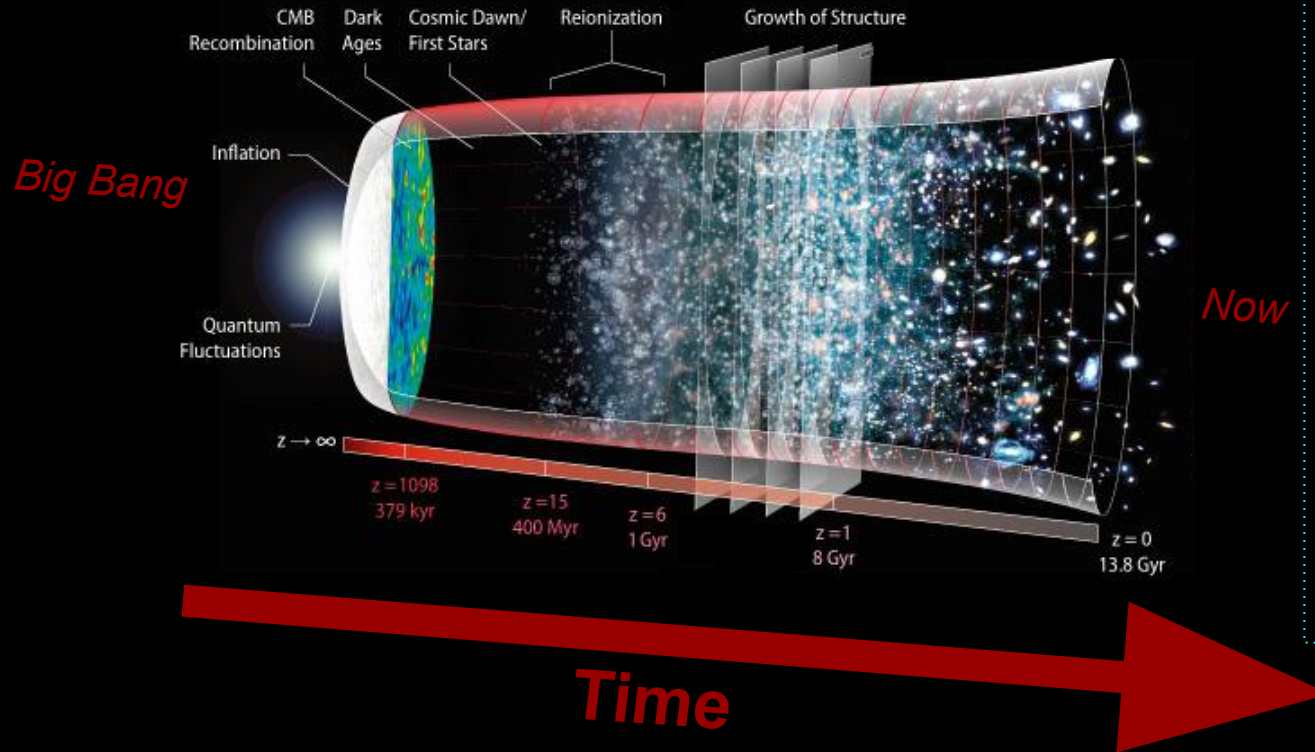


Line Intensity Mapping with mm-wave Spectrometers: Probing the Middle Ages of Cosmic History

Jessica Avva Zebrowski
Einstein Fellow at UChicago
NHFP Symposium
9-18-23



The Observable Universe



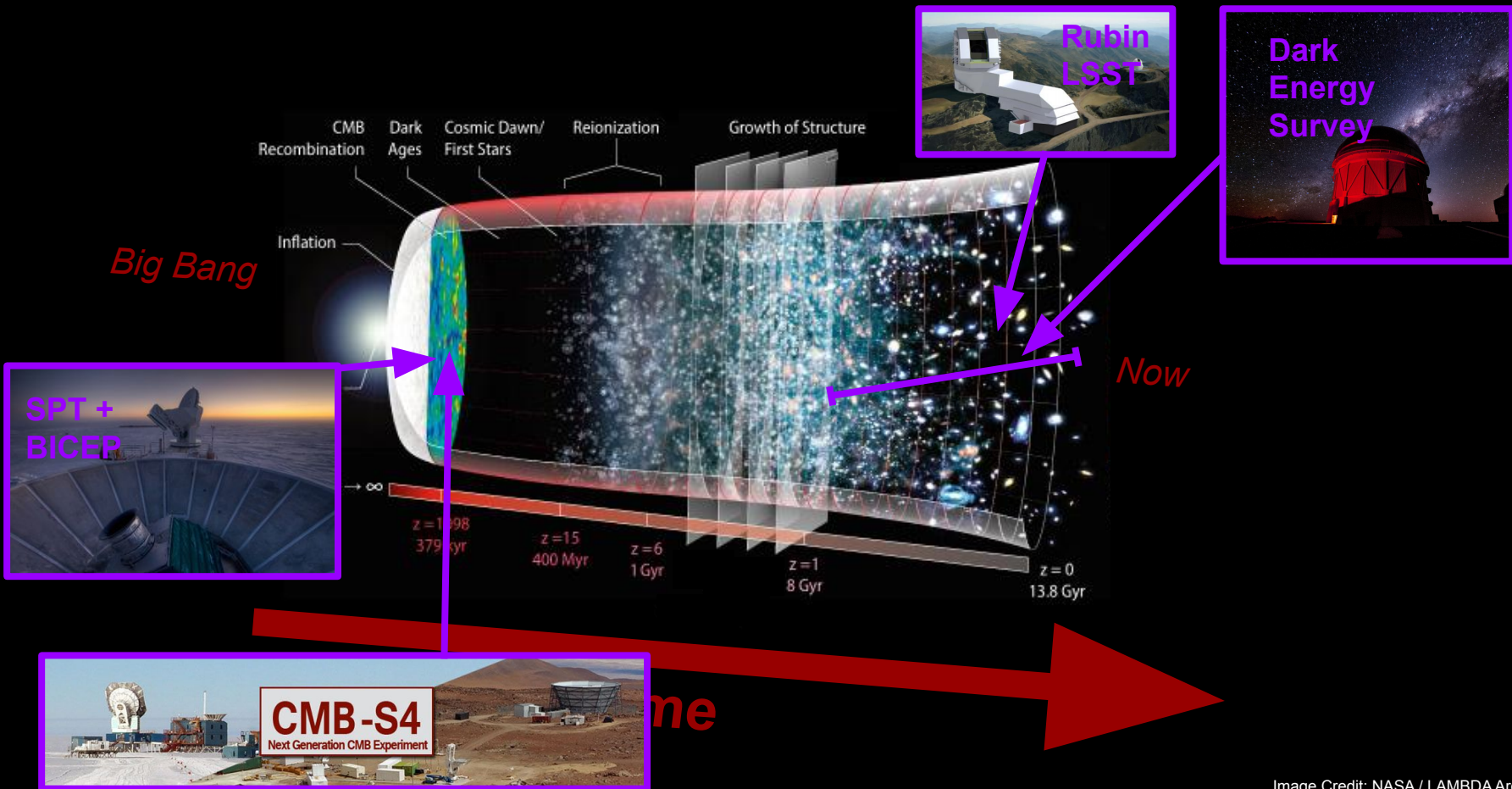
Unsolved Mysteries

What is dark energy?

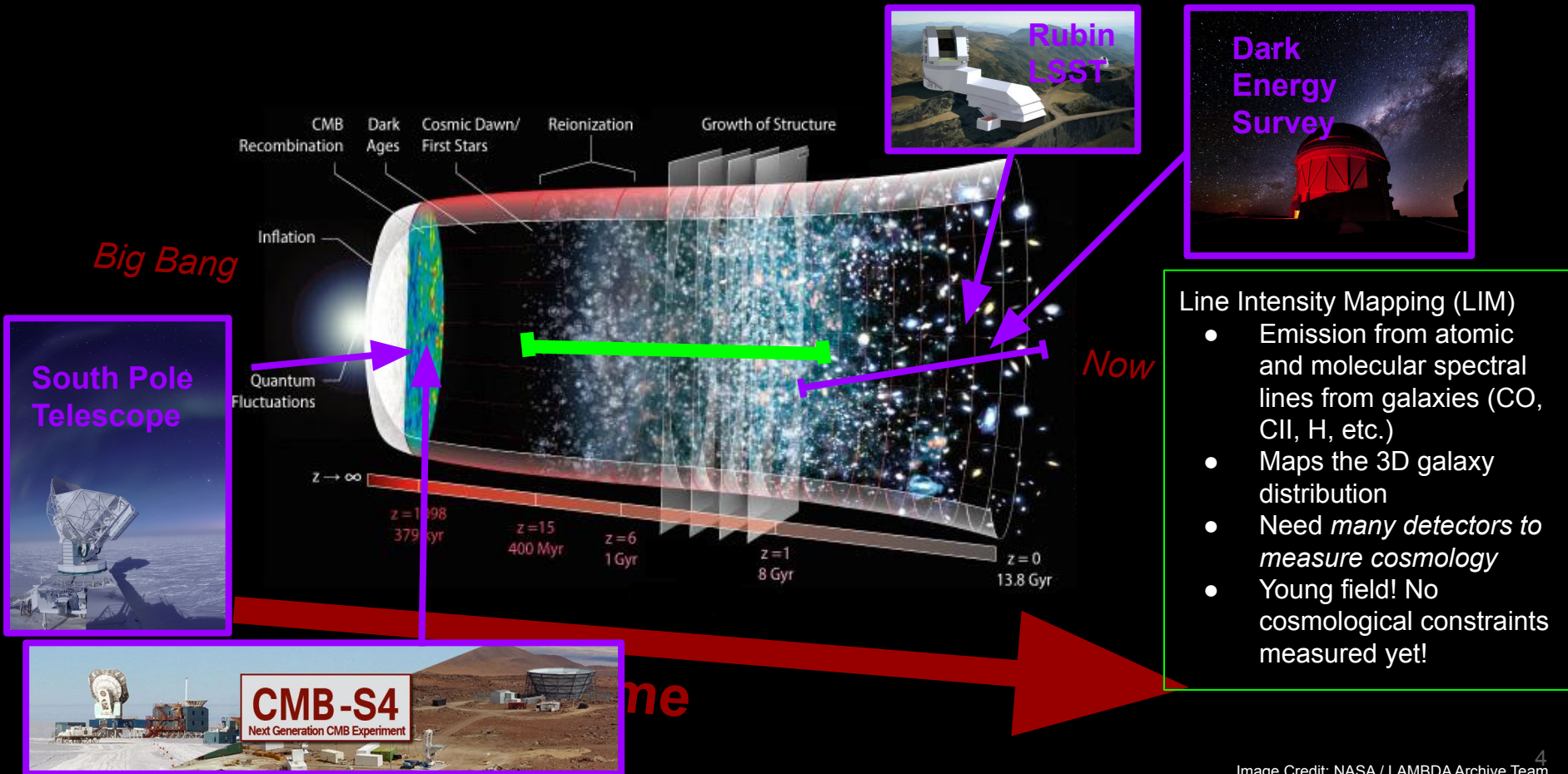
What mechanism drove inflation?

