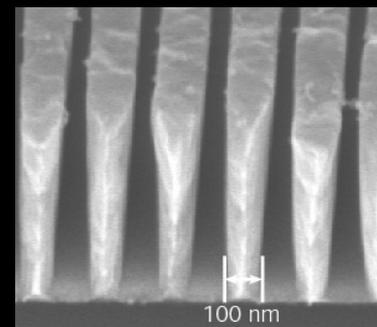




# The Three Decades of the Chandra High Energy Transmission Grating (HETG)

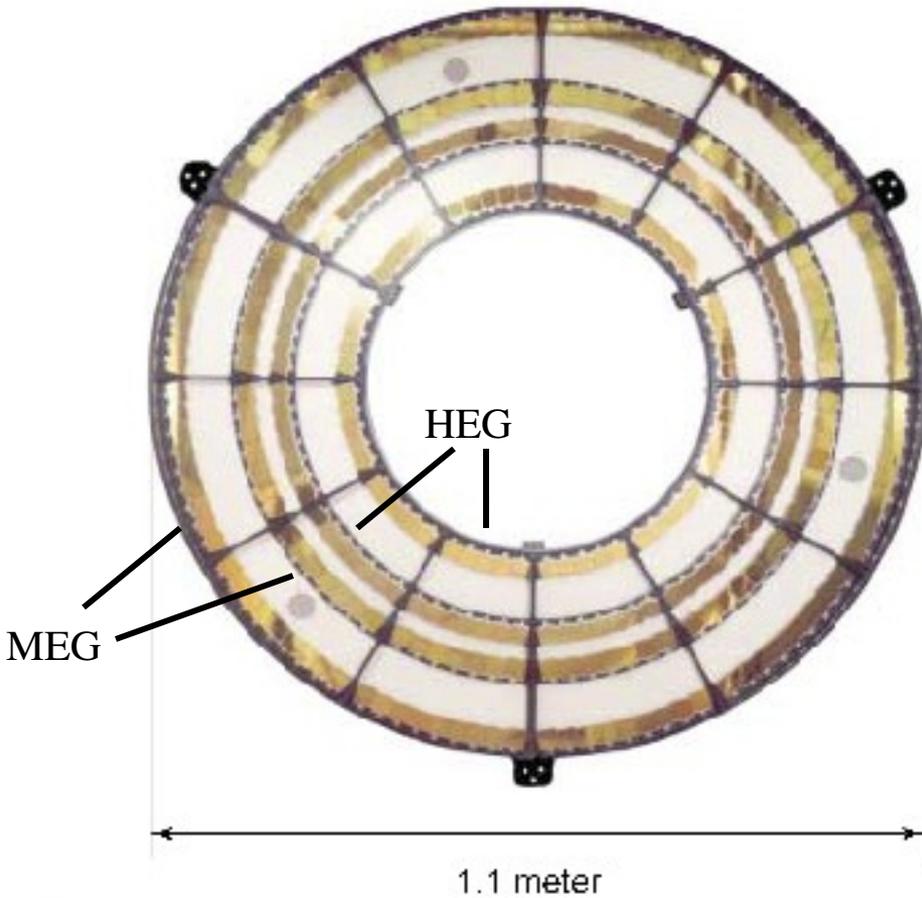


Claude R. Canizares, MIT

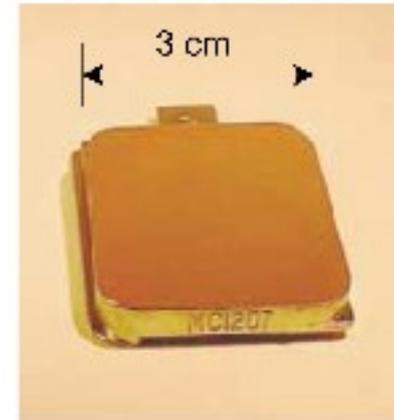
*Chandra's First Decade of Discovery*  
*September 2009*

# NASA *Chandra* X-ray Observatory High Energy Transmission Grating Spectrometer (HETGS)

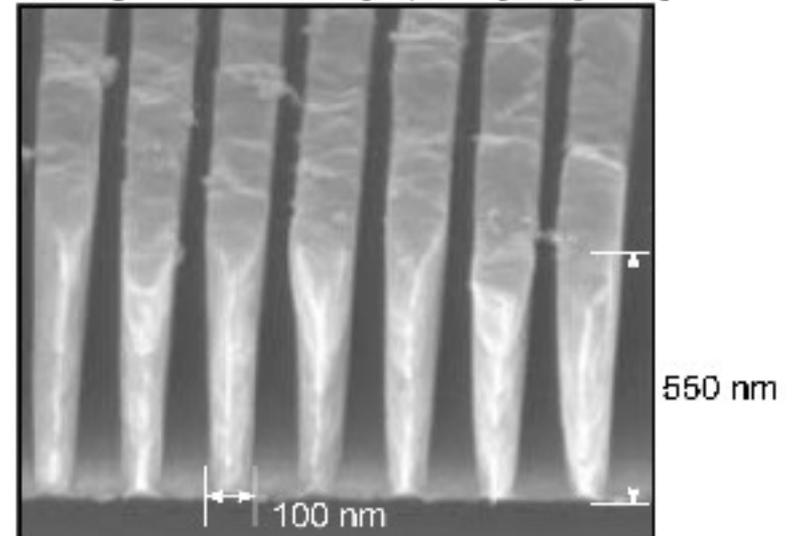
HETGS instrument.



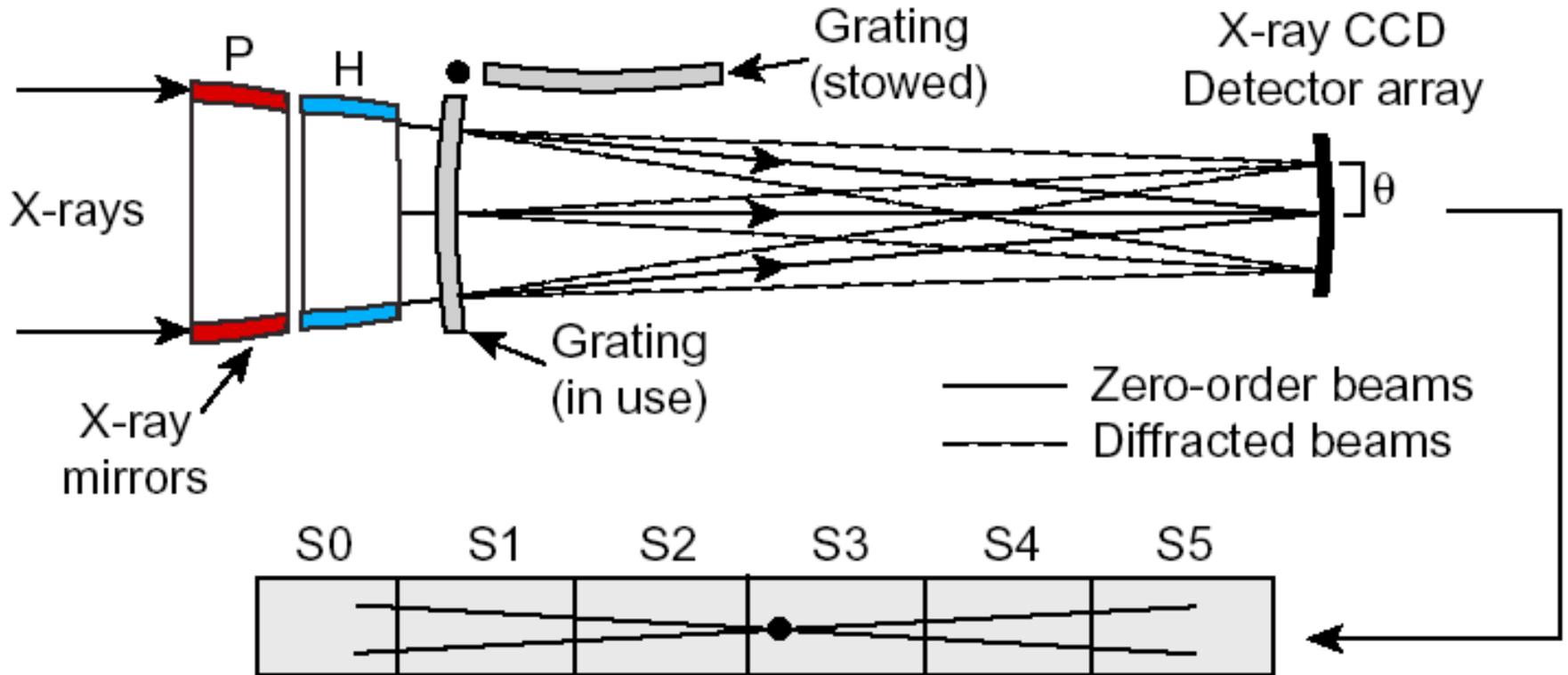
Invar grating frame.



