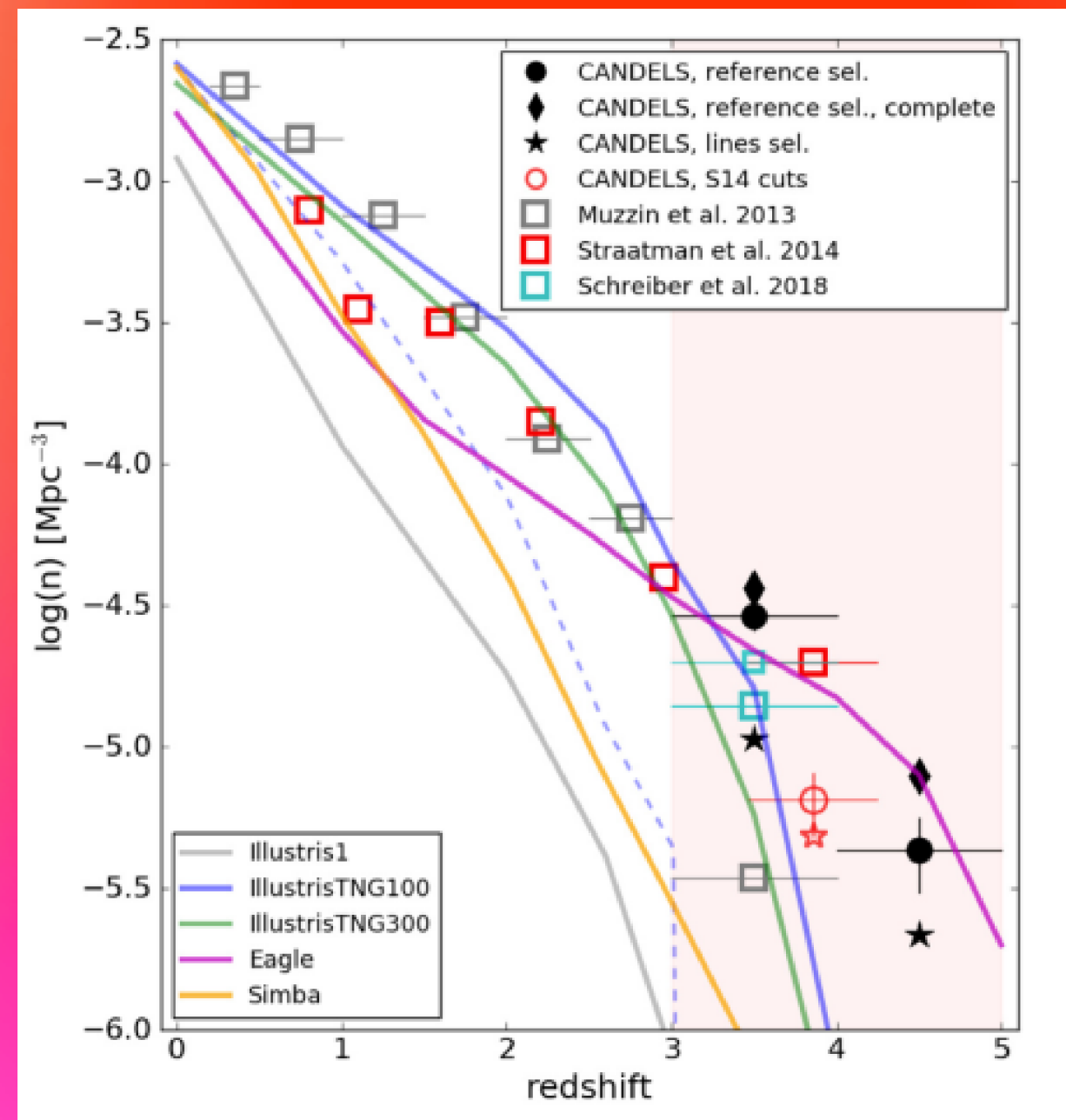


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**Primary hurdles  
to overcome  
include...**

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Exploring and characterizing quenching / feedback mechanisms

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Refining object detection and selection techniques for high- $z$

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- 4** Refining object detection and selection techniques for high- $z$

**Quiescent galaxies at  $z > 3$  are  
difficult to identify and  
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Selection techniques  
built for  $z < 2$   
quiescent galaxies

Rare and  
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to find

High contamination  
from heavily dust  
obscured galaxies

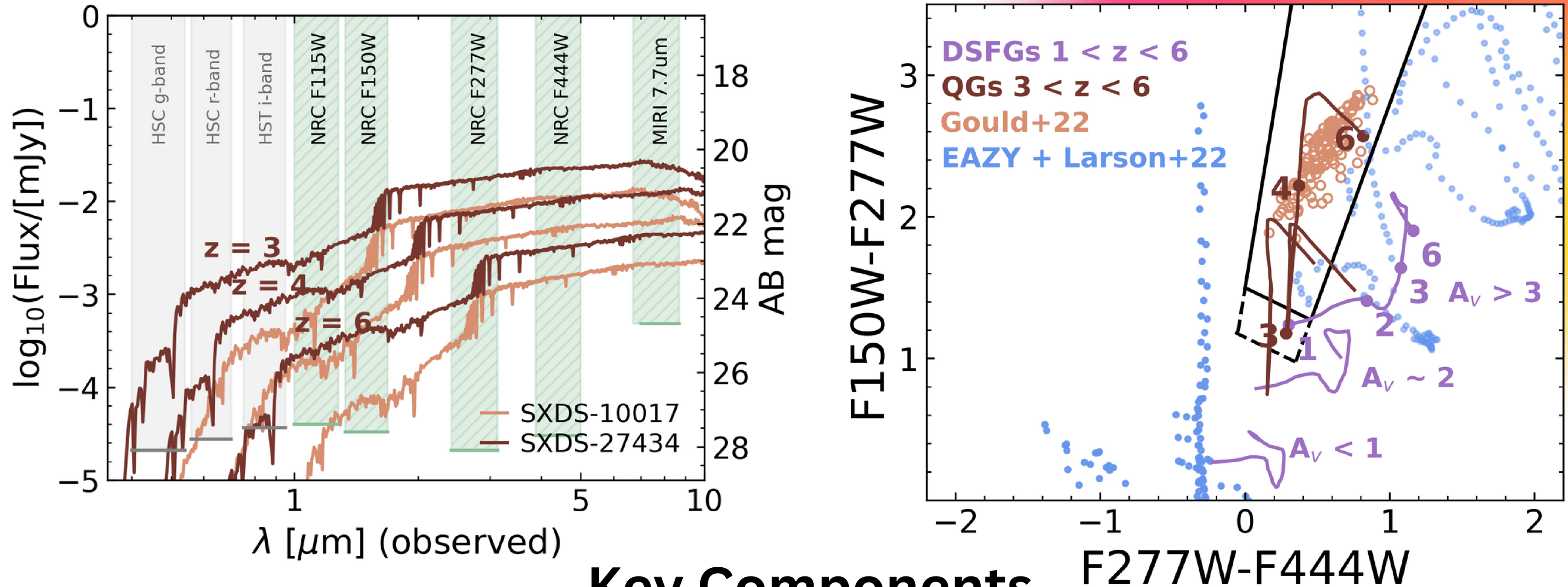
**Quiescent galaxies at  $z > 3$  are  
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Relatively faint  
rest-frame stellar  
emission