How did the first galaxies and stars form?

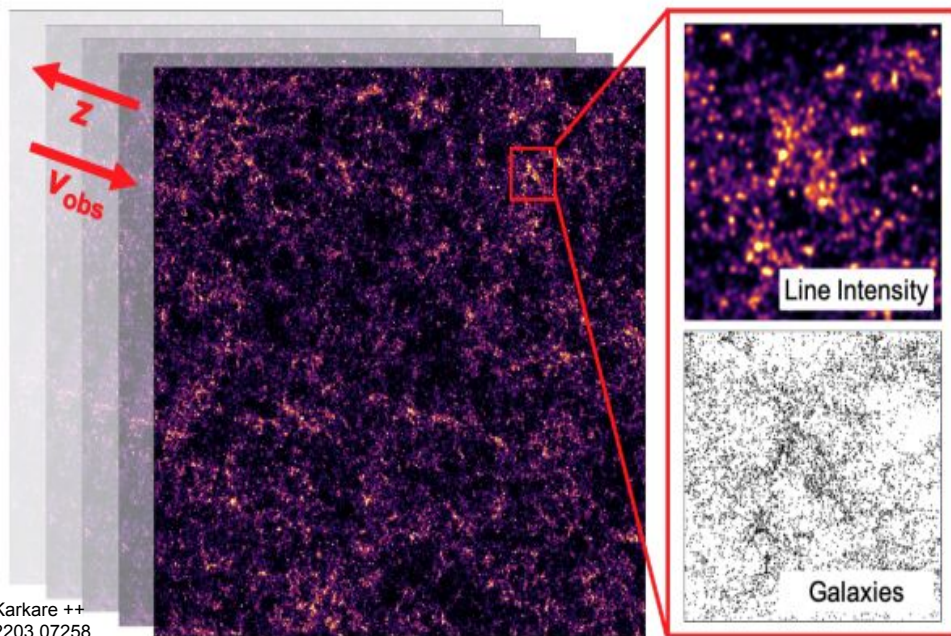
The Observable Universe



The Observable Universe



Line Intensity Mapping - The Measurement



What you measure

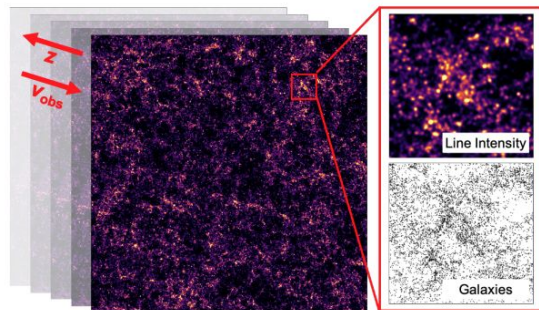
(*low-resolution intensity map of atomic or molecular spectral line emission x multiple frequencies*)

What this traces

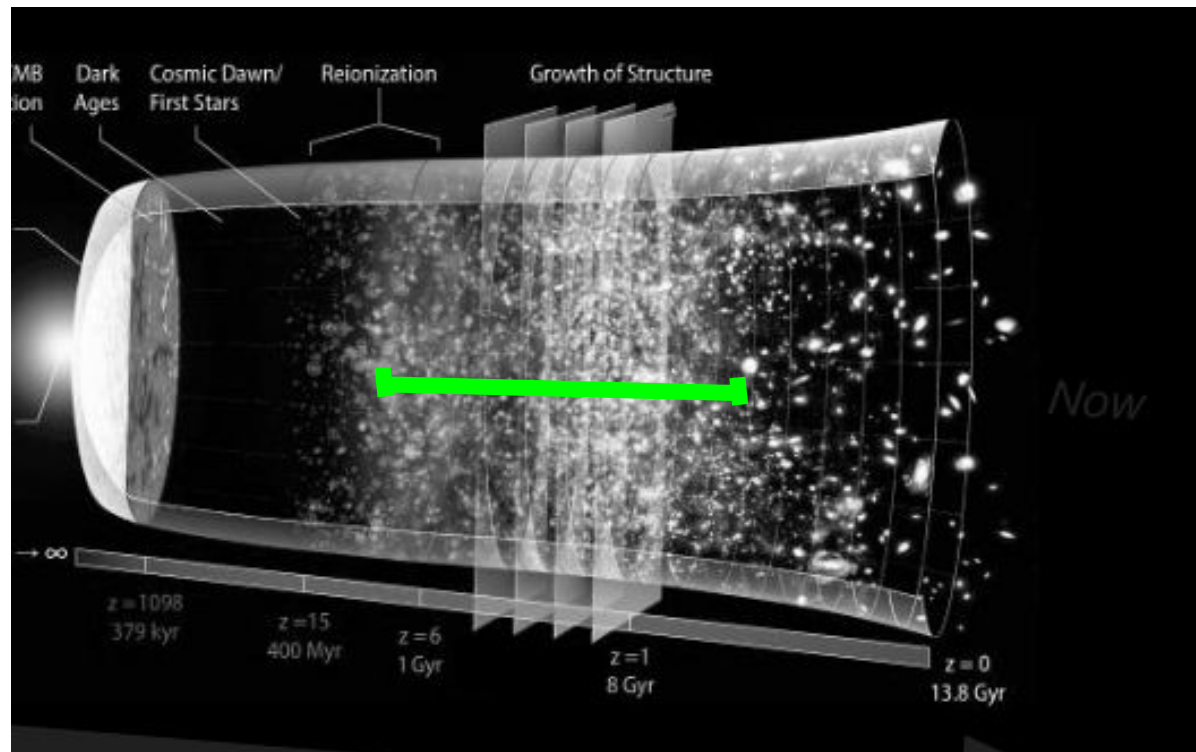
(*large-scale structure in the underlying galaxy population/dark matter distribution as it evolves over time as the spectral line redshifts*)

Line Intensity Mapping - The Motivation

From this....

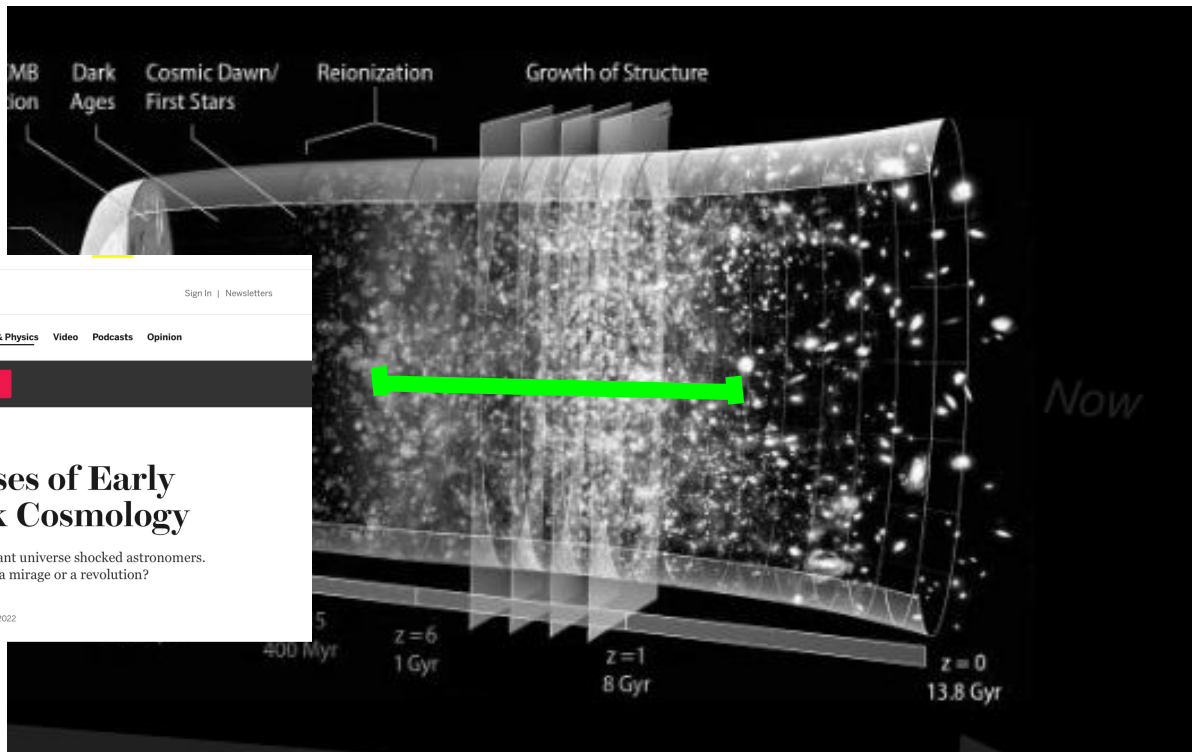
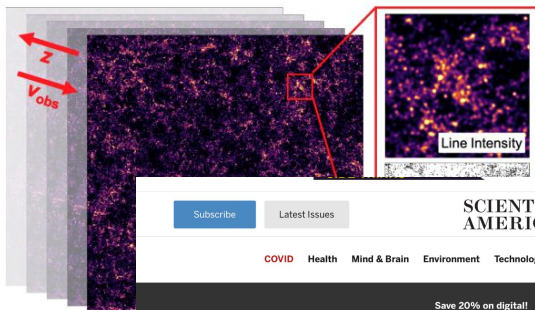


You can constrain...
astrophysics of the high redshift universe



Line Intensity Mapping - The Motivation

From this....



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JWST's First Glimpses of Early Galaxies Could Break Cosmology

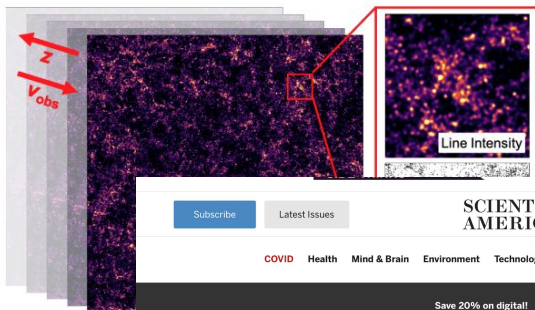
The James Webb Space Telescope's first images of the distant universe shocked astronomers. Is the discovery of unimaginably distant galaxies a mirage or a revolution?

By Jonathan O'Callaghan on September 14, 2022

You can consider
astrophysics
redshift uni

Line Intensity Mapping - The Motivation


From this....