Scanning electron micrograph of gold grating.



# Chandra HETG Schematic



# Key features needed for an HETG design:

- HIGH SPECTRAL RESOLUTION ( $R \sim 1000$ ):
  - $\sim 5000$  lpmm ( $p = 0.2 \mu\text{m}$ , bar thickness =  $0.1 \mu\text{m}$ )
  - fabrication of hundreds of identical grating elements to tolerances of  $\sim 100$  ppm
- HIGH EFFICIENCY: over 1.5 decades of energy (0.4 - 8 keV)
  - $\sim 0.5$ - $1.0 \mu\text{m}$  tall ( $>5:1$  aspect ratio grating bars)
- HIGH RELIABILITY: gratings rugged enough to withstand launch and space environment

**Order of magnitude beyond previous gratings**

# HETG Timeline: the first decade

1979 Beginning of transmission grating development for AXAF (CRC, Mark Schattenburg with H. I. Smith)

1983 AXAF RFP issued (launch date 1991-2)

- Proposal selected for Phase B study

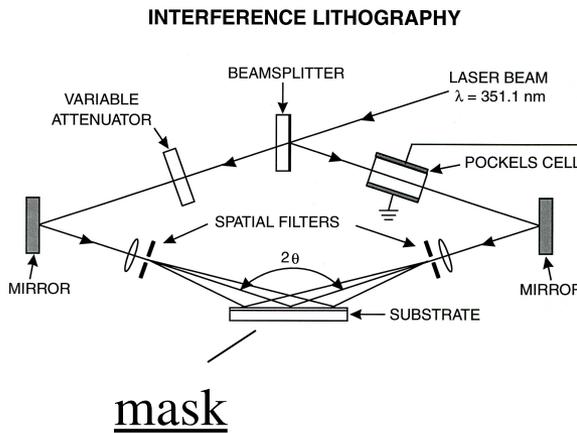
(1986 Challenger disaster)

1988 AXAF approved for “phased new start”

1989 HETG Accepted for AXAF

(launch date 1995-6)

# Proposed Fabrication Method: X-ray Lithography

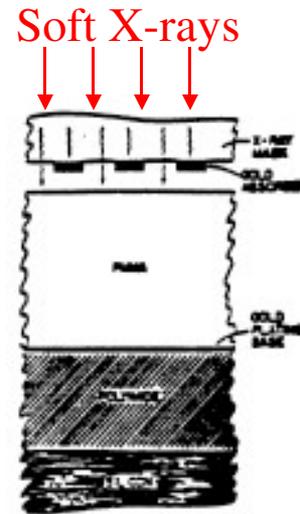


Thin mask of correct period

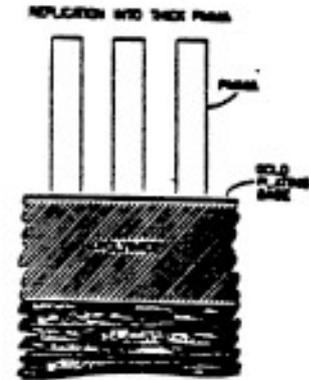
Photoresist

Polyimide support

Replicate a Master (thin grating mask fabricated via UV lithography) into many thick, phased gratings with the same period using X-ray lithography



STEP 1 Step 1



STEP 2 Step 2



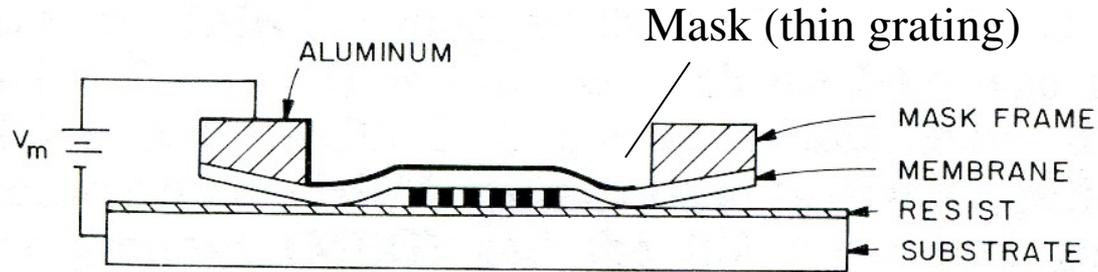
STEP 3 Step 3



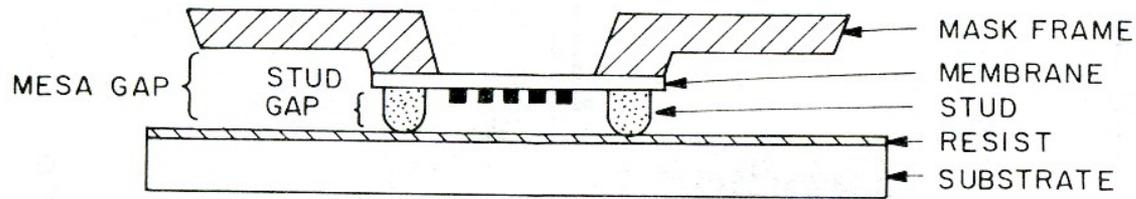
Finished grating

STEP 4 Step 4

# Invention of Micro-gap X-ray Nanolithography

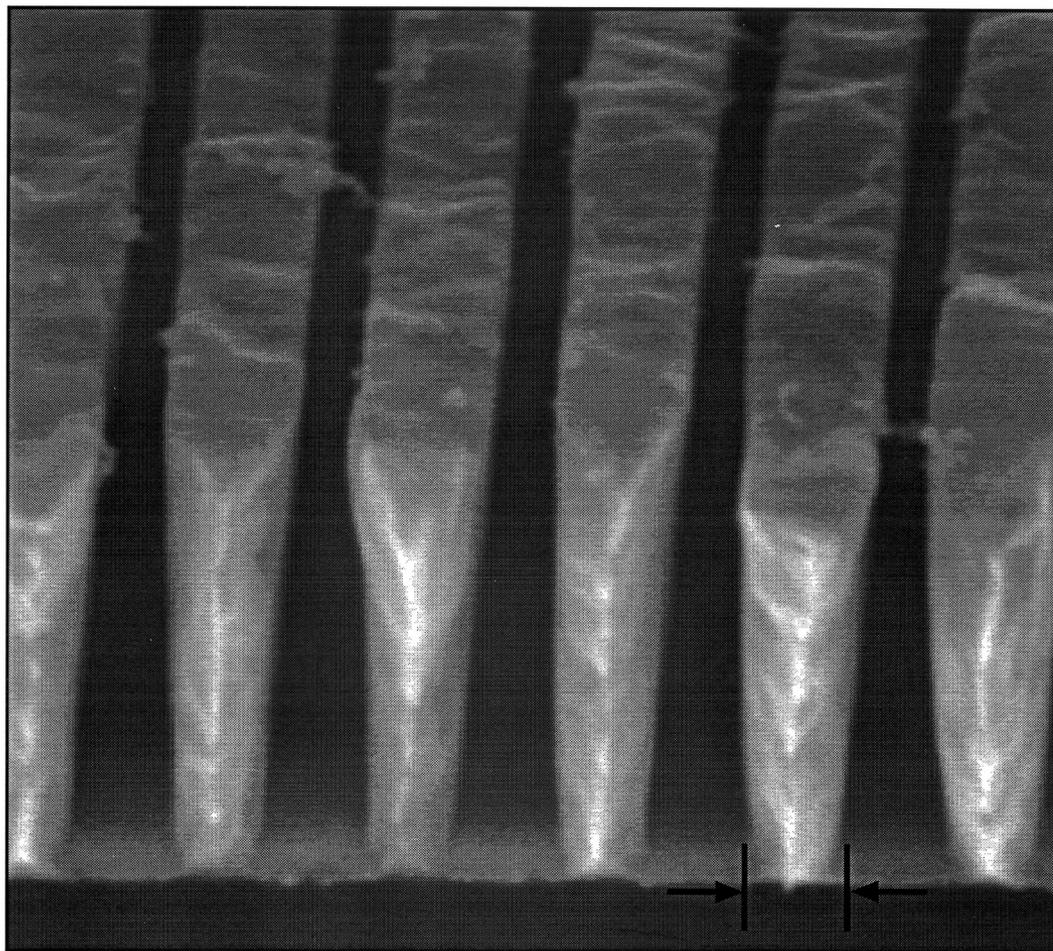


a) CONTACT X-RAY NANOLITHOGRAPHY



b) MICROGAP X-RAY NANOLITHOGRAPHY

# AXAF Gold Transmission Grating



0.1  $\mu\text{m}$

## X-ray Lithography Station

Soft X-ray ( Cu L line)

Exposure time ~24-36 hrs  
per grating!