Typically bluer  
than  $z < 2$  QGs

See also Antwi-Danso+22,  
Lovell+22, Gould+22,  
Valentino+23

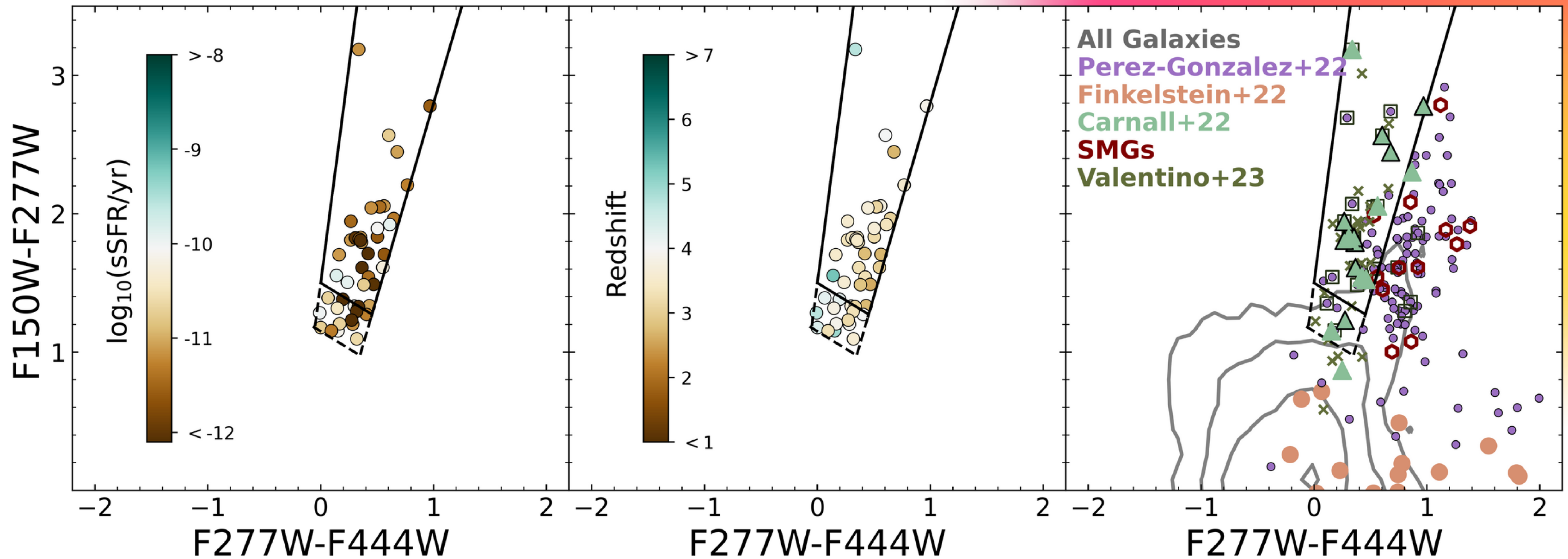
# NIRCam Selection of $3 < z < 6$ Quiescent Galaxies



## Key Components

- Balmer Break between F150W and F277W
- DSFGs redder in F277W-F444W than coeval QGs
- Best for massive QGs ( $\log M > 9.5 M_{\odot}$ )

# NIRCam Selection of $3 < z < 6$ Quiescent Galaxies



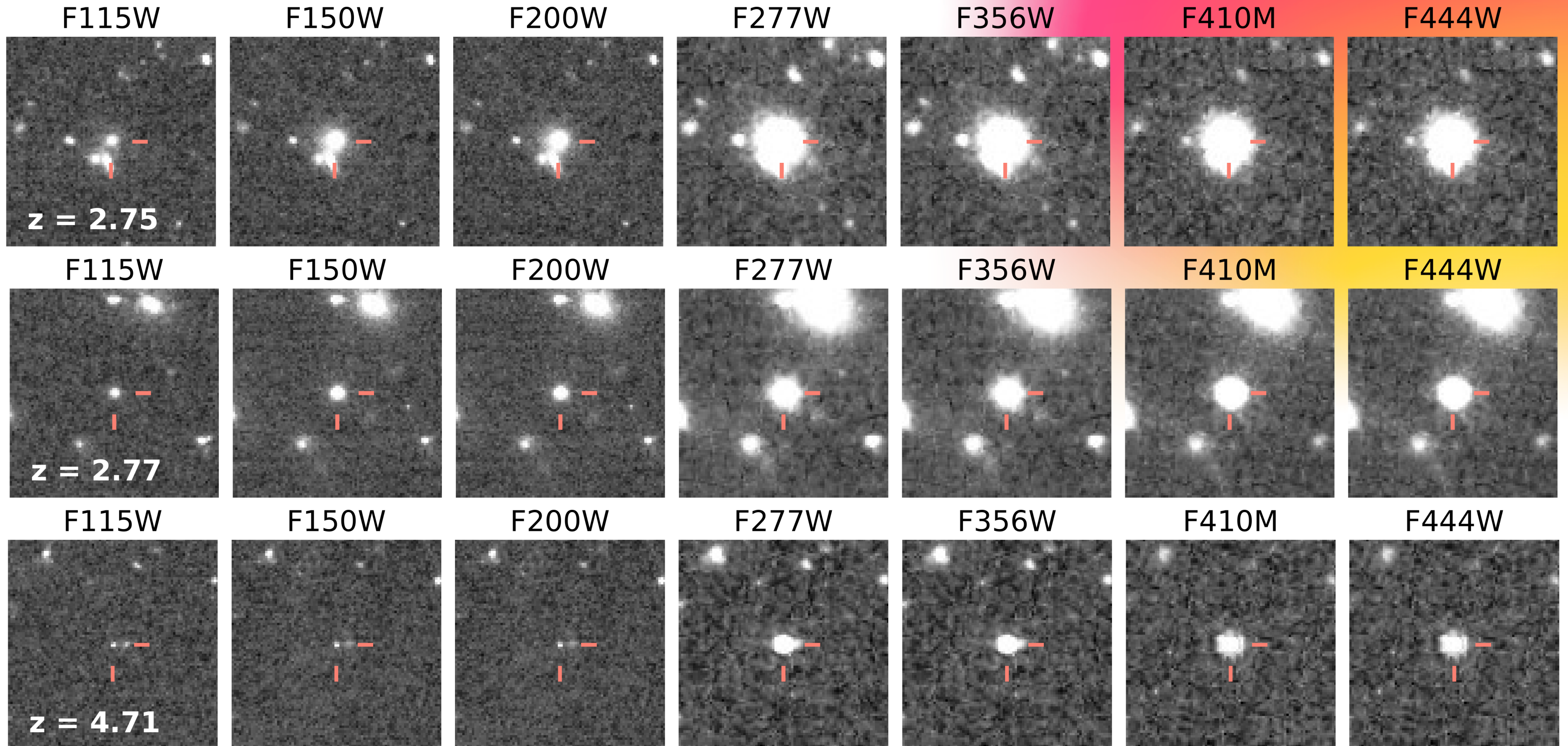
## Results

- Reduces filter catalog by 99.5-99.8% (!!)
- Yield  $\sim 44$  QG candidates at  $2.5 < z < 5.3$  in CEERS
- $\langle \log M \rangle \sim 10.5 M_{\odot}$  and  $\langle \log \text{sSFR} / \text{yr} \rangle \sim -11.2$