SMART NEWS

Webb Telescope Finds Evidence of Massive Galaxies That Defy Theories of the Early Universe

The six "universe breakers" appear much larger than what scientists thought was possible at that time

 **Teresa Nowakowski**
Daily Correspondent
February 24, 2023

Background text: MB ion, Dark Ages, Cosmic Dawn/ First Stars, Reionization

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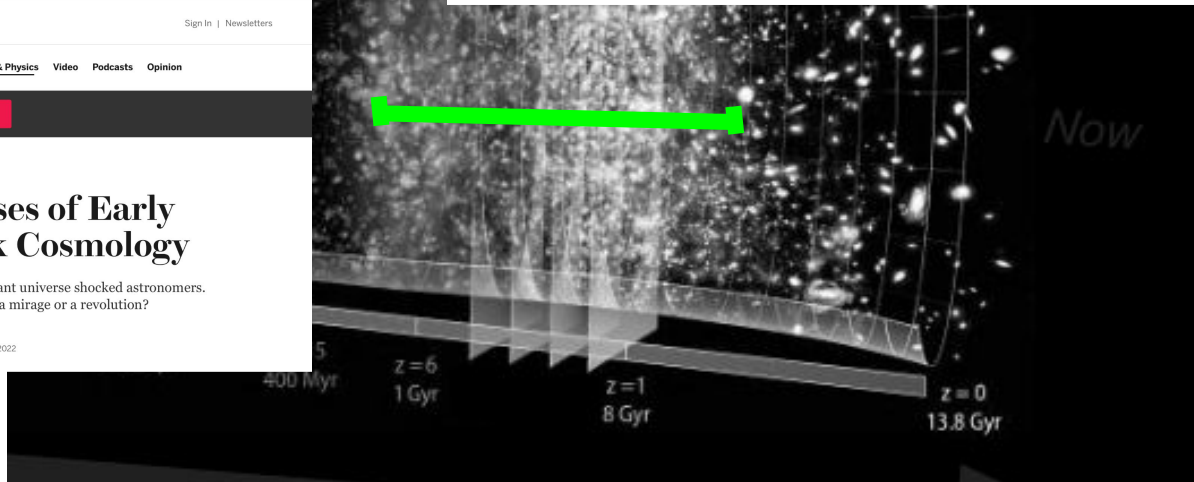
You can consider astrophysical redshift universe

COSMOLOGY

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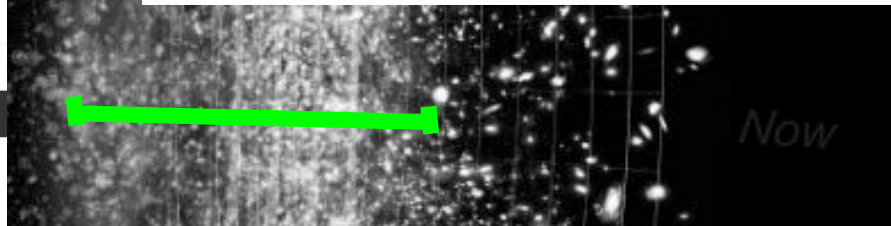
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News > Science & Astronomy

The James Webb Space Telescope discovers enormous distant galaxies that should not exist

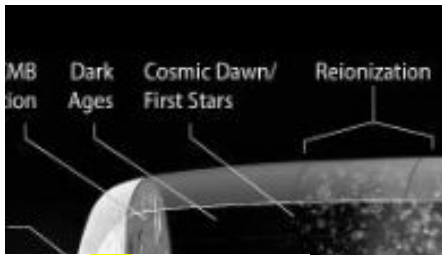
By [Tereza Pultarova](#) published February 22, 2023

Giant, mature galaxies seem to have filled the universe shortly after the Big Bang, and astronomers are puzzled.

      [Comments \(45\)](#)

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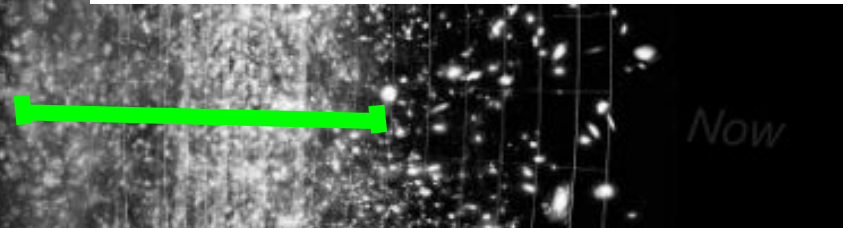
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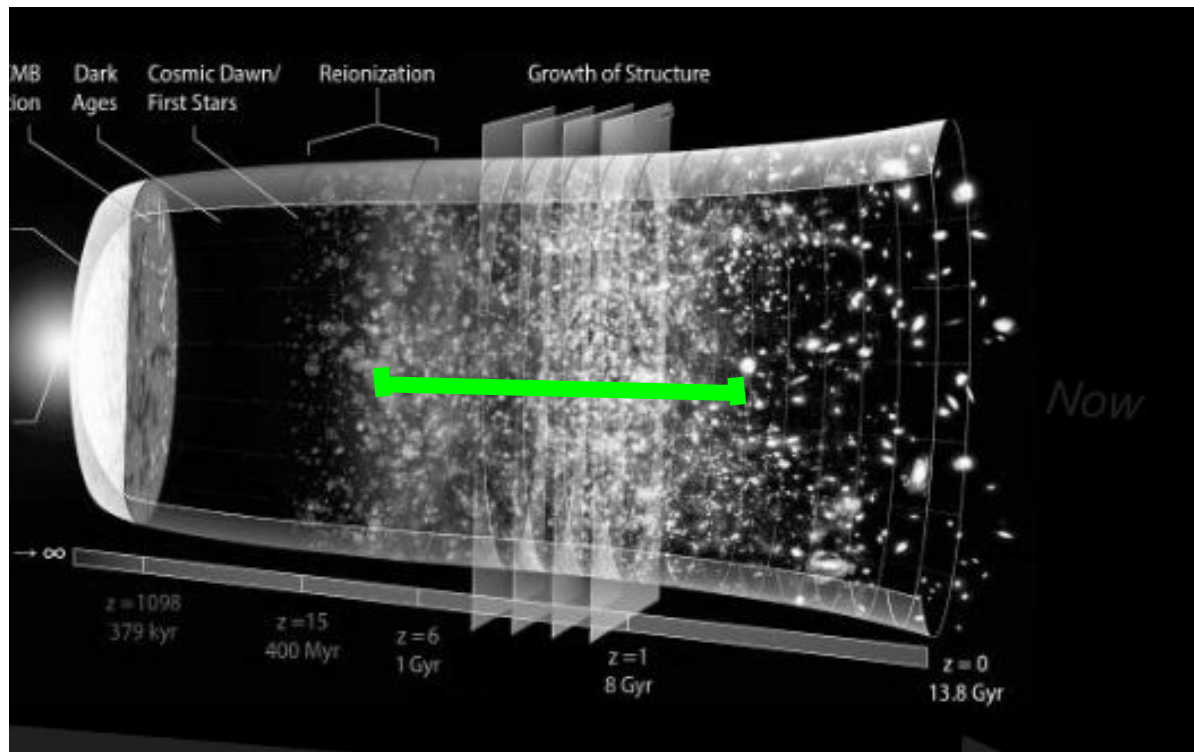
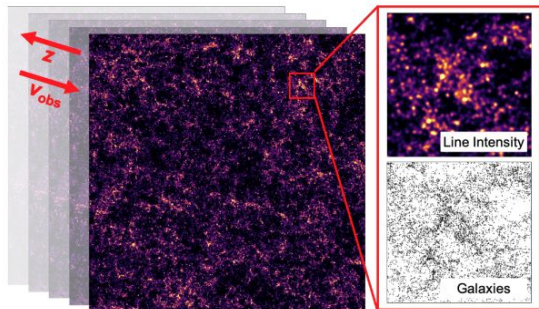
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Comments (45)

Line Intensity Mapping - The Motivation

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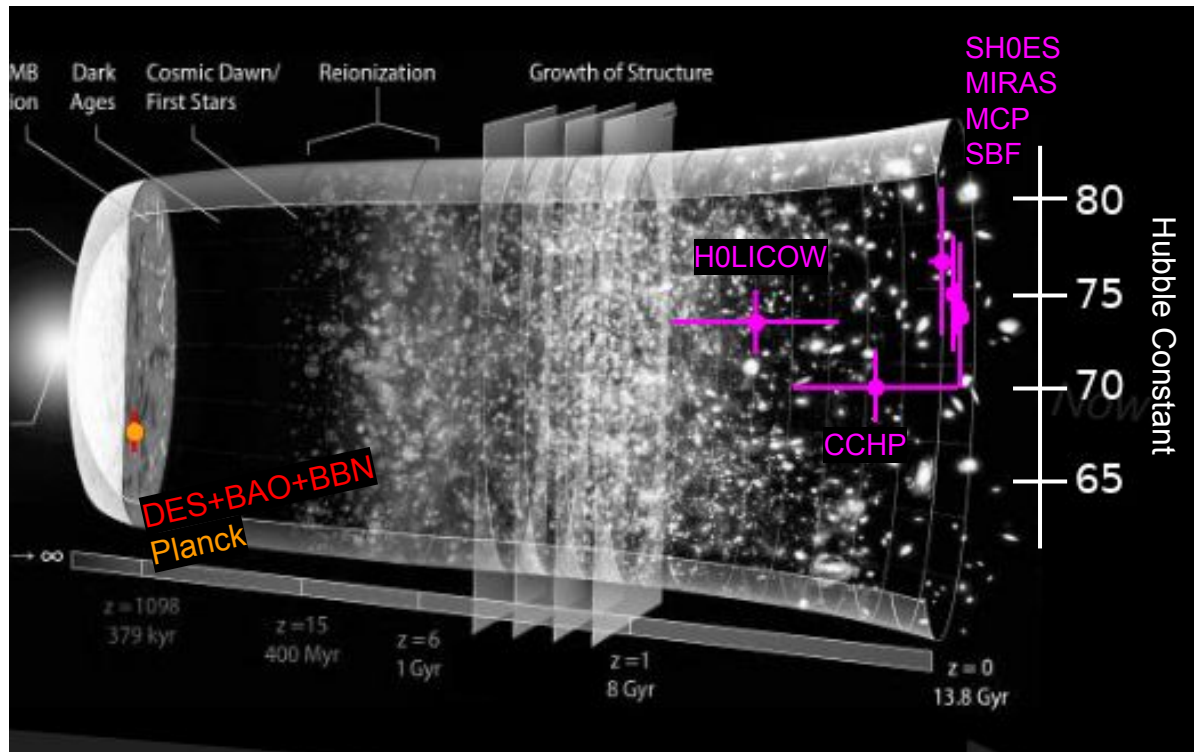
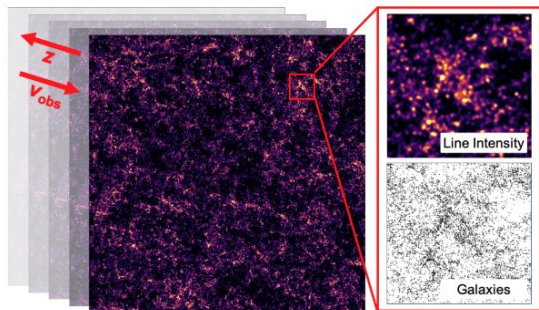
You can constrain...

astrophysics of the high redshift universe

- Integrated map of CO (fuel for star formation), CII (proxy for galaxy luminosity) as a function of redshift
 - Galaxy formation and evolution
 - Star formation history
- Blind search for galaxies

Line Intensity Mapping - The Motivation

From this....