We (and industry) needed  
a high intensity X-ray  
machine

Only supplier was  
Hampshire Instruments



# HETG Timeline: the second decade

- 1989 HETG Accepted for AXAF
- 3 AXAF Restructured to AXAF-I and AXAF-S;
- 4 HETG Systems Requirements Review (SRR)

# HETG Timeline: the second decade

- 1989 HETG Accepted for AXAF
- 3 AXAF Restructured to AXAF-I and AXAF-S;
- 4 HETG Systems Requirements Review (SRR)
  
- 2 Hampshire Instruments ceases operations;  
X-ray lithography no longer viable

**HOW COULD WE POSSIBLY BUILD  
~700 NEAR-PERFECT GRATINGS ??**

## Key breakthrough by Schattenburg:

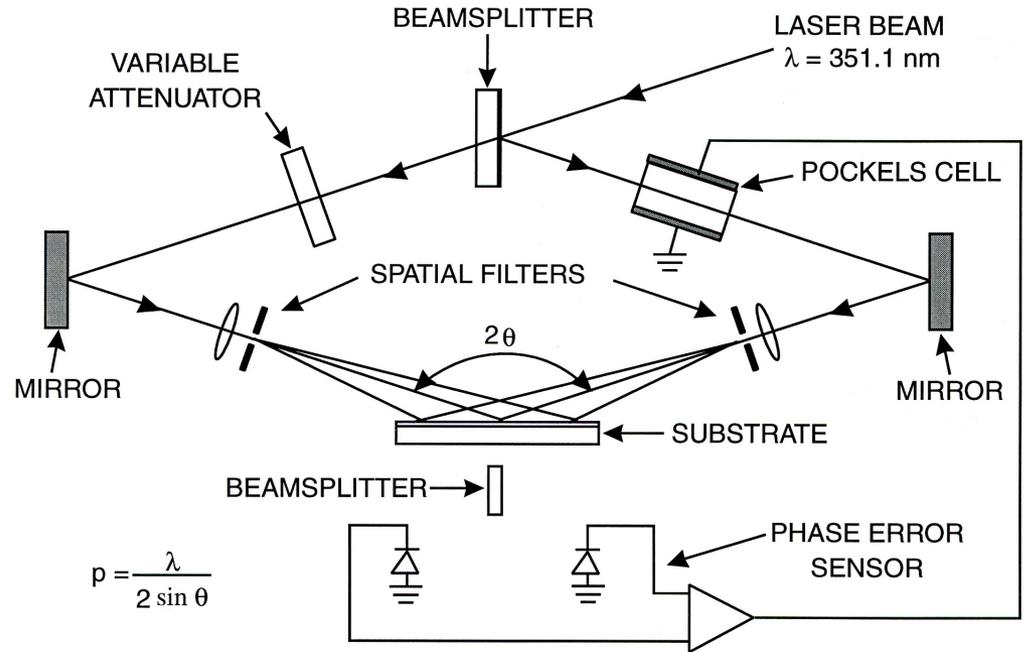
For each exposure, lock UV interference pattern to standard grating (on wafer) using Moire pattern

MLS demonstrates repeatability to less than ~200 ppm (within few weeks!)

Thinks he can achieve high aspect ratio by plasma etching rather than X-ray lithography

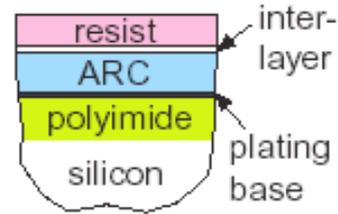
Now the masks have become the gratings

## INTERFERENCE LITHOGRAPHY

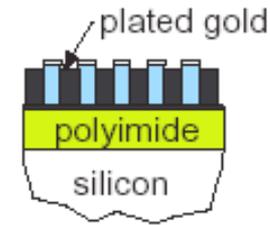


# Simplified HETG Fabrication Process

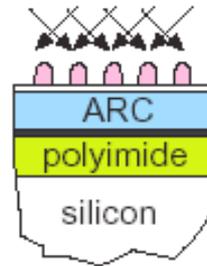
*Dozens of technological innovations by Schattenburg and his team; several key patents for processes now widely in use by VLSI industry*



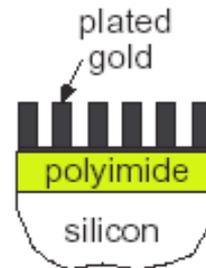
(a) Prepare substrate.



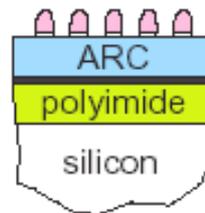
(e) Gold electroplate.



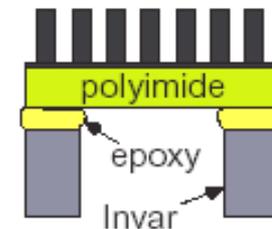
(b) Pattern by IL and develop.



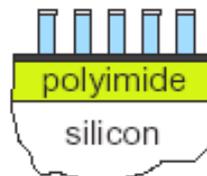
(f) Strip interlayer and ARC.



(c) Etch interlayer in  $CF_4$  RIE plasma.

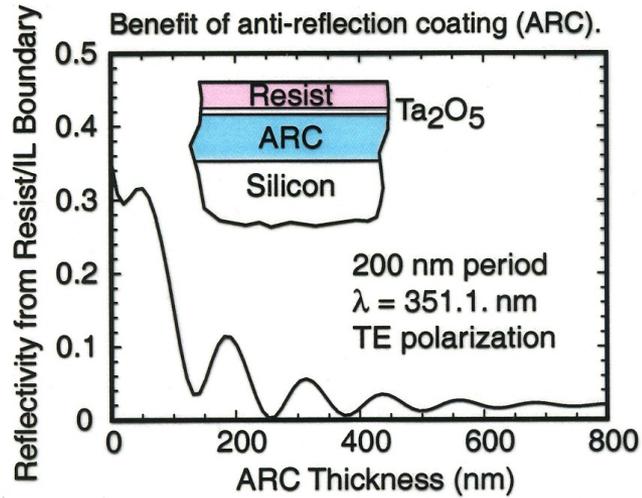


(g) Acid spin-etch substrate. Align and bond to frames.

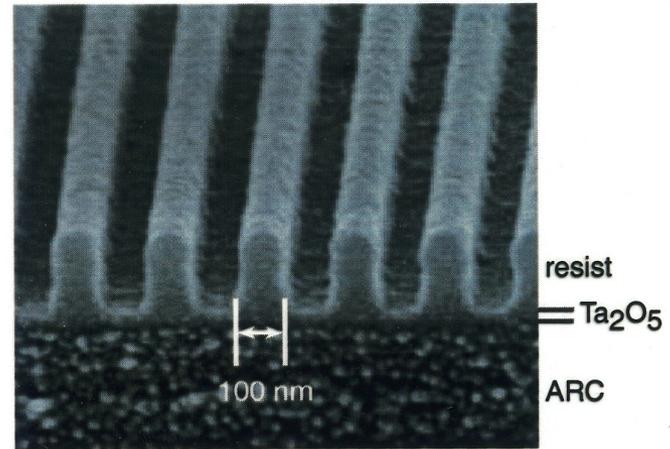


(d) Etch ARC in  $O_2$  RIE plasma.

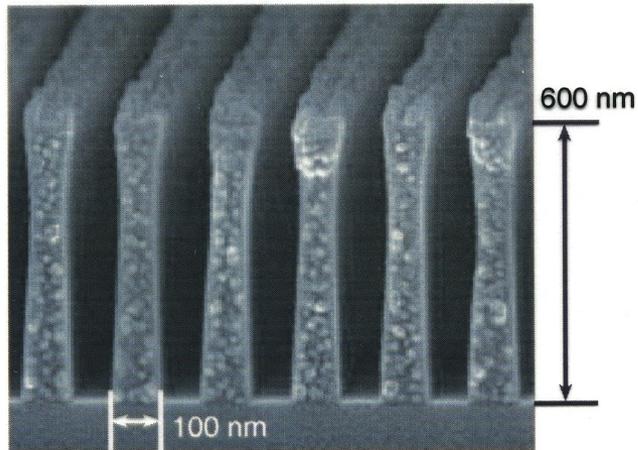
# Gold Transmission Grating Fabrication Process



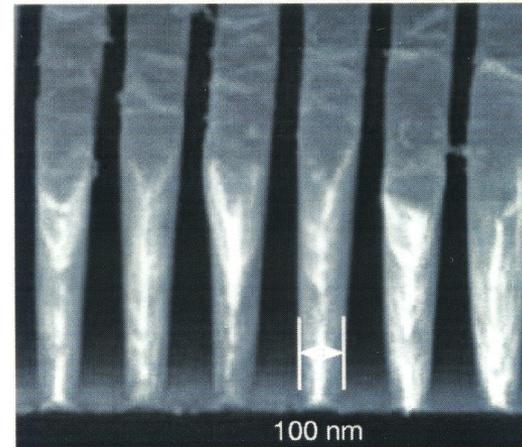
Grating after interference lithography.