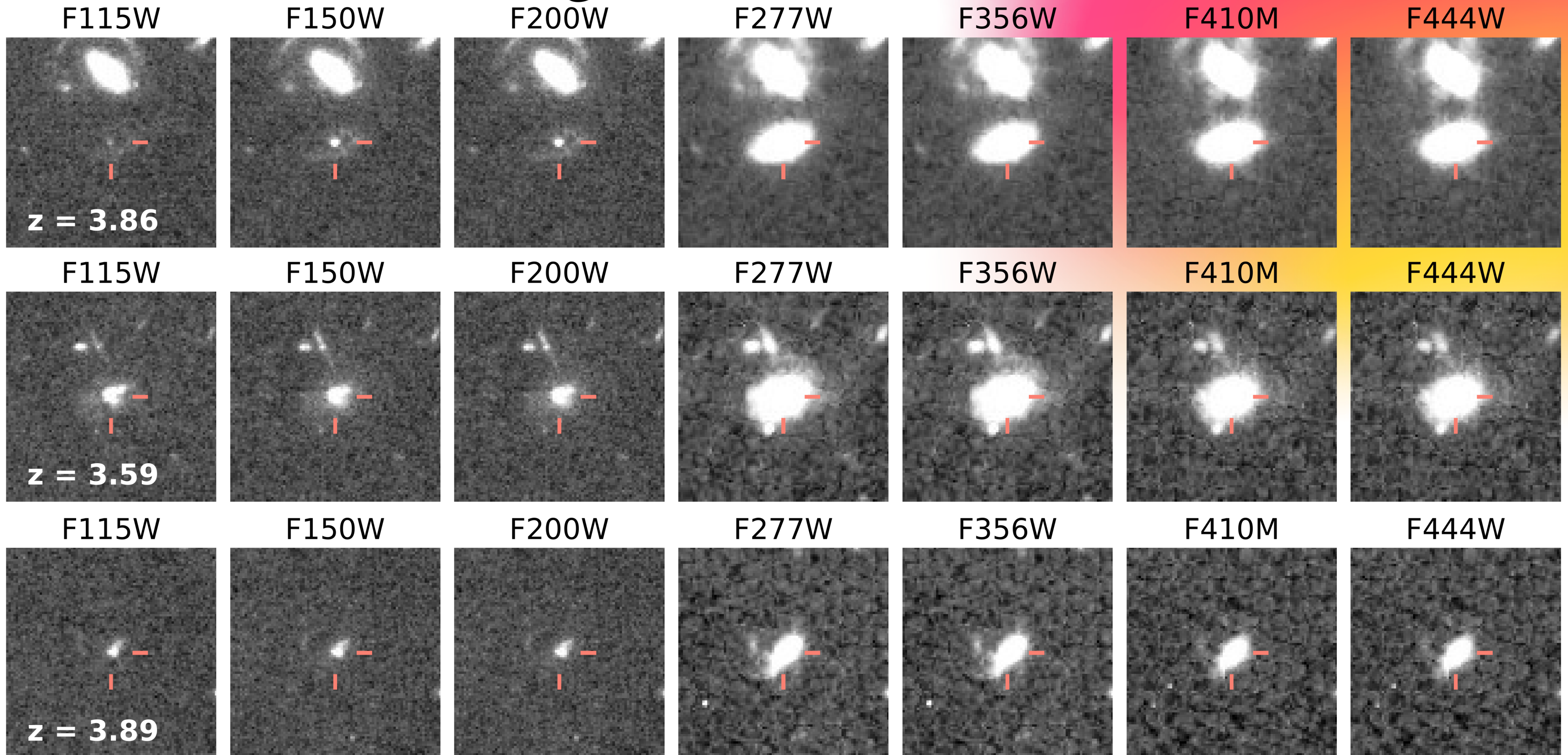
13-14 new objects w/  $\langle \log \text{sSFR} / \text{yr} \rangle \sim -10$  !!! I.e. young, post-starbursts in the midst of shutting down star formation.



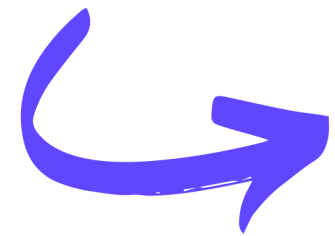
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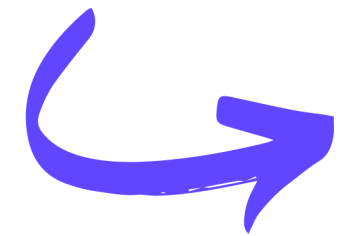
# Looking Forward



## Search for dusty contaminants

PI of Cycle 10 ALMA program to follow up on > 600 sources in COSMOS-Web to characterize contamination properties

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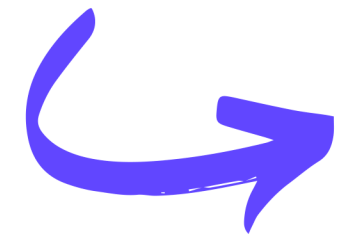
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## Search for dusty ancestors

Lead of Ex-MORA ALMA 2mm program to discover and characterize candidate  $z > 3$  DSFGs in COSMOS-Web

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## Search for dusty ancestors

Lead of Ex-MORA ALMA 2mm program to discover and characterize candidate  $z > 3$  DSFGs in COSMOS-Web



## Search for (obscured) AGN

In collaboration with high- $z$  AGN experts to design JWST-based methods to identify obscured AGN at  $z > 3$  and study their host galaxy properties w.r.t. quenching and outflows

# Summary

- 1** The existence of substantial populations of massive quiescent galaxies at  $z > 3$  is surprising and challenging.
- 2** Discovering the mechanisms that build and kill massive quiescent galaxies at high- $z$  requires large samples of this elusive population.
- 3** JWST NIRCам has the sensitivity and wavelength coverage to efficiently and directly select massive quiescent galaxies at  $3 < z < 6$ .
- 4** Future investigations will focus on COSMOS-Web: resolved studies (stellar gradients, morphologies, etc., Long, Cooper, et al. 2024+), searches for nearby overdensities, and testing a variety of quenching mechanisms (AGN, SNe, etc).