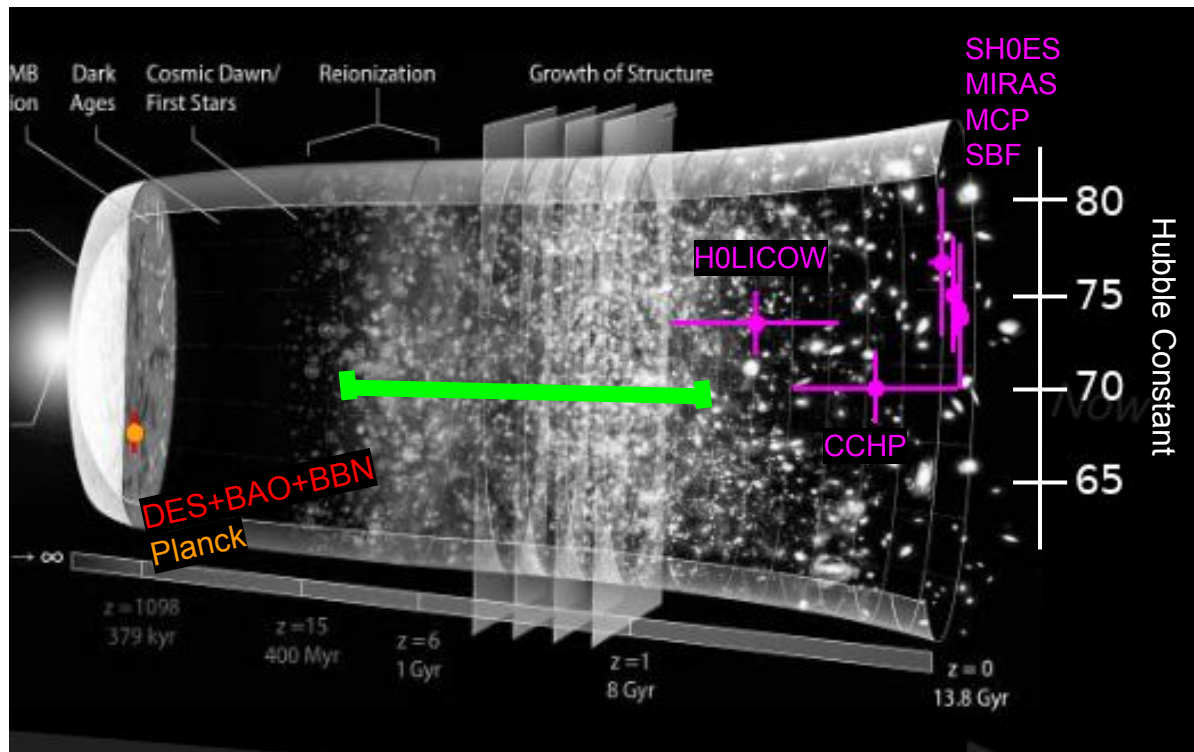
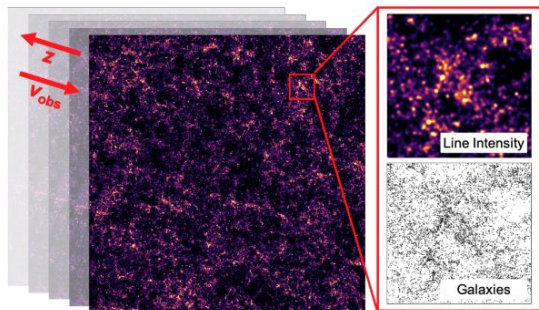


You can constrain... **cosmology**

- Dark Energy

Line Intensity Mapping - The Motivation

From this....

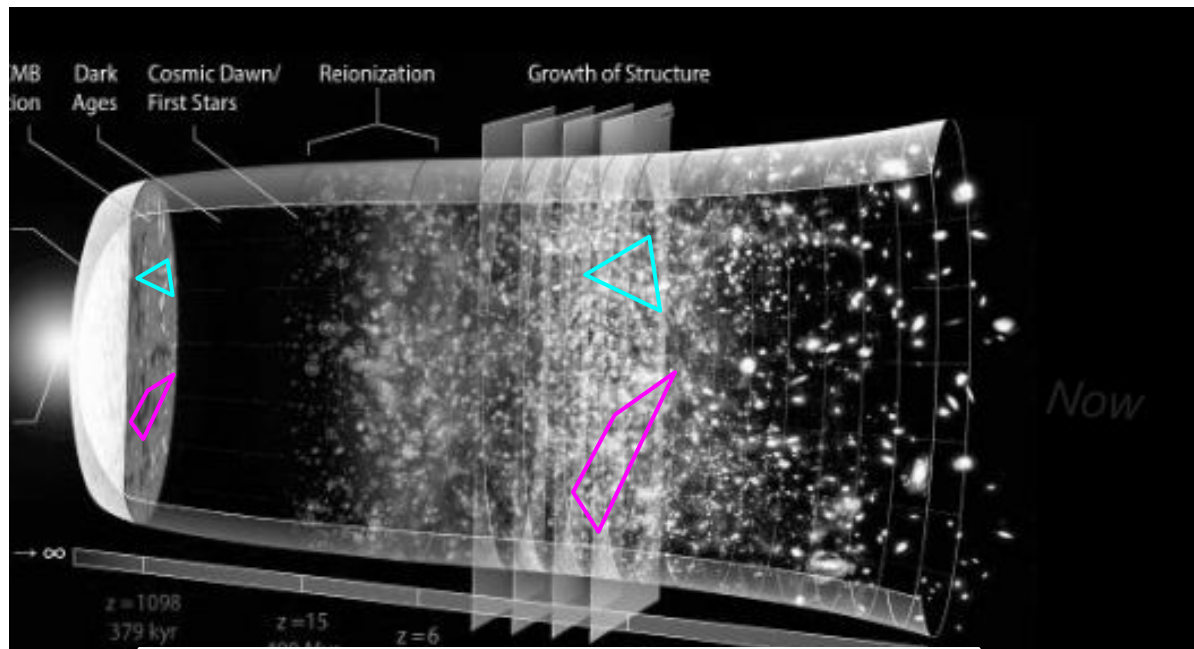
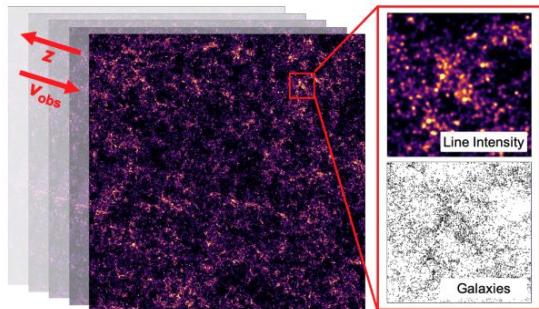


You can constrain... **cosmology**

- Dark Energy
 - Independent measurement at higher redshifts, constrain expansion history

Line Intensity Mapping - The Motivation

From this....



You can constrain... **cosmology**

- Dark Energy
- Inflation
 - Spatial correlations in intensity maps of intermediate redshifts are primordial in nature -- constrain the physics of inflation!

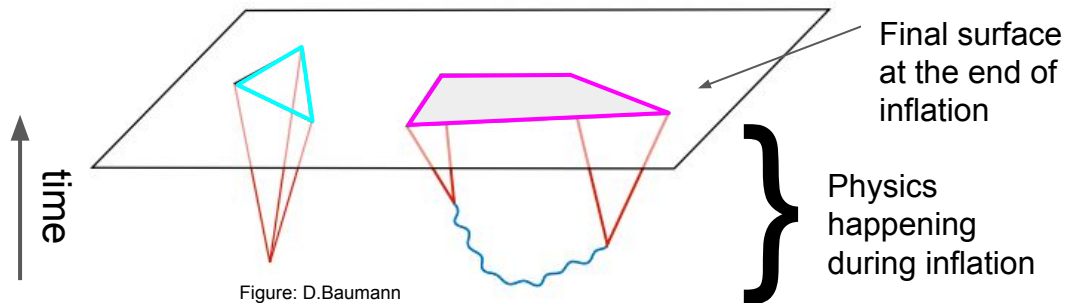
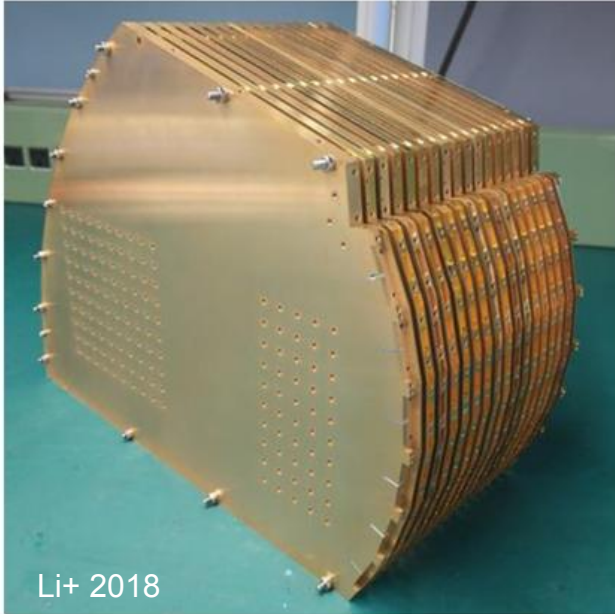


Figure: D.Baumann

Current State of the Art for LIM



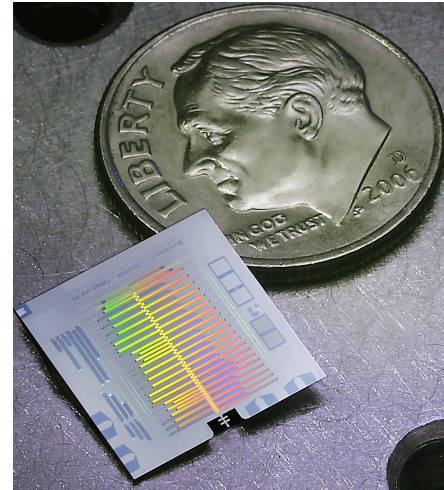
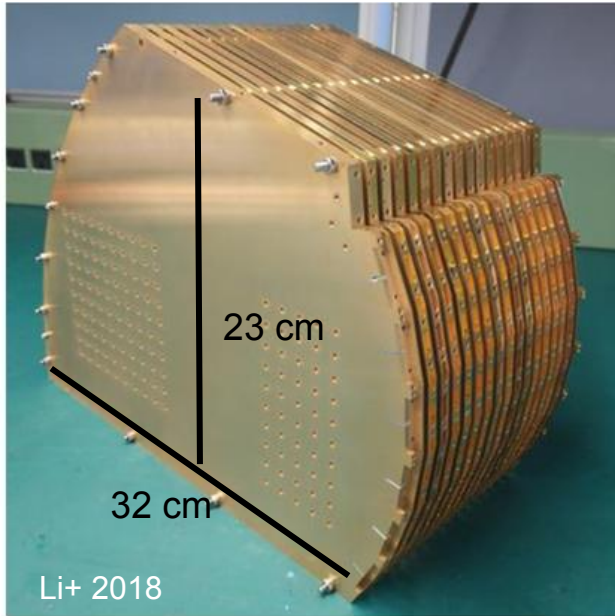
TIME: ~50 diffraction grating spectrometers