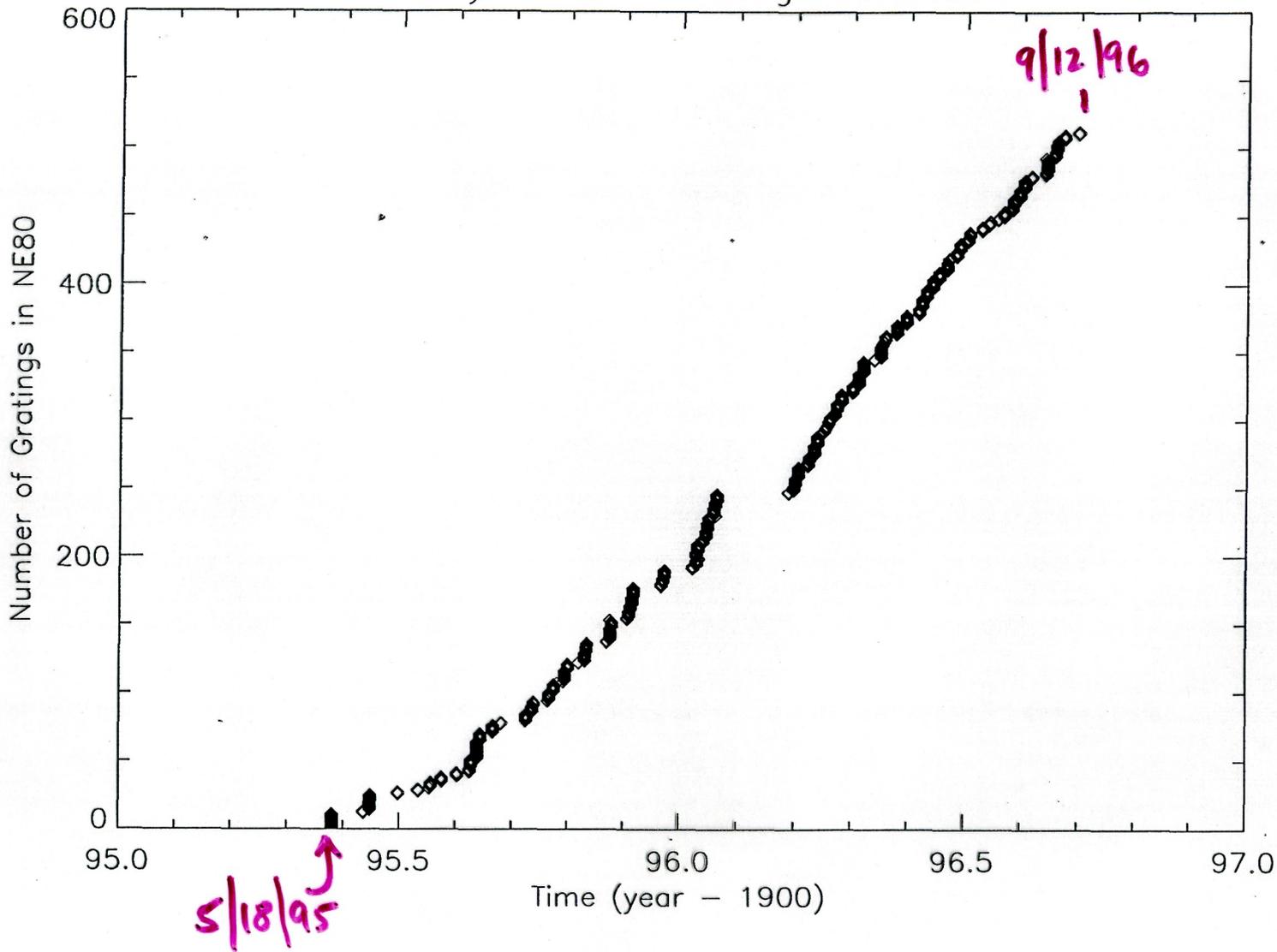
Grating after oxygen plasma RIE of ARC.



Grating after gold plating and resist stripping.



# History of HETG Grating Fabrication



# HETG Timeline: the second decade

- 1989 HETG Accepted for AXAF
- 3 AXAF Restructured to AXAF-I and AXAF-S;
- 4 HETG Systems Requirements Review (SRR)
  
- 1993 Hampshire Instruments ceases operations; X-ray lithography abandoned
  
- 8 Preliminary Design Review (PDR)
- 1995 Critical Design Review CDR
  
- 1996 Deliver & Calibrate Completed HETG
  
- 1999 Chandra Launch!

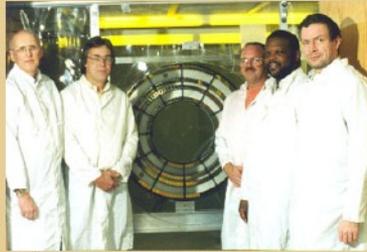
# With profound admiration and gratitude for the HETG Team

## Fabrication



Back row:  
Bob Fleming, Mark Schattenburg, Roger Millen, Bob Sisson,  
Hank Smith.  
Front row:  
Rich Aucoin, Jeanne Porter, Jane Prentis, Pat Hindle.

## Testing



Dick Elder, Bill Forbes, Bob Laliberte, Ed  
Warren, Mike Enwright.

## Mechanical



Don Humphries, Chris Pak

## Support



Kim Farrell, Dave Breaslau.

## Science



Kathy Flanagan, Mike McGuirk, Mark Schattenburg, Claude  
Canizares, Dan Dewey, Dick Elder.