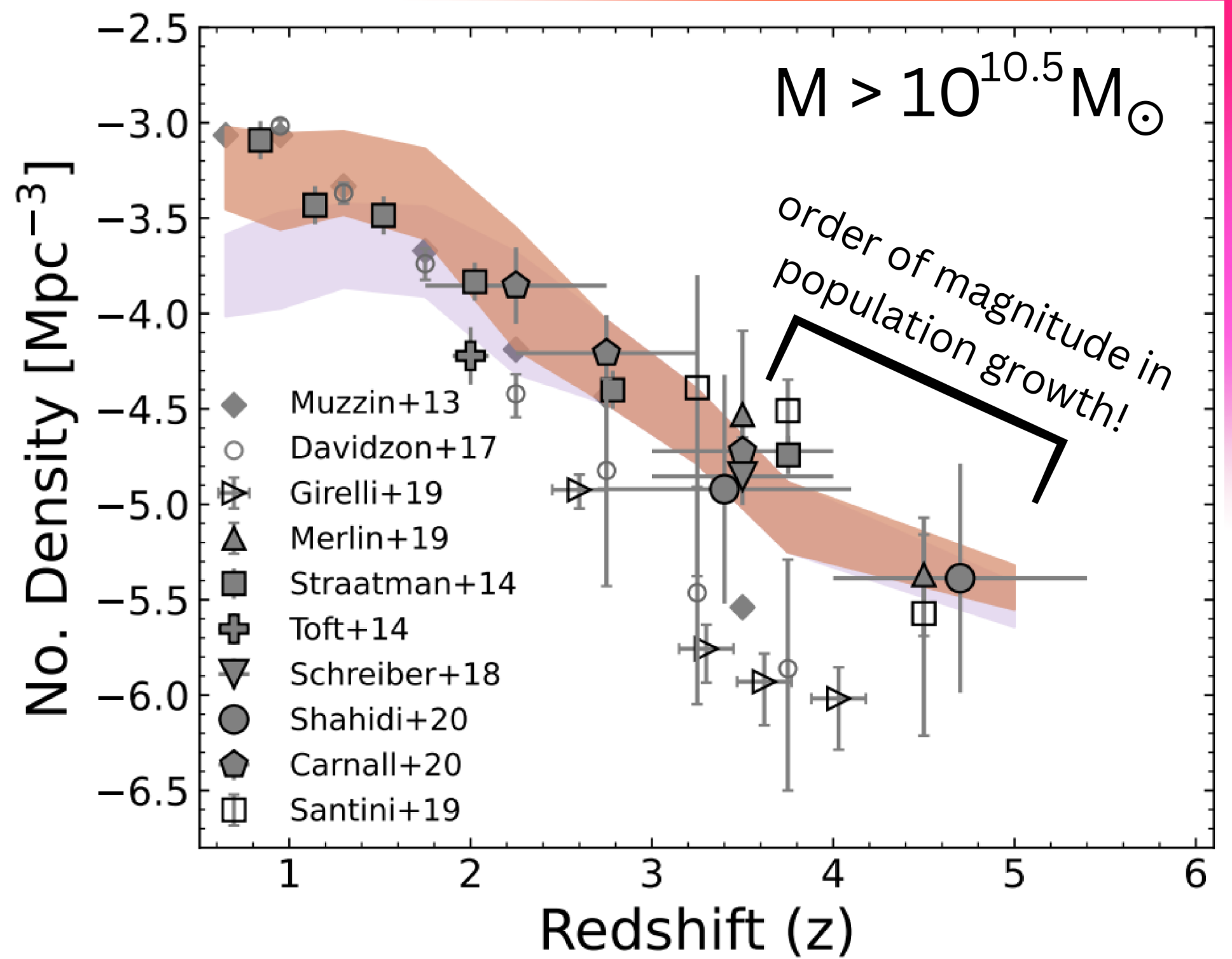
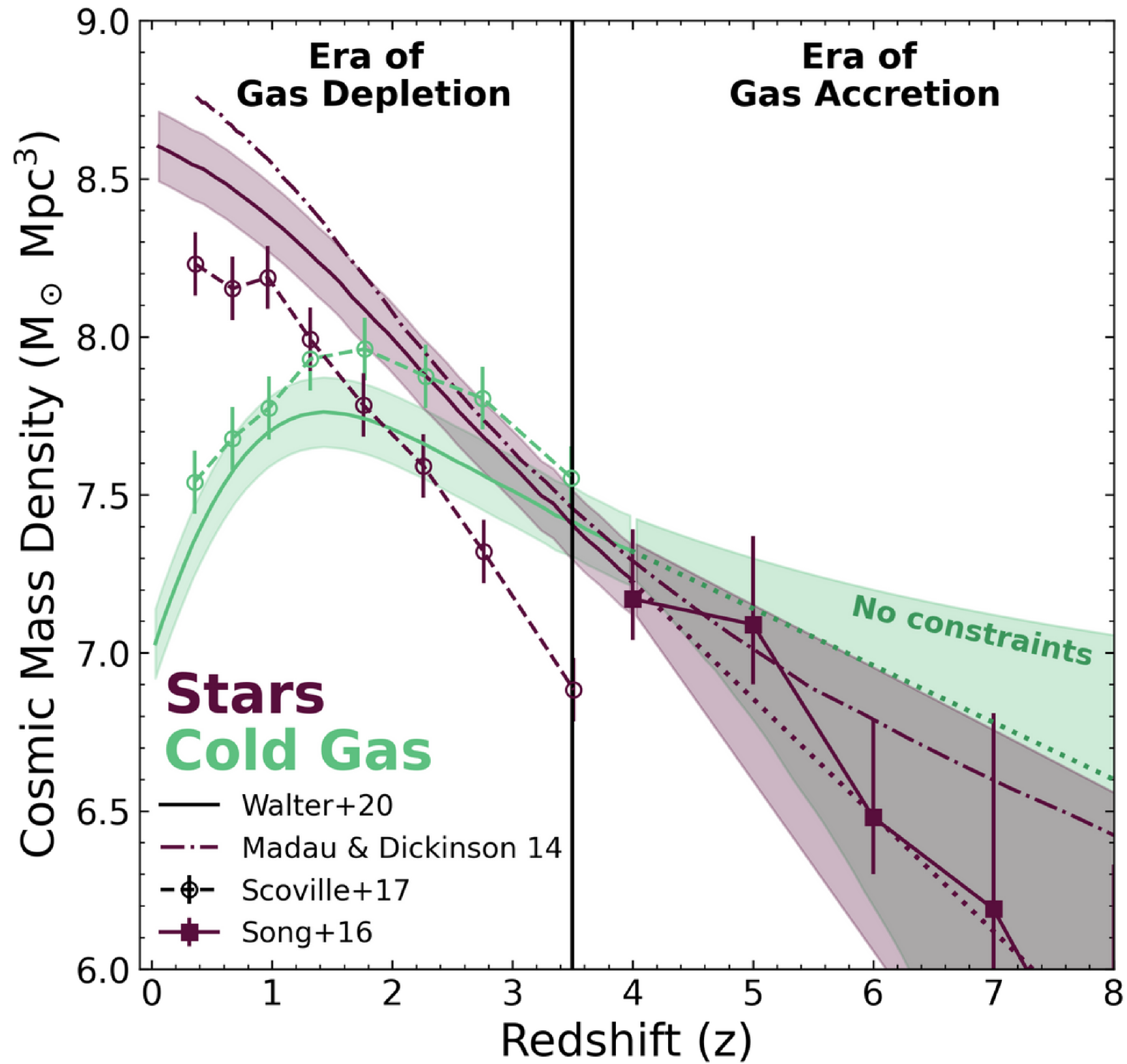