Could reach $\sim 10^5$ spectrometer-hours (power spectrum detection, but no serious cosmological constraints)

We need to improve *instantaneous* sensitivity

Current State of the Art for LIM

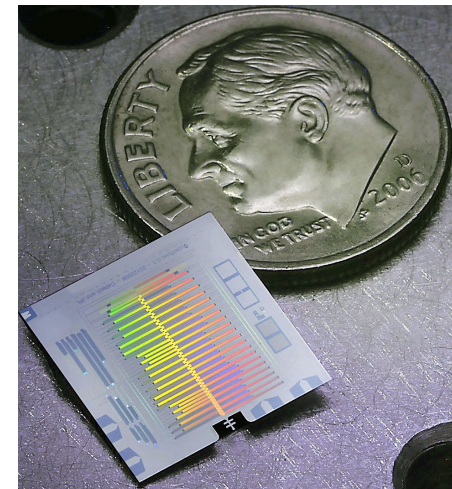
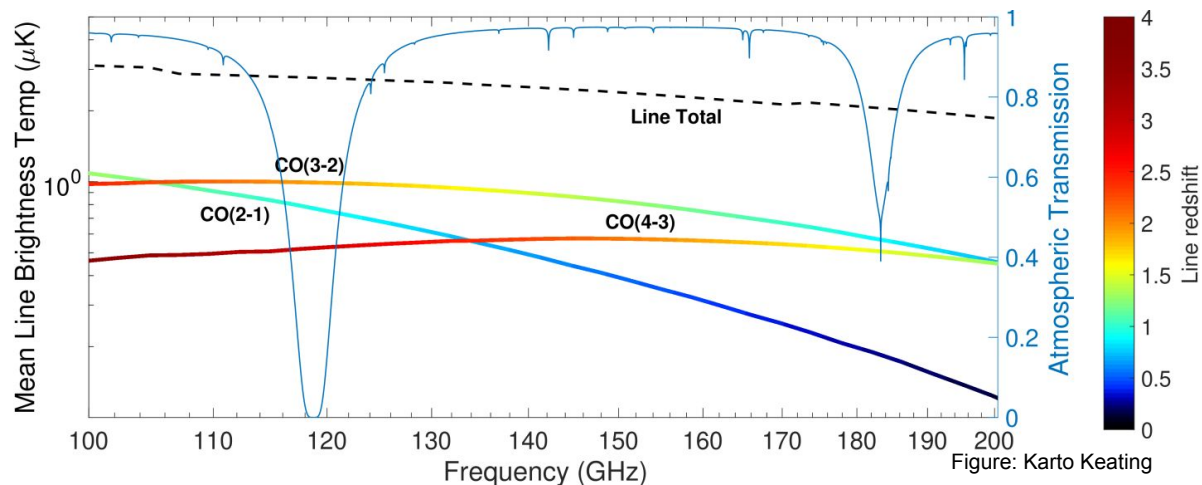
Single-pixel on-chip spectrometers now being demonstrated on-sky (SuperSpec, DESHIMA)



TIME grating: 32 x 23 x 1 cm
~ **736 cm³**

SuperSpec: 3.6 x 5.7 x 0.05 cm
~ **1 cm³**

SPT-SLIM: SPT Summertime Line Intensity Mapper



- Demonstrate the LIM measurement using on-chip mm-wave spectrometers -- **scalable, a unique technological advantage in the field!**
- Deploy a high-density, 12-pixel dual-polarization focal plane (8400 detectors!)
- 120-180 GHz, sensitive to CO at $0.5 < z < 2$
- Deploying Nov 2025 to the South Pole Telescope

SPT-SLIM: SPT Summertime Line Intensity Mapper

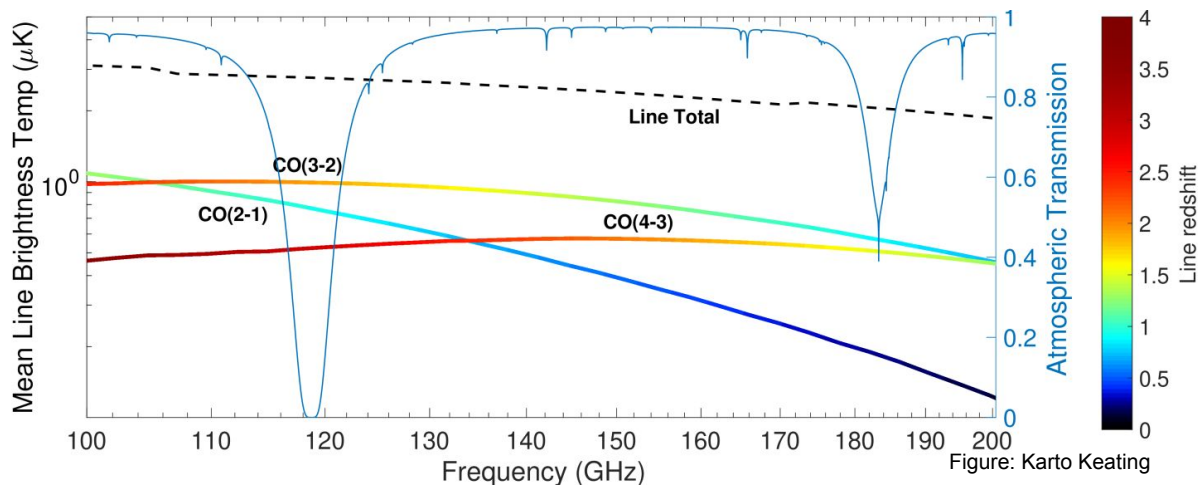
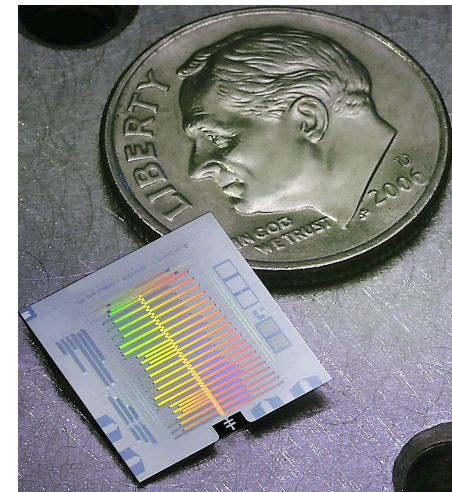


Figure: Karto Keating



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- Deploying Nov 2025 to the South Pole Telescope

Powerful proof of this technology and analysis techniques w/ CO detection



SPT-SLIM: SPT Summertime Line Intensity Mapper

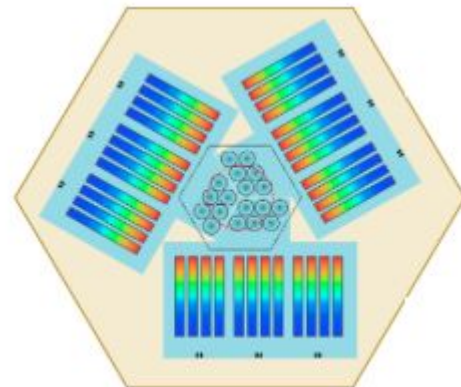
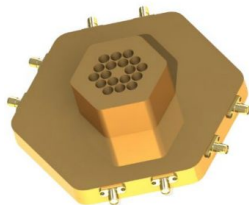
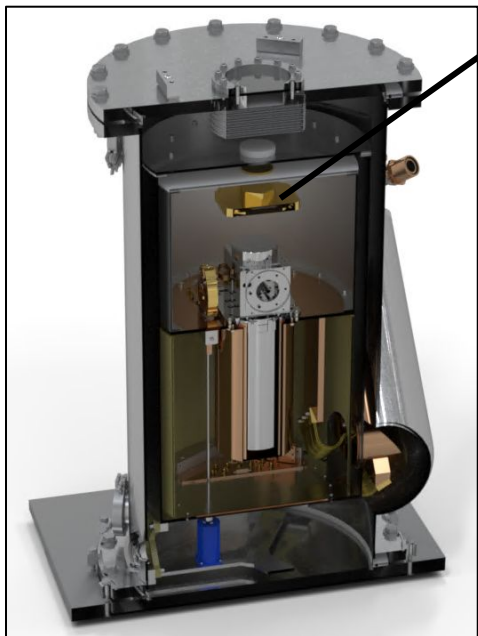
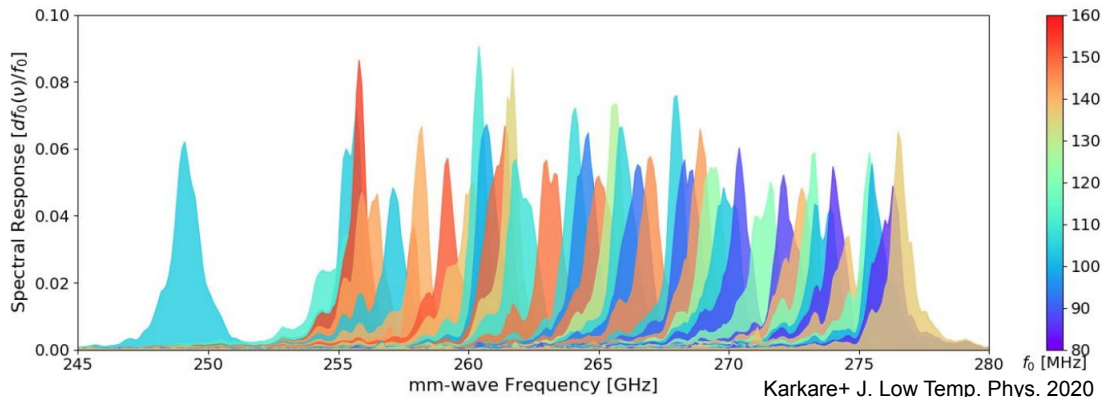