## Inspiration



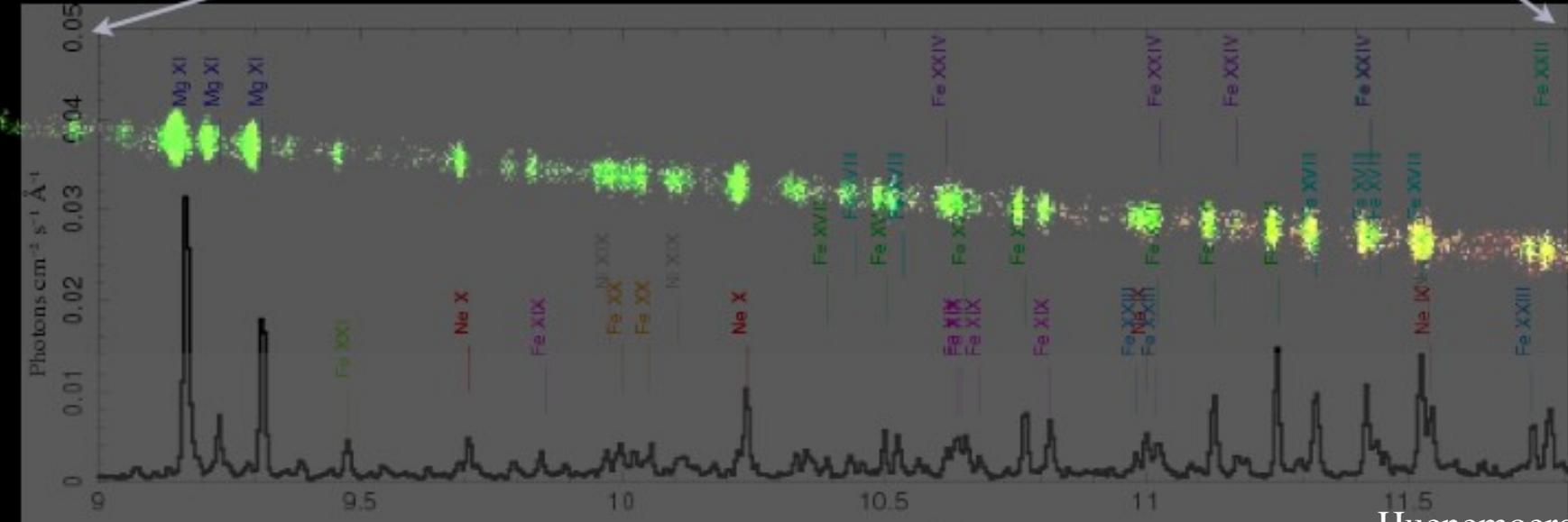
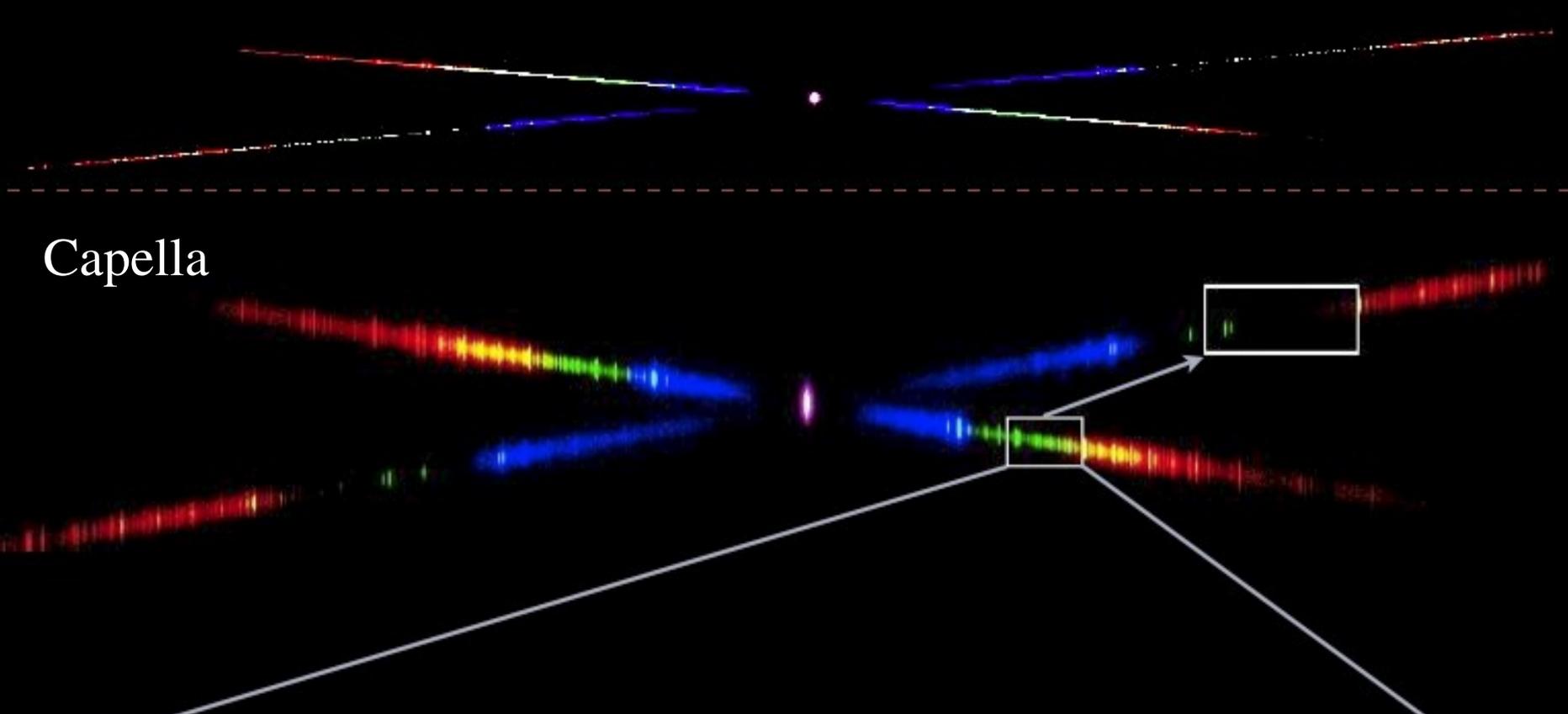
Al Levine, Claude Canizares, Gene Galton,  
Angie[for Tom] Markert



Tom Markert

1948-1996

# Capella



# SNR E0102-72

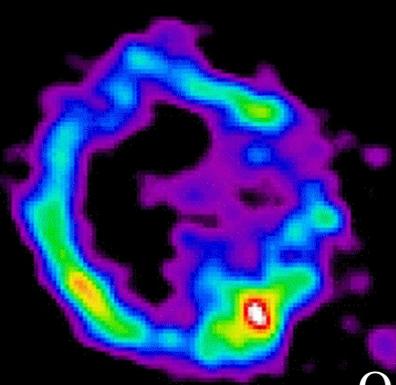
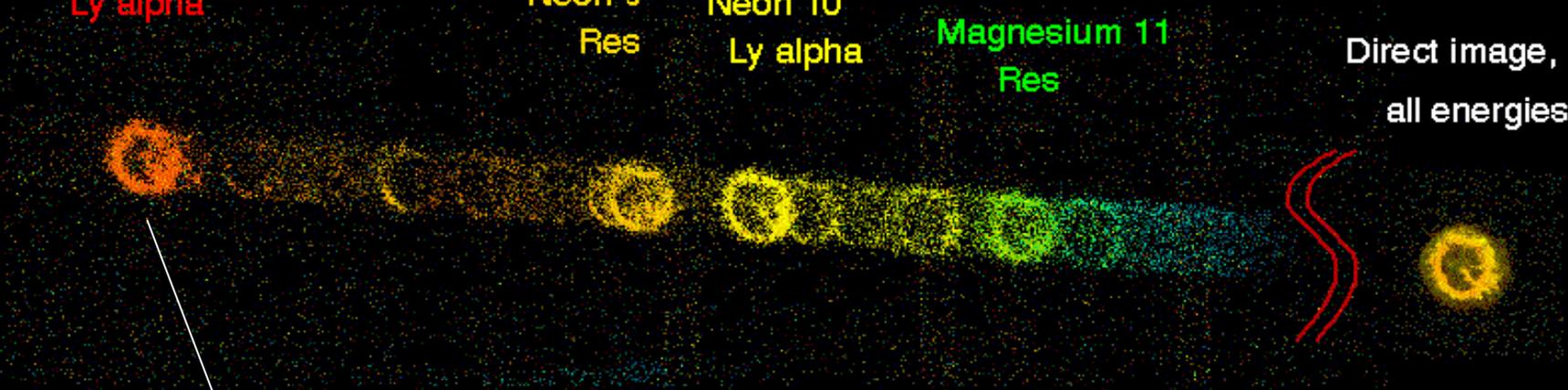
Oxygen 8  
Ly alpha

Neon 9  
Res

Neon 10  
Ly alpha

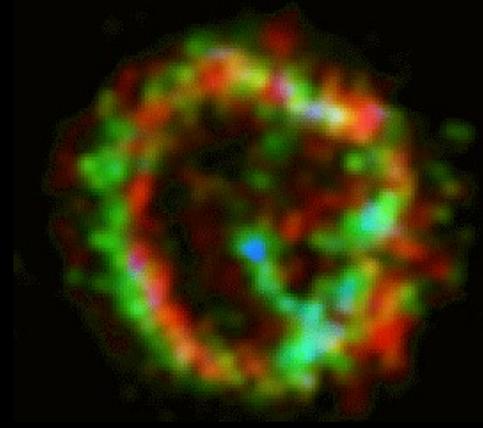
Magnesium 11  
Res

Direct image,  
all energies



O VIII Ly  $\alpha$

1800  $\text{kms}^{-1}$   
900  $\text{kms}^{-1}$   
-900  $\text{kms}^{-1}$   
-1800  $\text{kms}^{-1}$

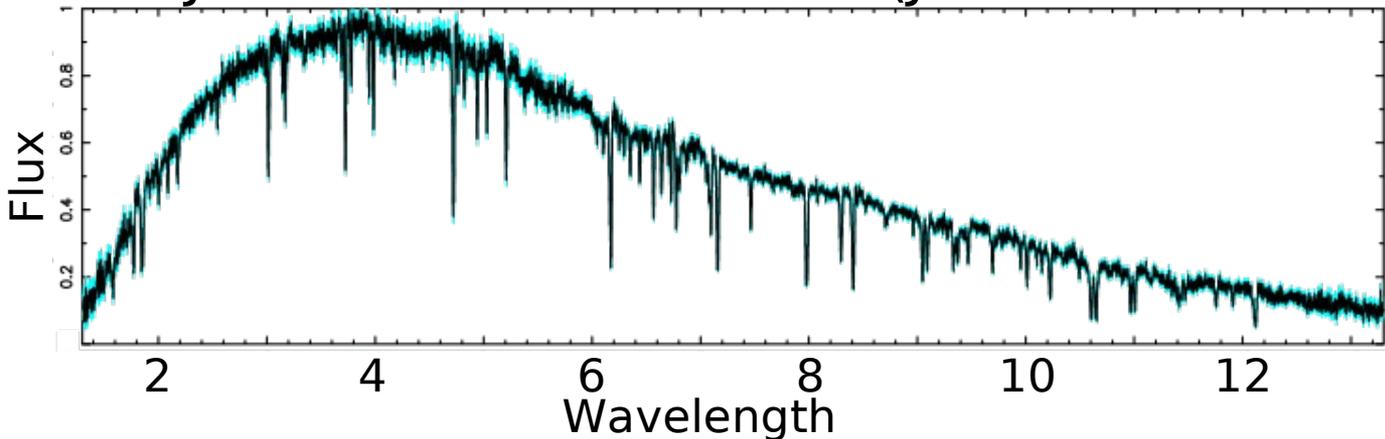


Flanagan et al.