**THANK YOU**

# APPENDIX



# What's going on at $z = 3-6$ ?



Long et al. 2022

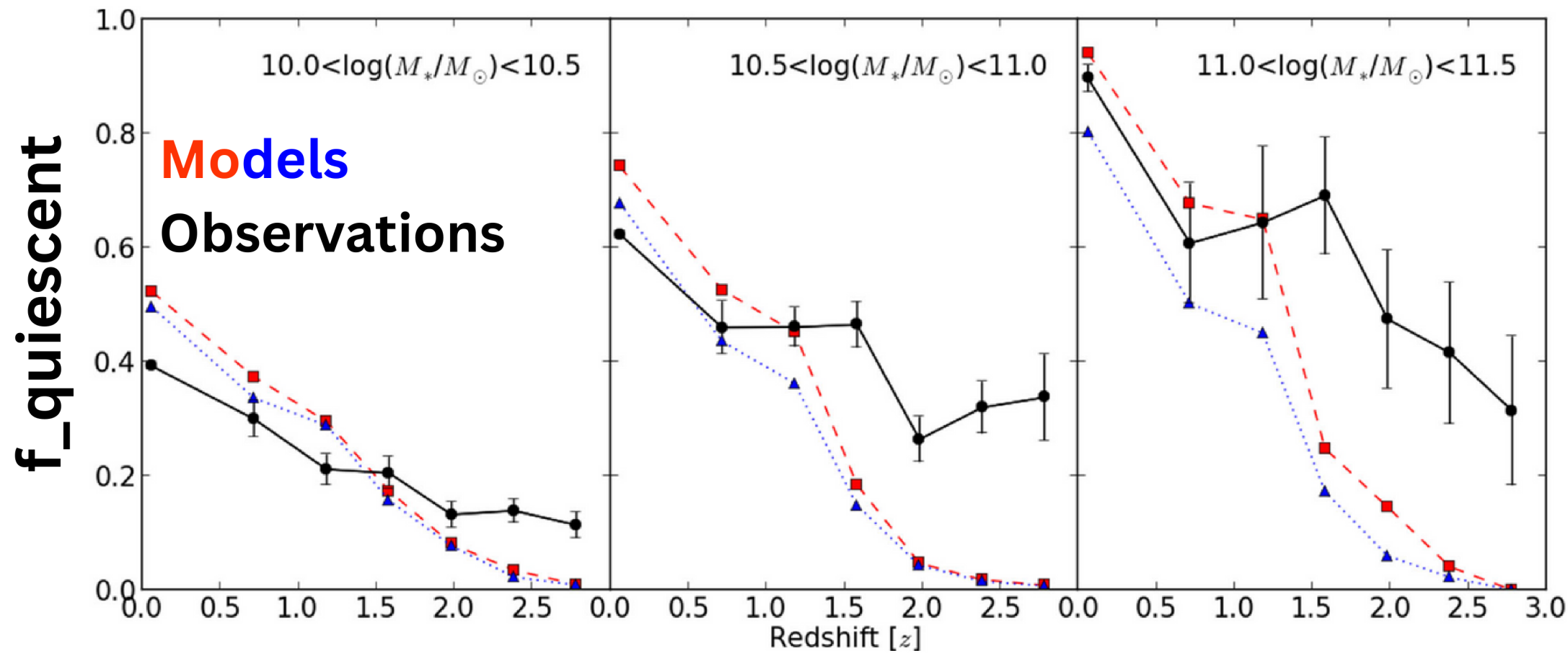
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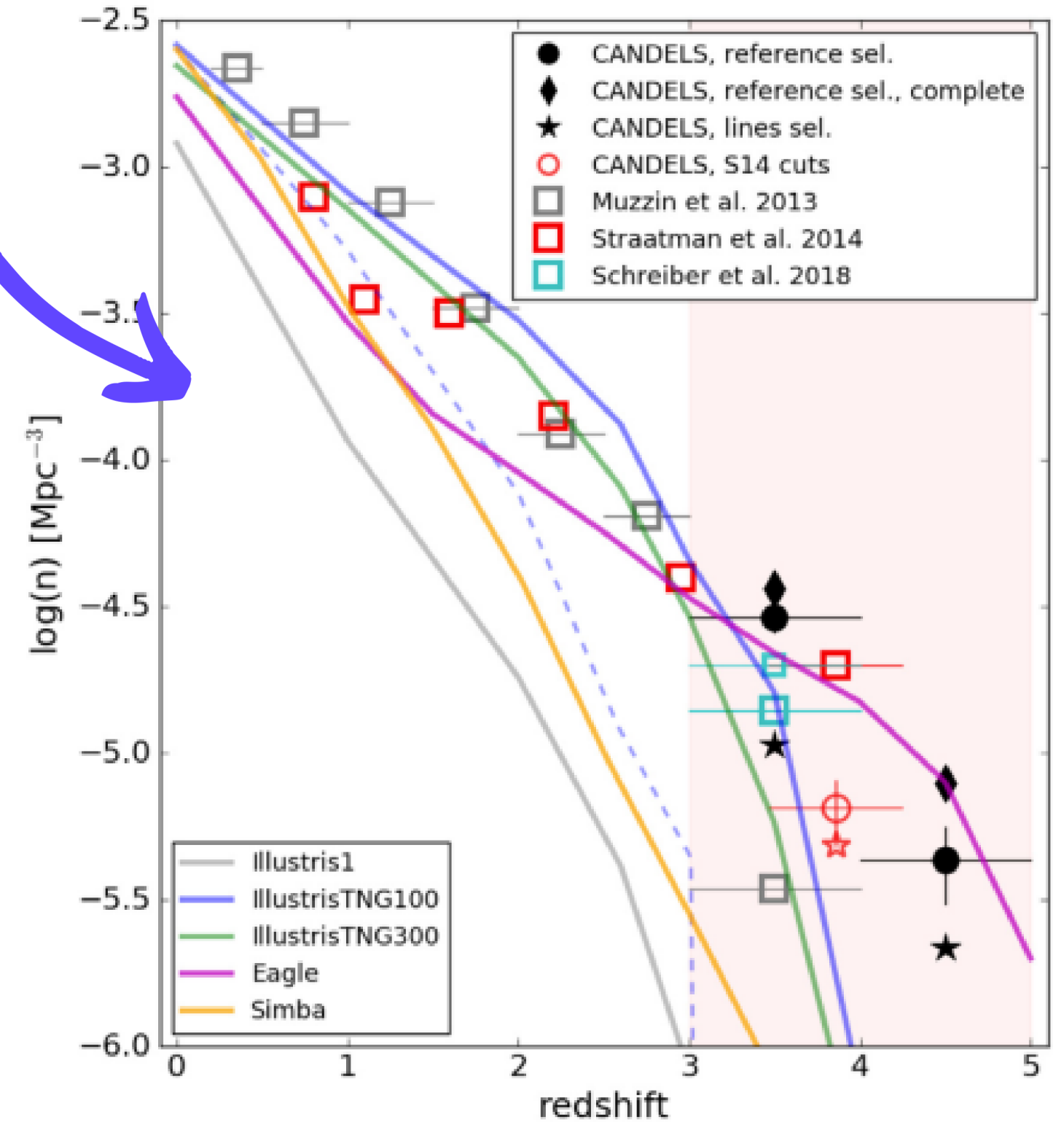
Almost no massive  
quiescent galaxies at  
 $z > 2$