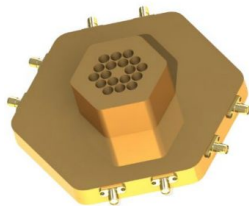
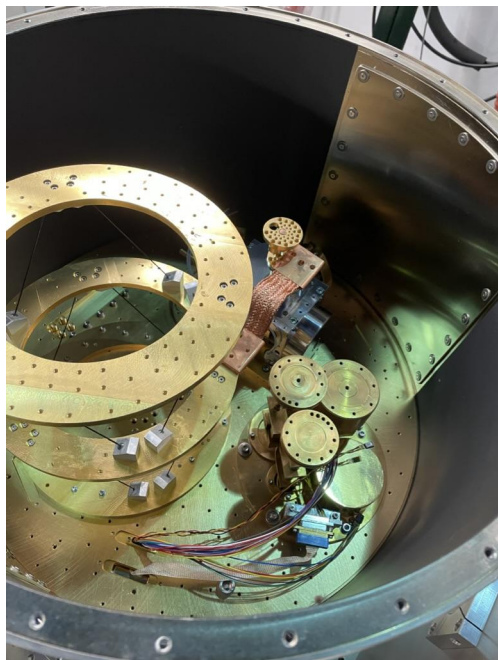
Figure: Pete Barry

- Radiation admitted by conical horns and coupled to spectrometer filterbanks by a planar orthomode transducer (OMT)
- Hexagonal, close-packed array
- 12 spatial pixels sensitive to two polarizations

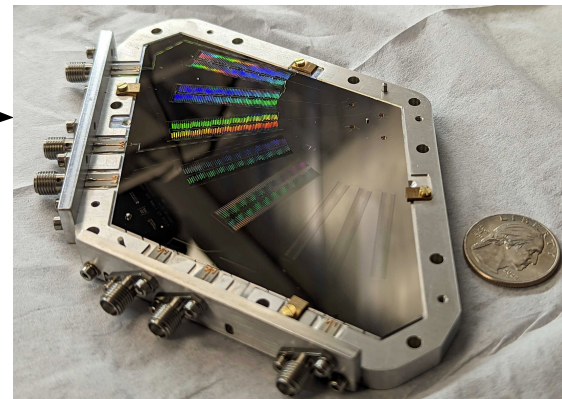
$$R = \lambda / \Delta\lambda = 300$$



SPT-SLIM: SPT Summertime Line Intensity Mapper



- Radiation admitted by conical horns and coupled to spectrometer filterbanks by a planar orthomode transducer (OMT)
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- 12 spatial pixels sensitive to two polarizations



Picture: Kyra Fichman

$$R = \lambda / \Delta\lambda = 300$$

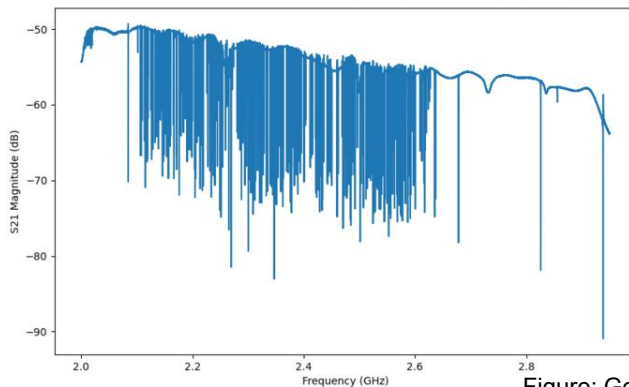


Figure: Gethin Robson

SPT-SLIM Science Projections

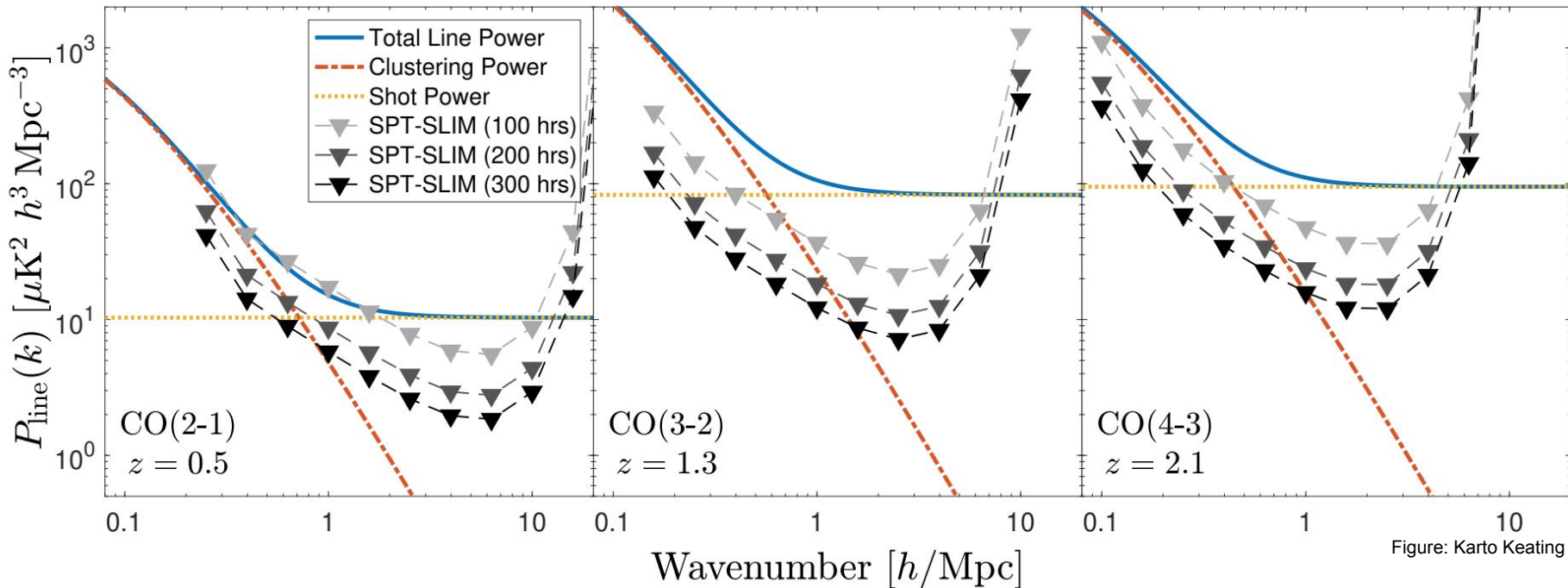


Figure: Karto Keating

- Conservatively expect 50-75% total observing efficiency for ~4 weeks, so >300 hours on-target time is realistic
- Raw sensitivity of SPT-SLIM should be sufficient to detect CO power spectra ($0.5 < z < 2$) with high significance in a single summer season!

How do we get orders of magnitude improvement for cosmology?

| Spec-hrs | Example | Time-scale |
|----------|-------------------------|------------|
| 10^5 | TIME, CCAT-p, SPT-SLIM | 2024 |
| 10^6 | TIME-EXT | 2025 |
| 10^7 | SPT-like 1 tube | 2028 |
| 10^8 | SPT-like 7 tubes | 2031 |
| 10^9 | CMB-S4-like 85 tubes | 2037 |

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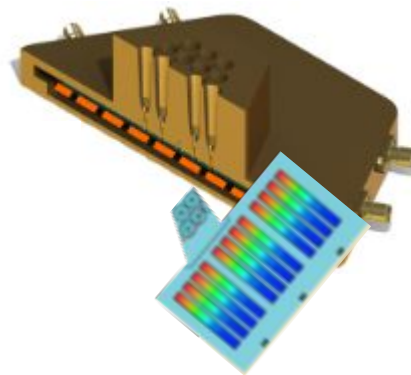
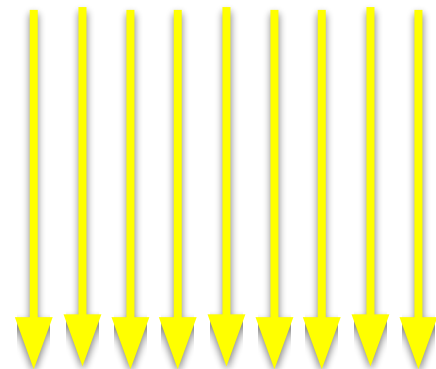
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LIM becomes competitive with galaxy surveys in the $\sim 10^7$ spectrometer-hour range

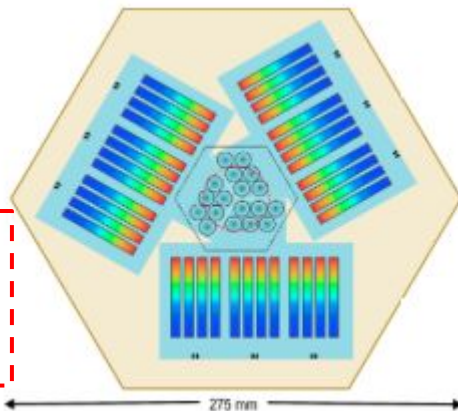
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Limiting factor is detector count/focal plane area -- if you want more you need to build a bigger (\$\$) telescope



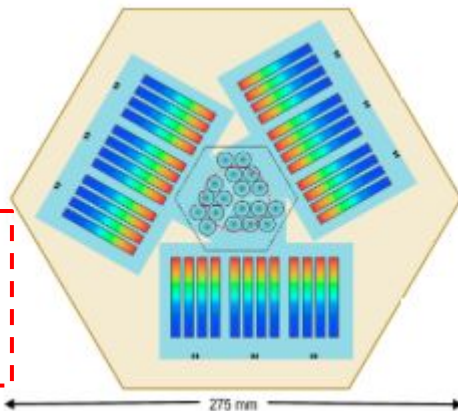
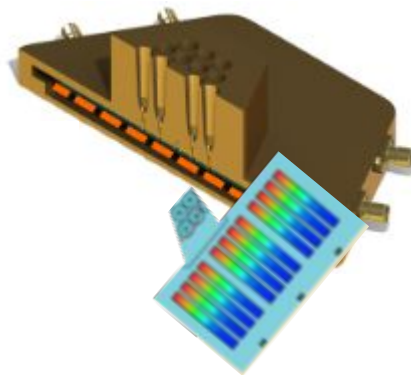
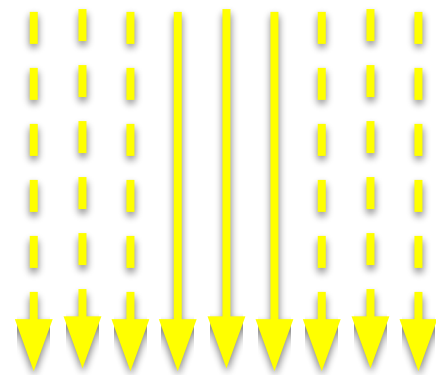
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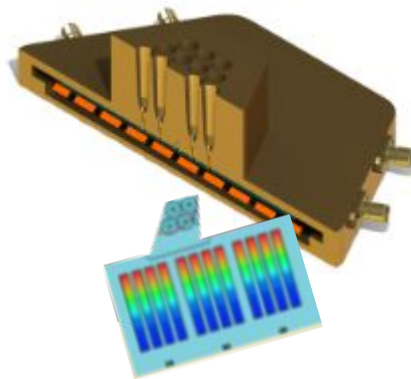
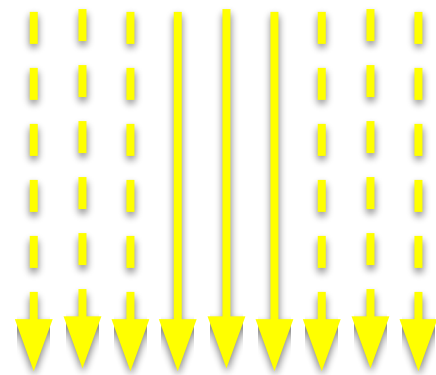