# Disk Winds in Black Hole X-ray Binaries

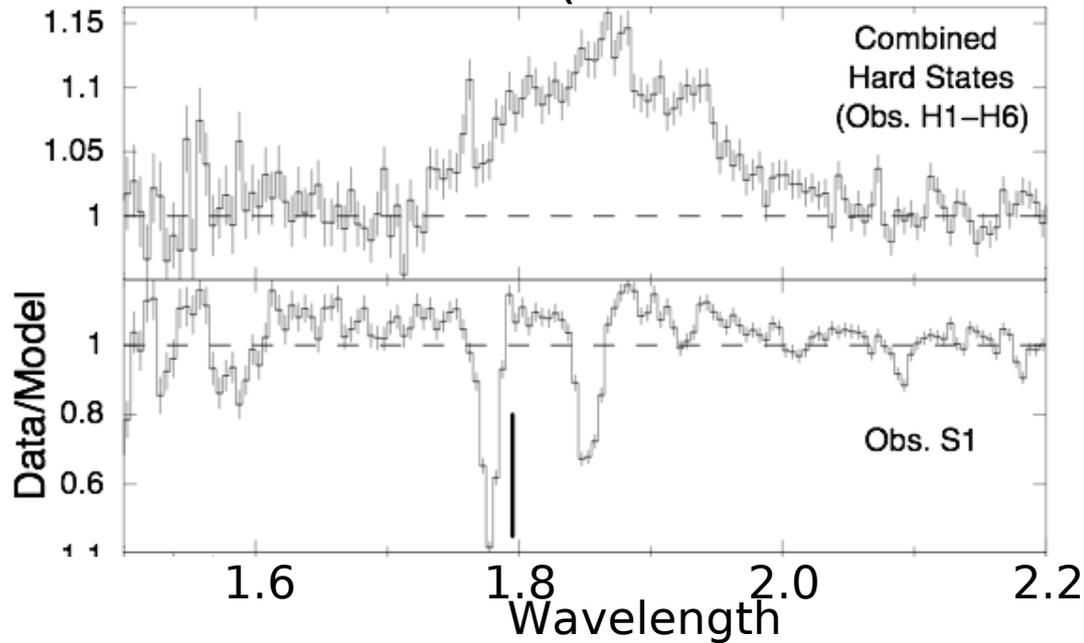
GROJ1655-40

(J. Miller et al. 2008)



Magnetic  
Fields Drive  
Disk Winds

GRS 1915+105 (Neilsen et al. 2009)



Disk  
Winds  
Suppress  
Jets



**914 analysis ready observations**

**308 distinct objects:**

**623 HETG/ACIS**

**91 LETG/ACIS**

**200 LETG/HRC**

**Verification & Validation (V&V):**

All products manually examined for zeroth order position, extraction region, & confusing sources.

**Recently reprocessed to apply CALDB 4.1**

*TGCat*

RESULTS: Found 4 matching extractions

+/-	Links	YobsidA	YobjectA	YinstrumentA	YgratingA	Yra(h:m:s)A	Ydecl(d:m:s)A	Ydate_obs(y-m-d t)A	Yexposure(s)A
<input type="checkbox"/>	Q-P-V-S	1926	Vela X-1	ACIS	HETG	09:02:6.838	-40:33:16.920	2001-02-11 21:20:17	84286.8
<input type="checkbox"/>	Q-P-V-S	102	Vela X-1	ACIS	HETG	09:02:6.847	-40:33:16.776	2000-04-13 09:57:52	28018.8
<input type="checkbox"/>	Q-P-V-S	1927	Vela X-1	ACIS	HETG	09:02:6.845	-40:33:16.812	2001-02-07 09:57:17	30033.5
<input type="checkbox"/>	Q-P-V-S	1928	Vela X-1	ACIS	HETG	09:02:6.845	-40:33:16.776	2001-02-05 05:29:55	30261.3

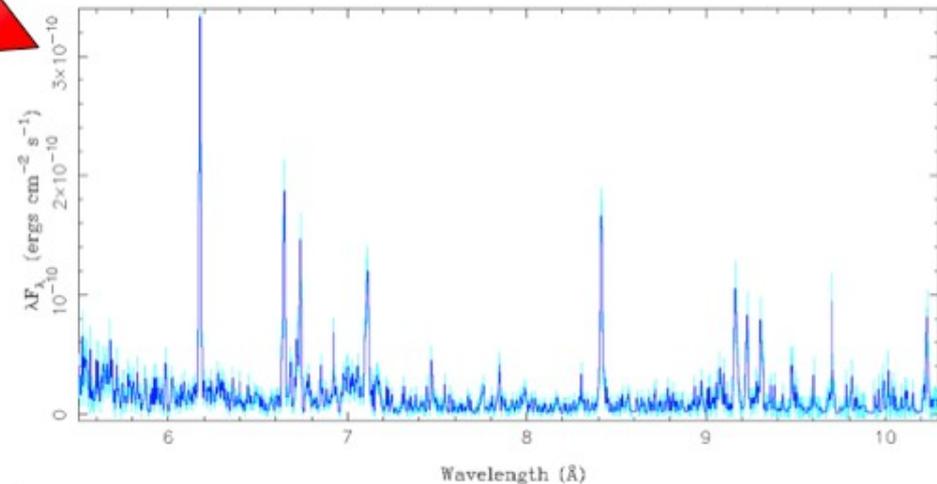
Flux Spectrum (Energy (keV))

press "go" to operate on selections:  limit  download  print

Go Change Columns

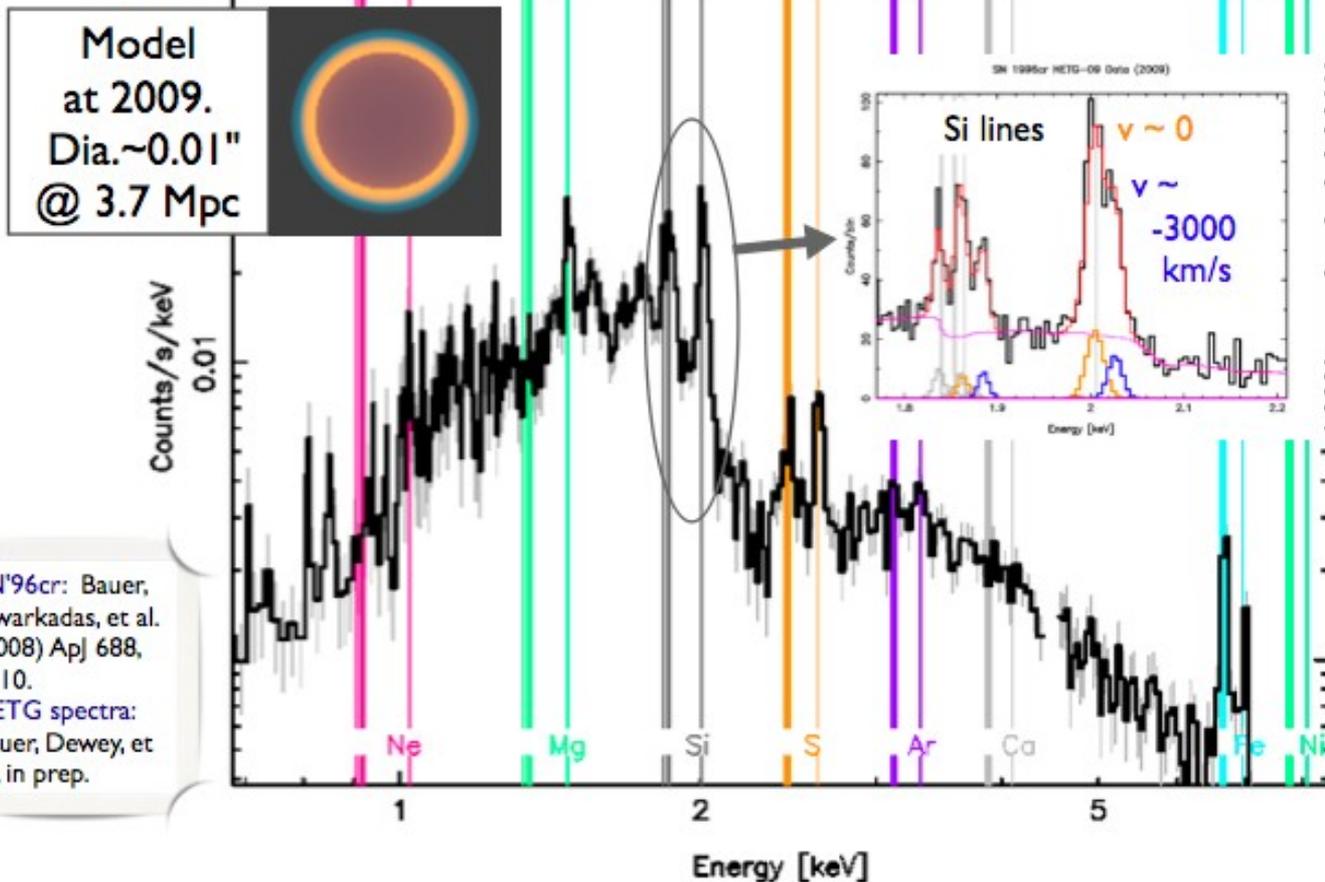


Search, sort, select,  
preview, plot,  
download, ...