Simulations do not  
produce enough massive  
quiescent galaxies.

Discrepancies for all  
models: either at  $z < 2$ ,  
 $z > 2$ , or across all  $z$ .

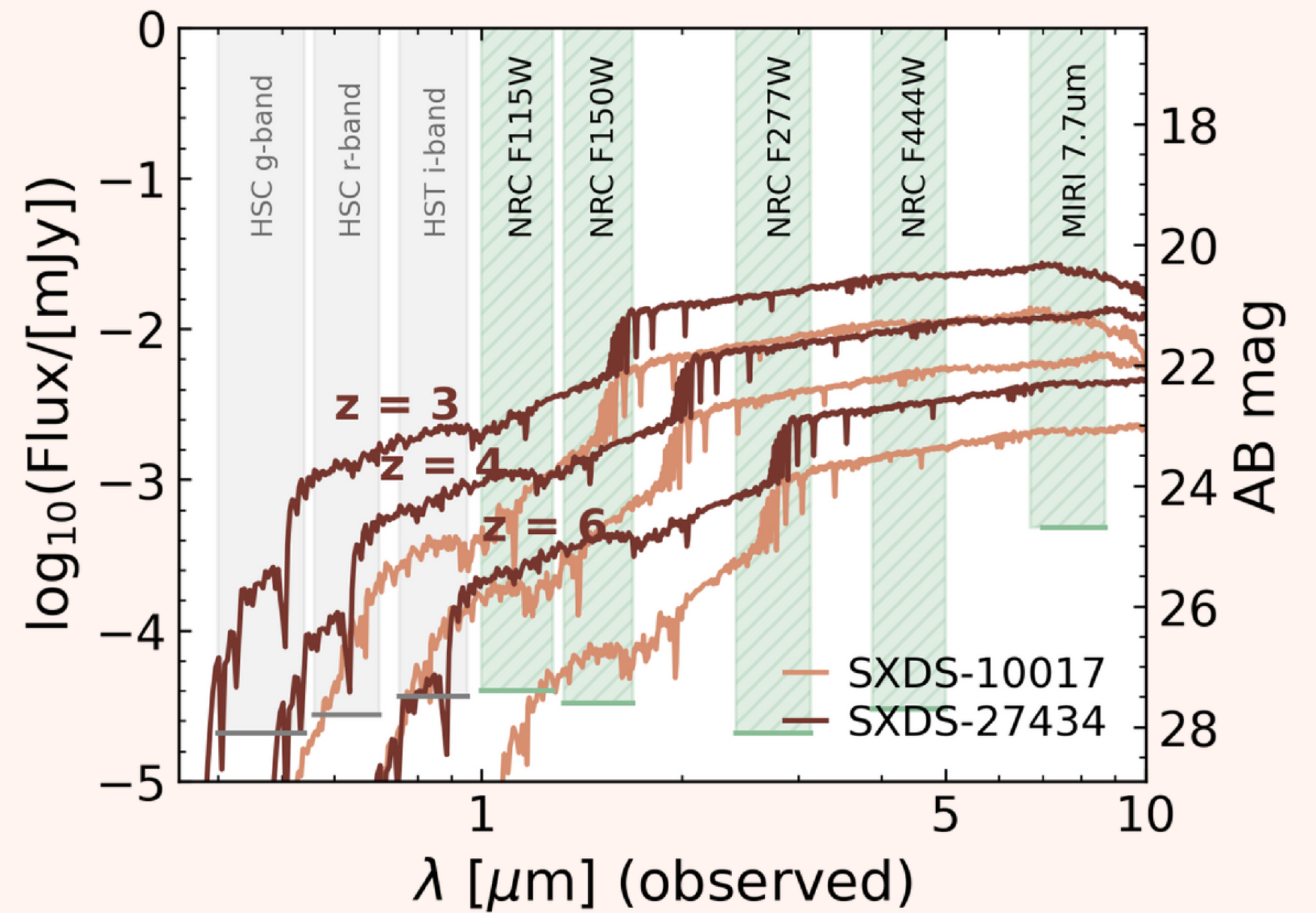
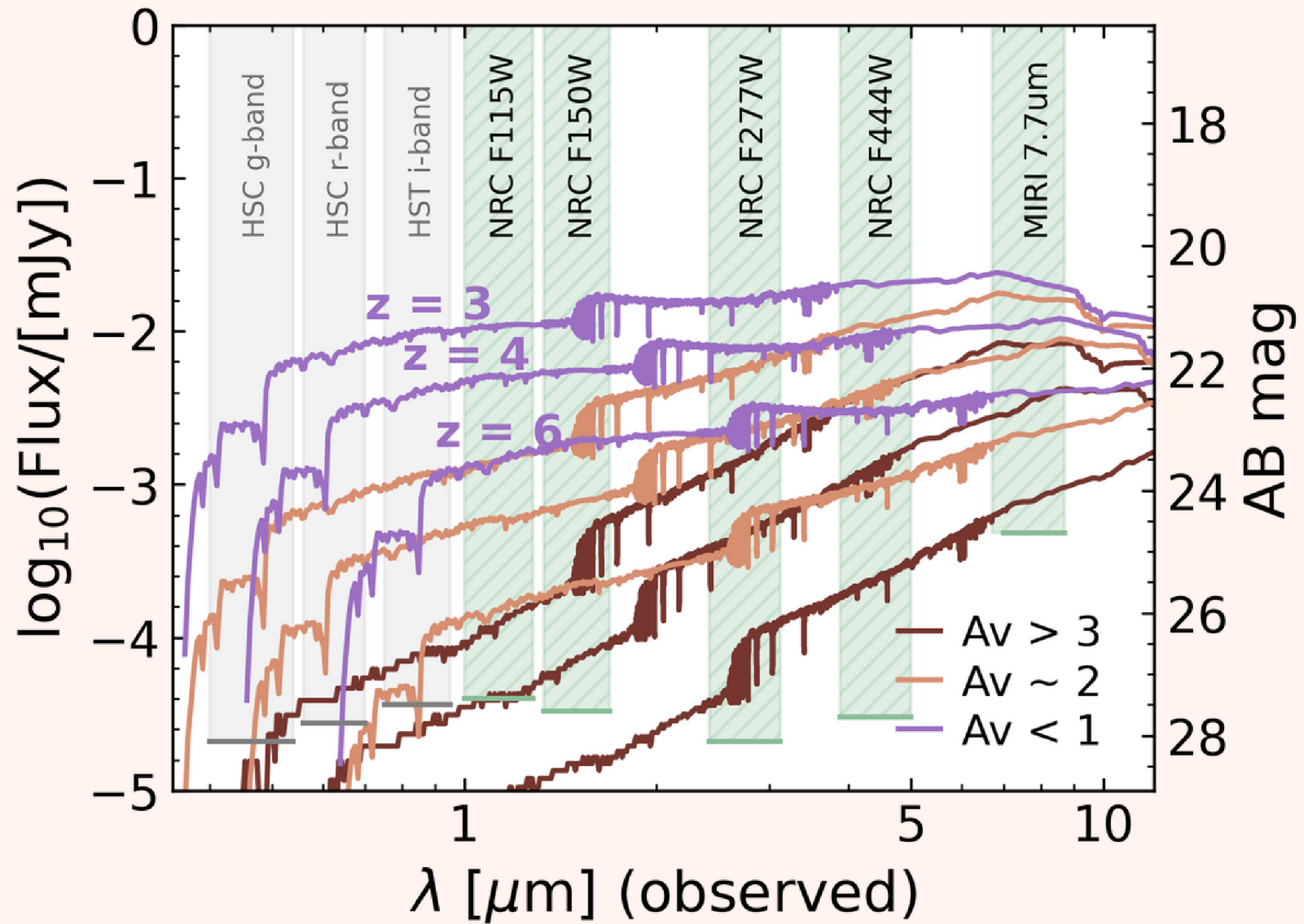