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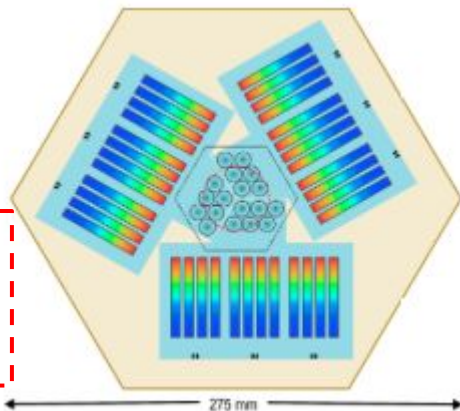
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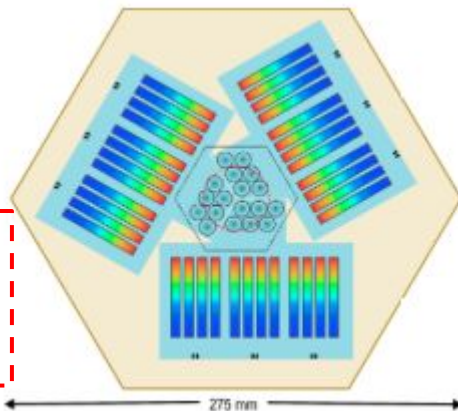
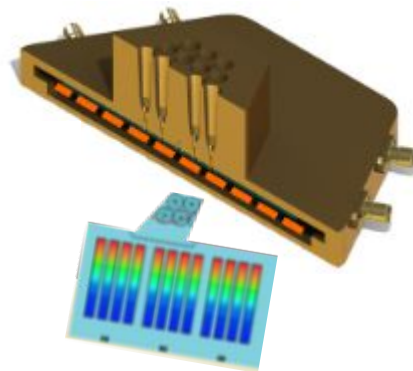
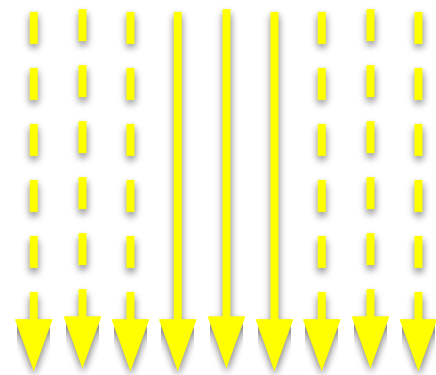
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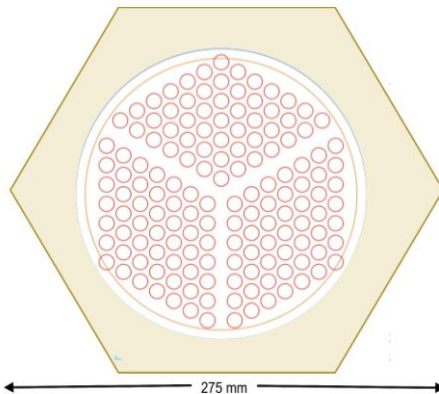
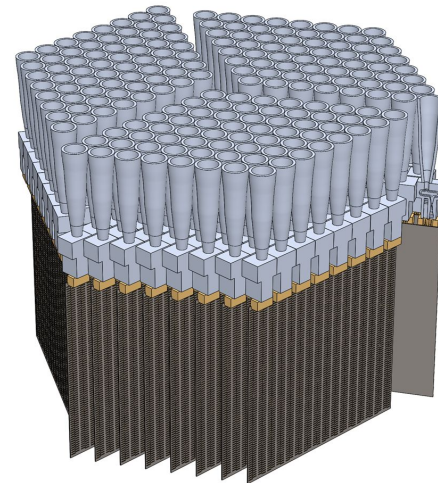
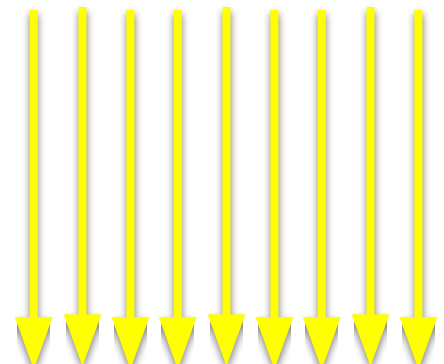


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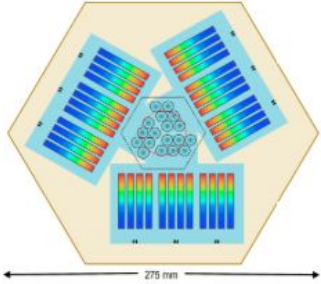
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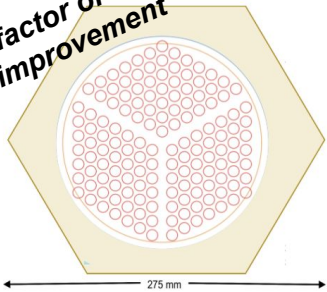
In collaboration with:
Jeff McMahon
Austin Stover
Sara Simon

Next Generation of Focal Plane Technology

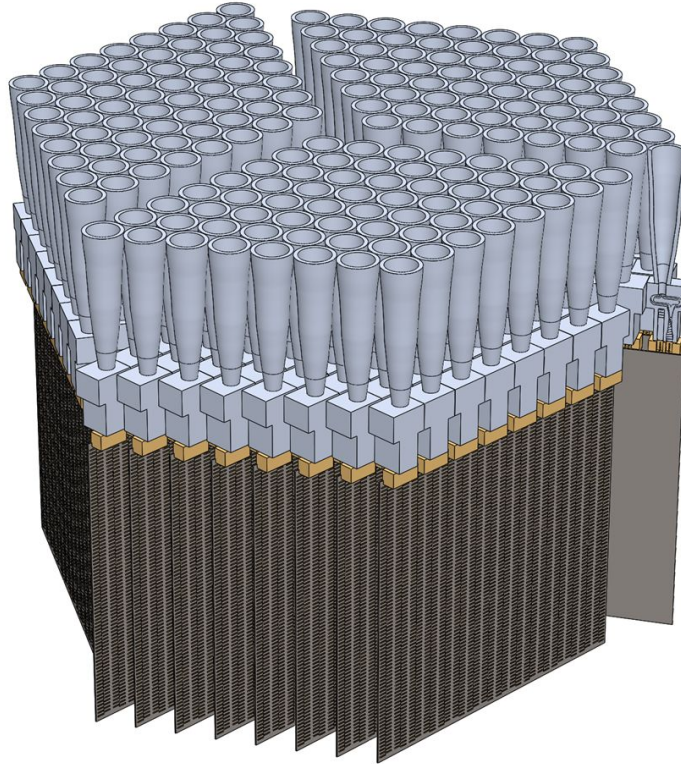


12 Spectrometers
120-180 GHz Bandwidth

**factor of 50
improvement**

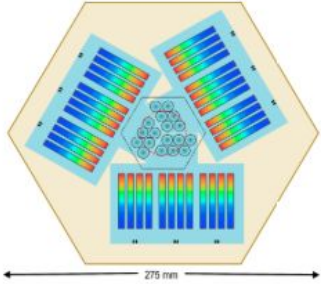


294 Spectrometers
100 - 200 GHz Bandwidth



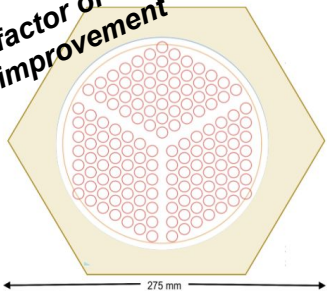
In collaboration with:
Jeff McMahon
Austin Stover
Sara Simon

Next Generation of Focal Plane Technology

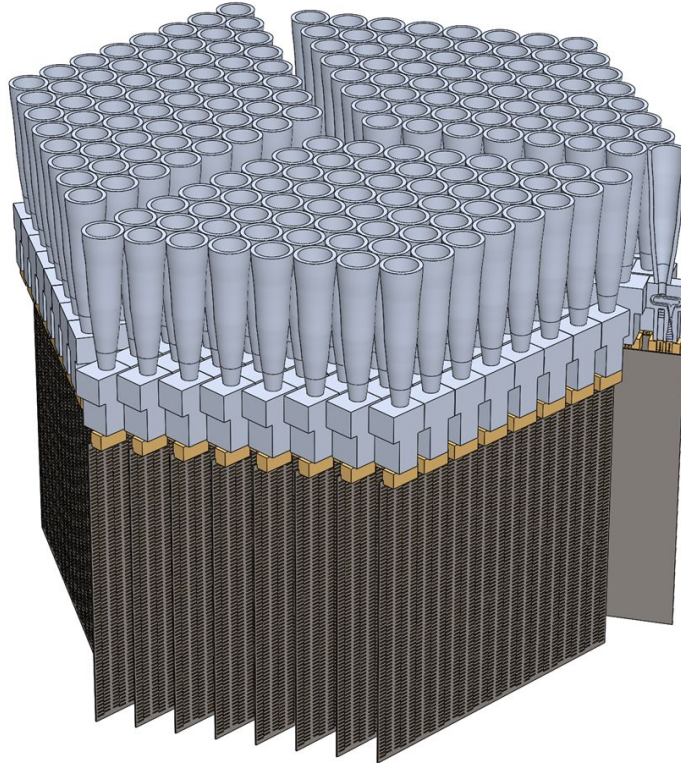


12 Spectrometers
120-180 GHz Bandwidth

**factor of 50
improvement**



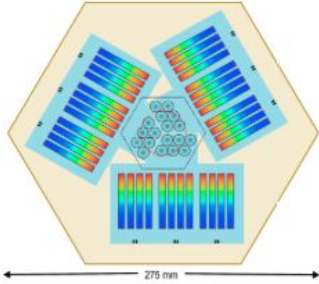
294 Spectrometers
100 - 200 GHz Bandwidth