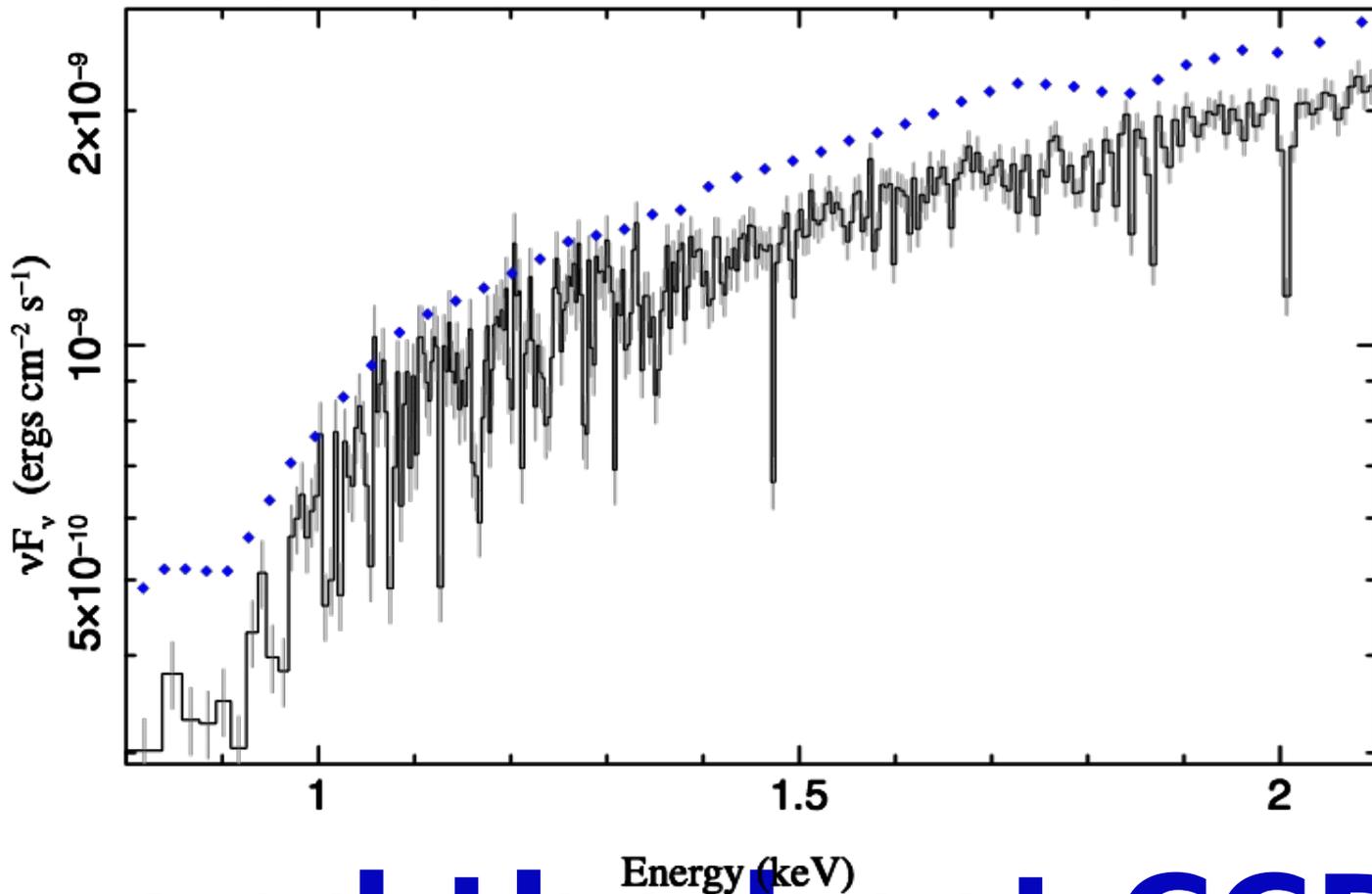
# SN 1996cr w/HETG (485 ks) circa 2009 (PI: F.E. Bauer)

Flux increased years after explosion: bubble-shell CSM structure.  
Line shapes w/o red-shifted emission: SN core blocks backside.



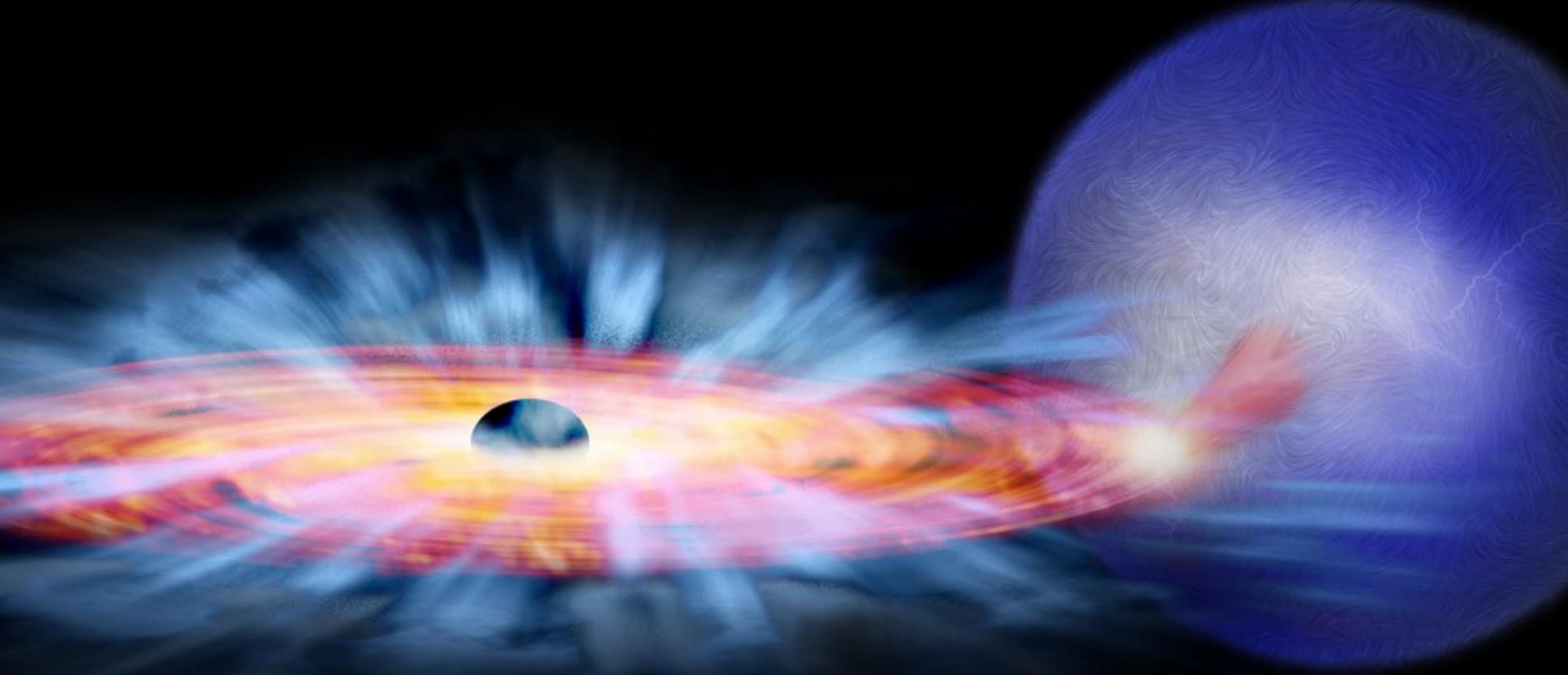
SN'96cr: Bauer,  
Dwarkadas, et al.  
(2008) ApJ 688,  
1210.  
HETG spectra:  
Bauer, Dewey, et  
al., in prep.