Brennan+15

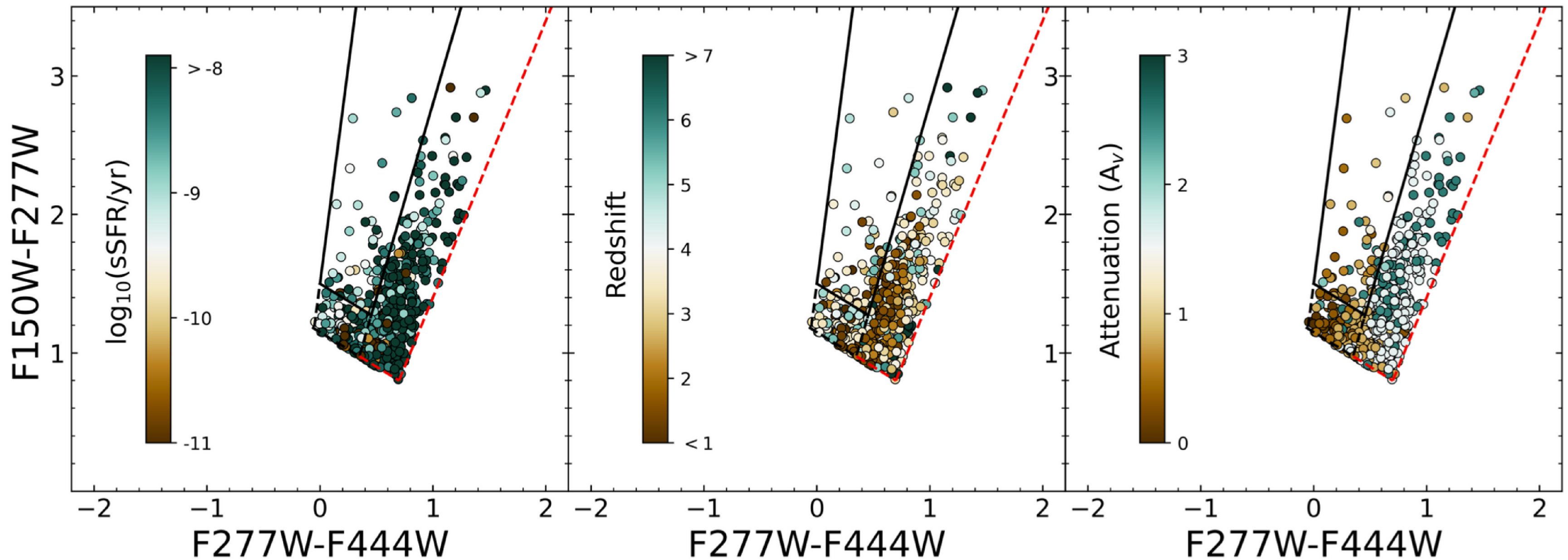


Merlin+19

# Dust Obscured vs. Quiescent



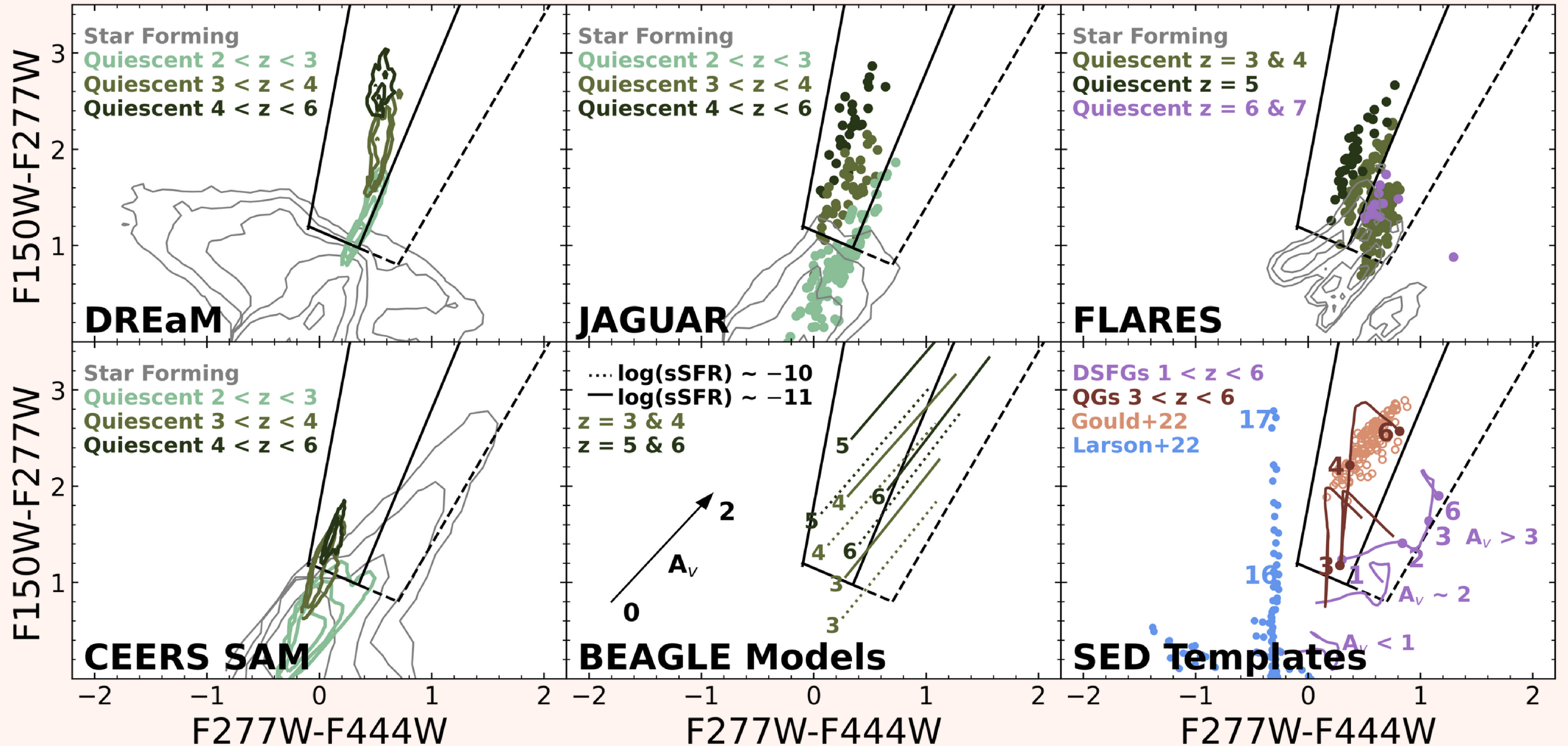
# Contaminants



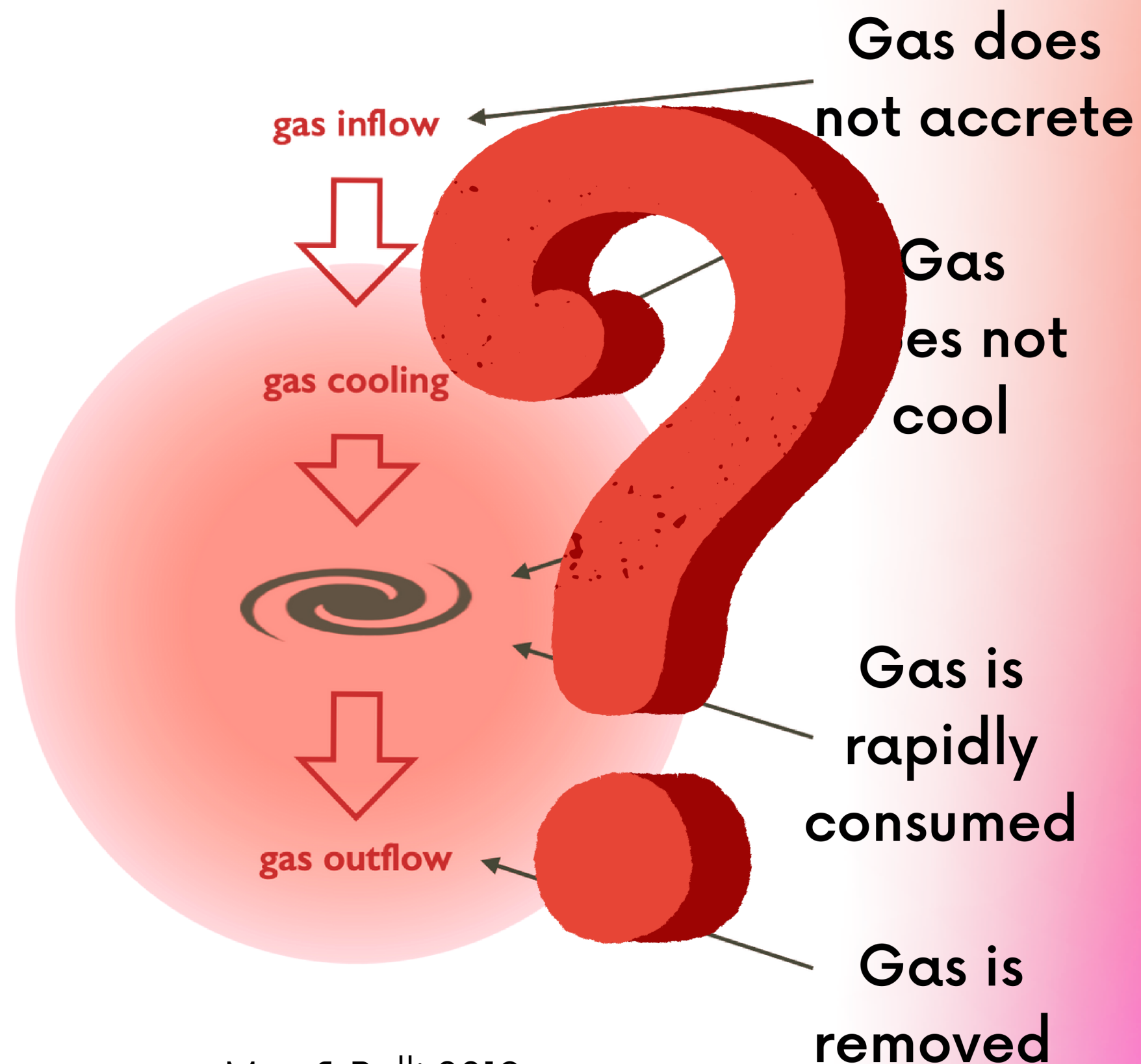
## Results

- 191 (52) "contaminants" in the long (short) wedge
- Most are emission line / starburst-like galaxies at  $z < 6$
- $\langle M_{\text{star}} \rangle \sim 9.8 M_{\text{sun}} \mid \langle A_V \rangle \sim 1-2 \mid \langle z \rangle \sim 2$

# Wedge on Simulations



# Potential Quenching Pathways



Man & Belli 2019

The dominant quenching mechanism is mass related and established at  $z > 3$ .