Conical Feedhorns
to couple light

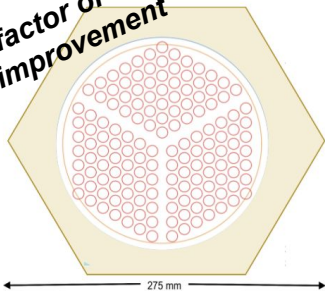
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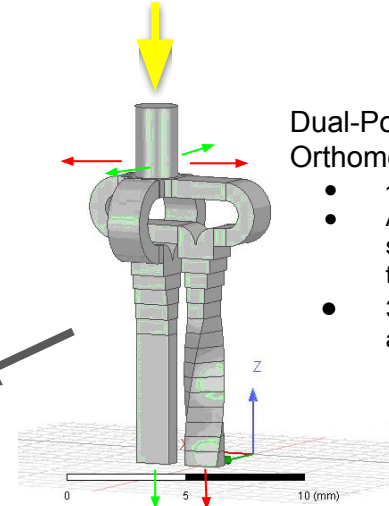
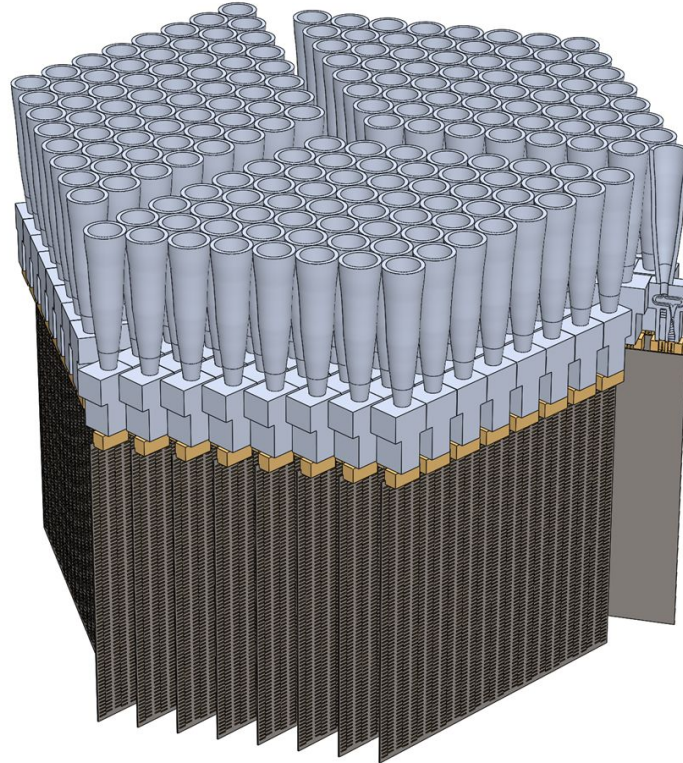


12 Spectrometers
120-180 GHz Bandwidth

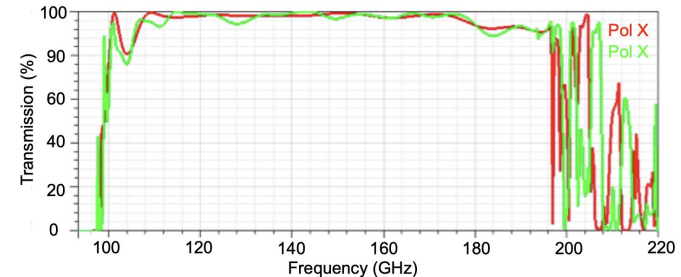
factor of 50
improvement



294 Spectrometers
100 - 200 GHz Bandwidth

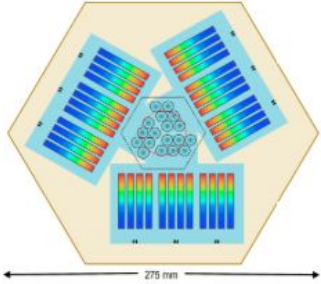


- Dual-Polarization
Orthomode Transducer:
- ~octave of bandwidth
 - Allows for 2x more spectrometers per focal plane area
 - 3D print out of aluminum



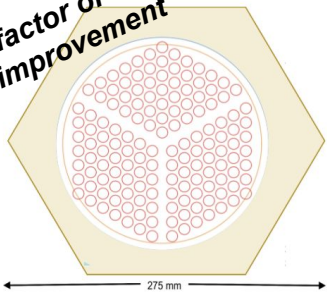
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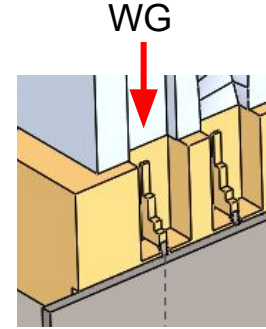
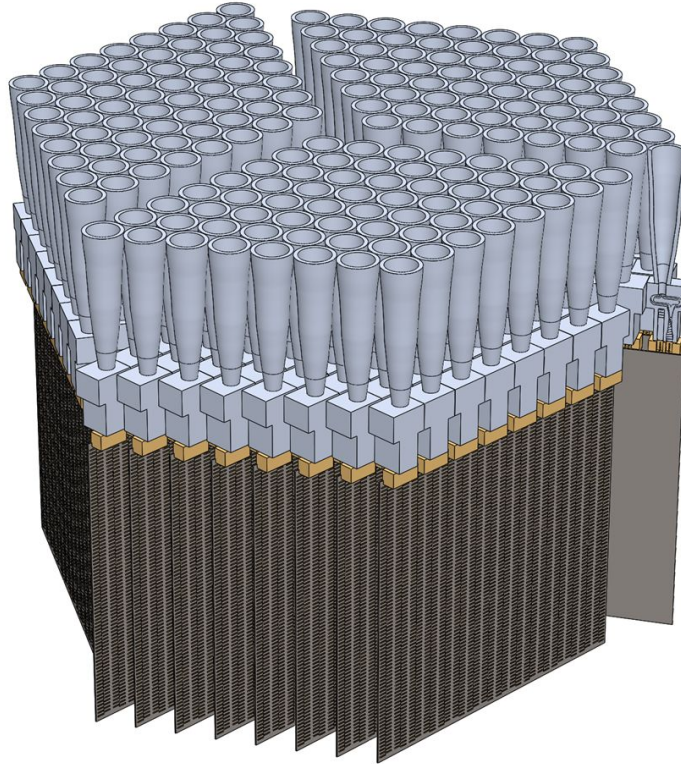


12 Spectrometers
120-180 GHz Bandwidth

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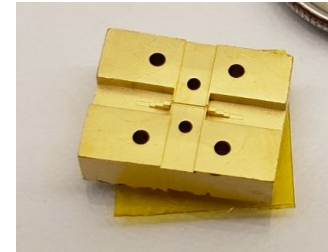
294 Spectrometers
100 - 200 GHz Bandwidth



WG

CPW on spectrometer
chip

Waveguide (WG) to Co-planar
Waveguide (CPW) transition

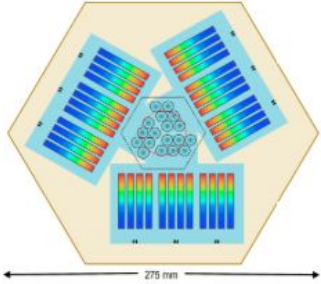


3D printed ceramic,
then gold-plated

Proof of concept- all
tolerances in-spec!

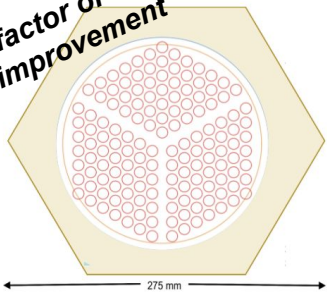
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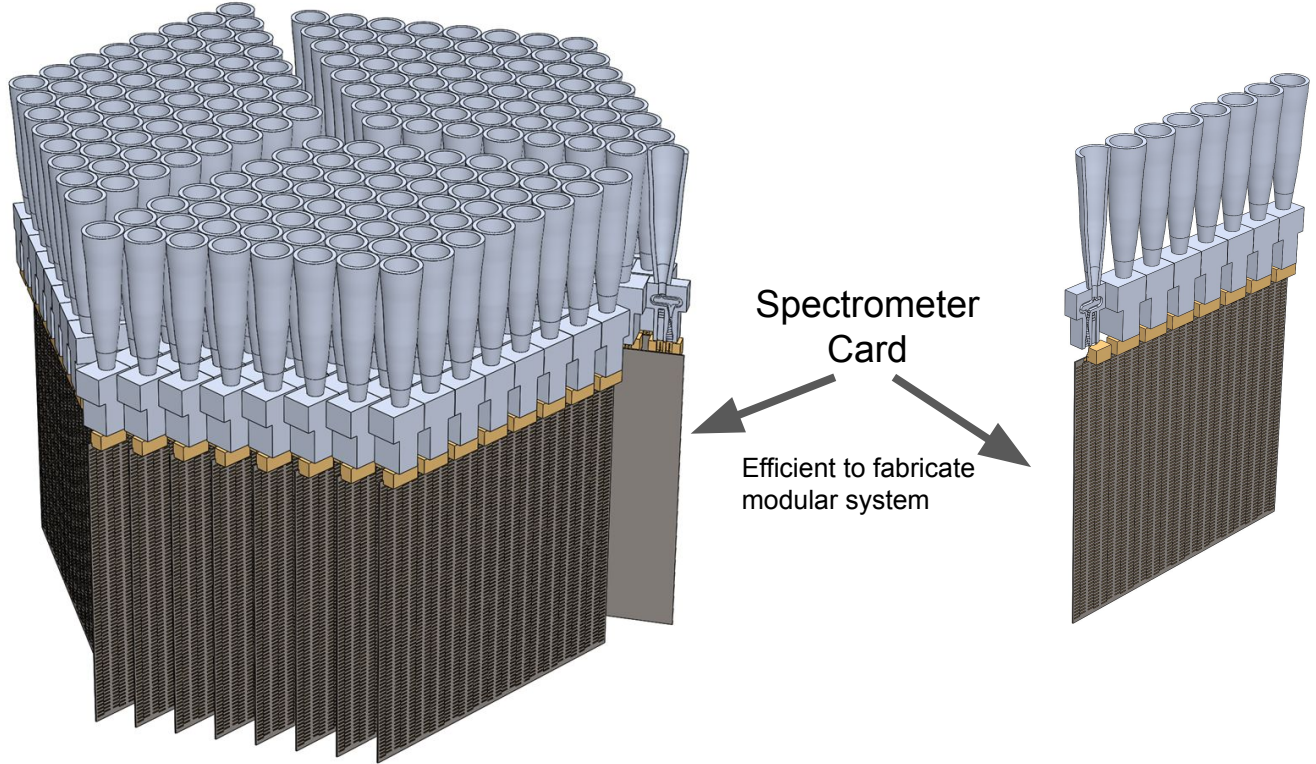


12 Spectrometers
120-180 GHz Bandwidth

**factor of 50
improvement**



294 Spectrometers
100 - 200 GHz Bandwidth



Spectrometer
Card

Efficient to fabricate
modular system

Summary

- Novel technology probes previously sparsely measured parts of cosmic history
- On-chip spectrometer technology + vertical focal plane scalable for increased sensitivity to cosmology
- A detection of the CO power spectrum with SPT-SLIM will demonstrate analysis and hardware techniques for the next-generation of experiments and beyond, and pave the way for cosmological constraints