# Cyg X-1 Disk & Atmosphere Viewed with HETG ...



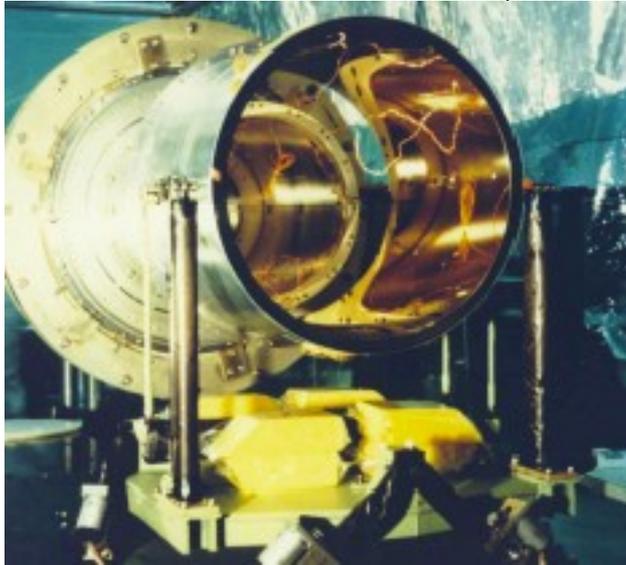
... and the best CCDs  
(Suzaku)

# Understanding the Atmosphere Crucial for Constraining the Physics

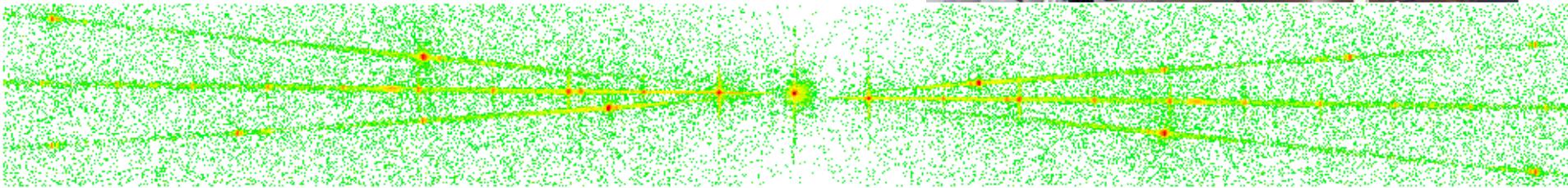
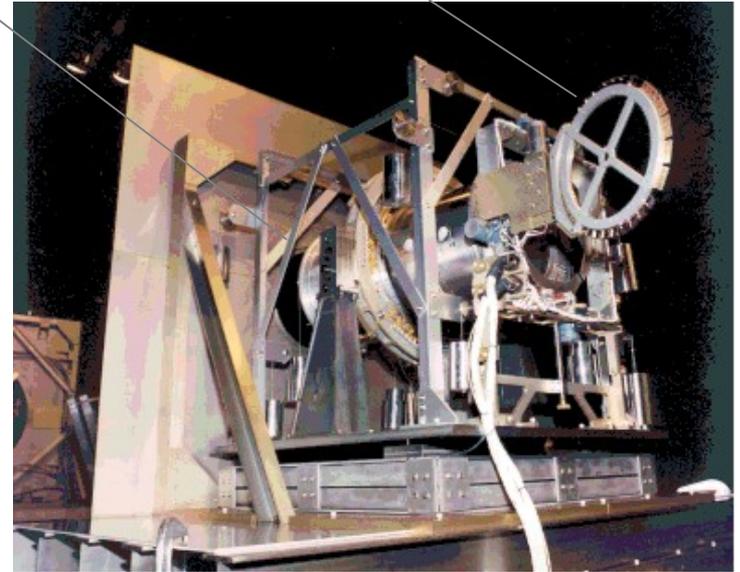


**Magnetic driving? Transitions from  
Disks to Jets?**

## Test Mirror Assembly (TMA)



Grating facets on wheel (in open position)

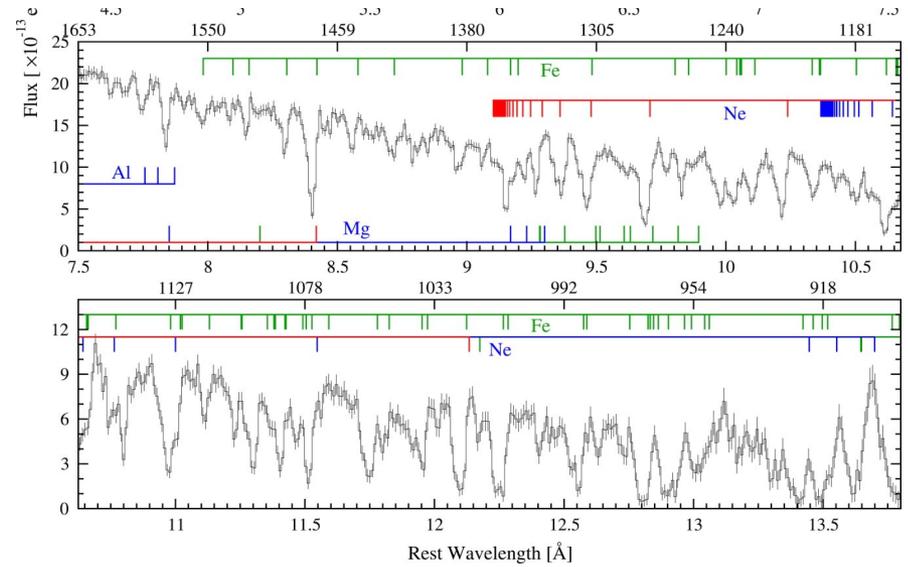
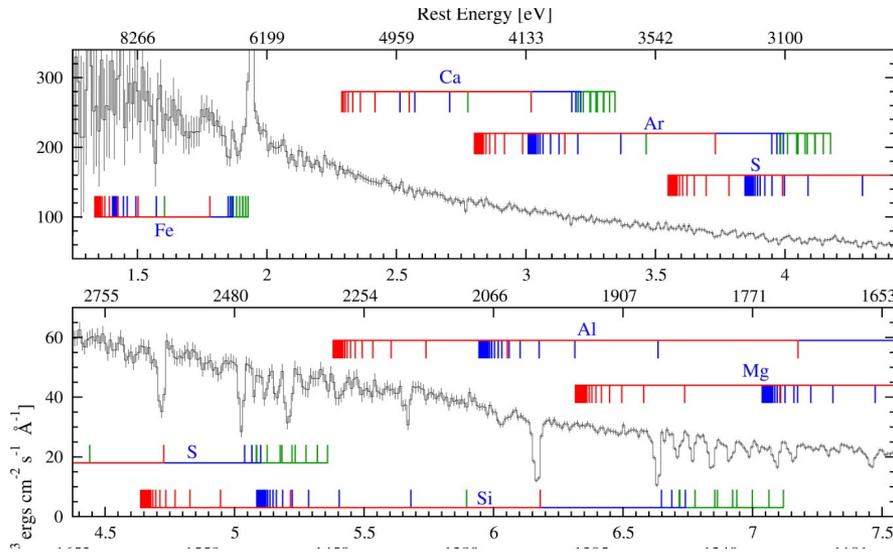


## 1996 TMA Objective Grating Assembly (TOGA) test at MSFC/XRCF

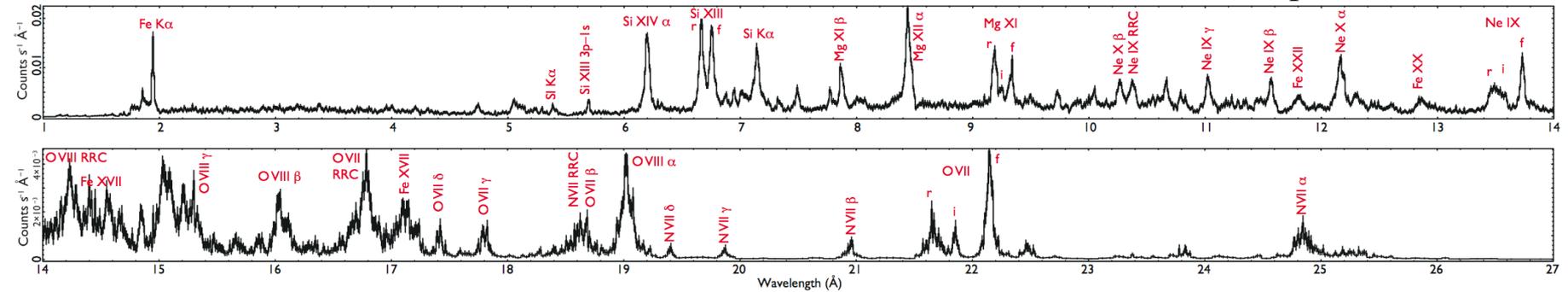
Twelve years after initial proposal, the first real evidence that grating assembly would perform as expected!!

*“[expletive deleted]!!! I might even use the gratings!” --- Leon van Speybroeck*

# Environments of Active Galactic Nuclei



NGC 3783 Kaspi et al. 2002



NGC 1068 Evans et al. 2009