

# REVELATIONS IN OUR OWN BACKYARD: CHANDRA'S UNIQUE GALACTIC CENTER DISCOVERIES



NASA/CXC/UMass/D. Wang et al.

Sera Markoff  
(University of Amsterdam)

# Thanks to my many GC collaborators & colleagues

Fred Baganoff

Geoff Bower

Tuan Do

Andreas Eckart

Heino Falcke

Reinhardt Genzel

Andrea Ghez

Luis Ho

Cornelia Lang

Dipankar Maitra

Fulvio Melia

Leo Meyer

Mark Morris

Michael Muno

Ramesh Narayan

Elliott Quataert

Rainer Schödel

Daniel Wang

Feng Yuan

Farhad Yusef-Zadeh

\*\*\*\*\*

GCNEWSletter team

Chandra Schedulers!

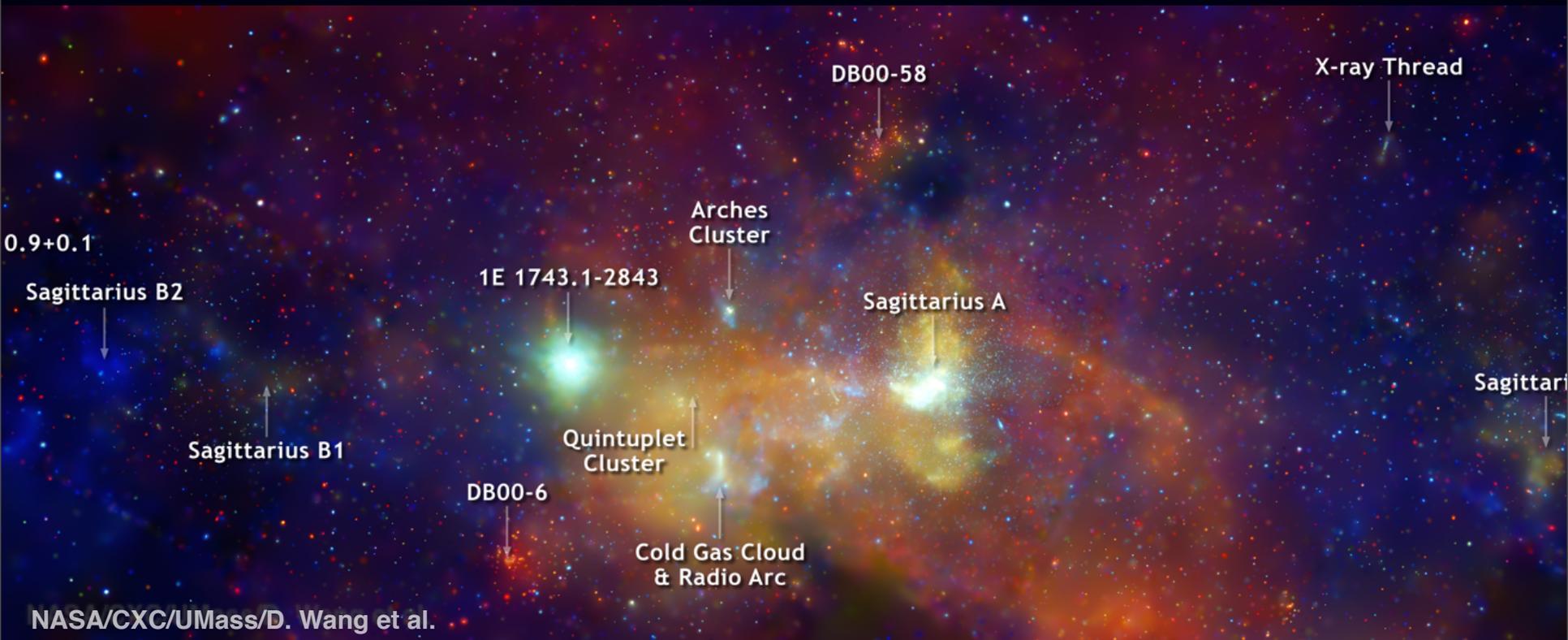
ACIS/HETGS Teams

CXC PR: Peter & Megan

Claude Canizares

Harvey Tannanbaum

# REVELATIONS IN OUR OWN BACKYARD: CHANDRA'S UNIQUE GALACTIC CENTER DISCOVERIES



Sera Markoff  
(University of Amsterdam)

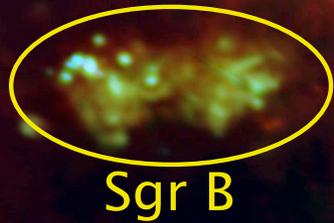
# Zooming in on the Galactic center

**MIR: Spitzer IRAC (Ramirez, Stolovy, Arendt)**



# Zooming in on the Galactic center

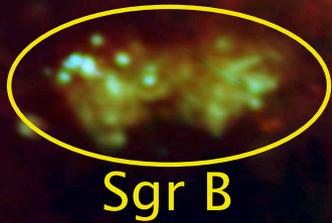
Radio: VLA 6cm (Lang), 20cm (Yusef-Zadeh), 90cm (Lazio)



10 pc

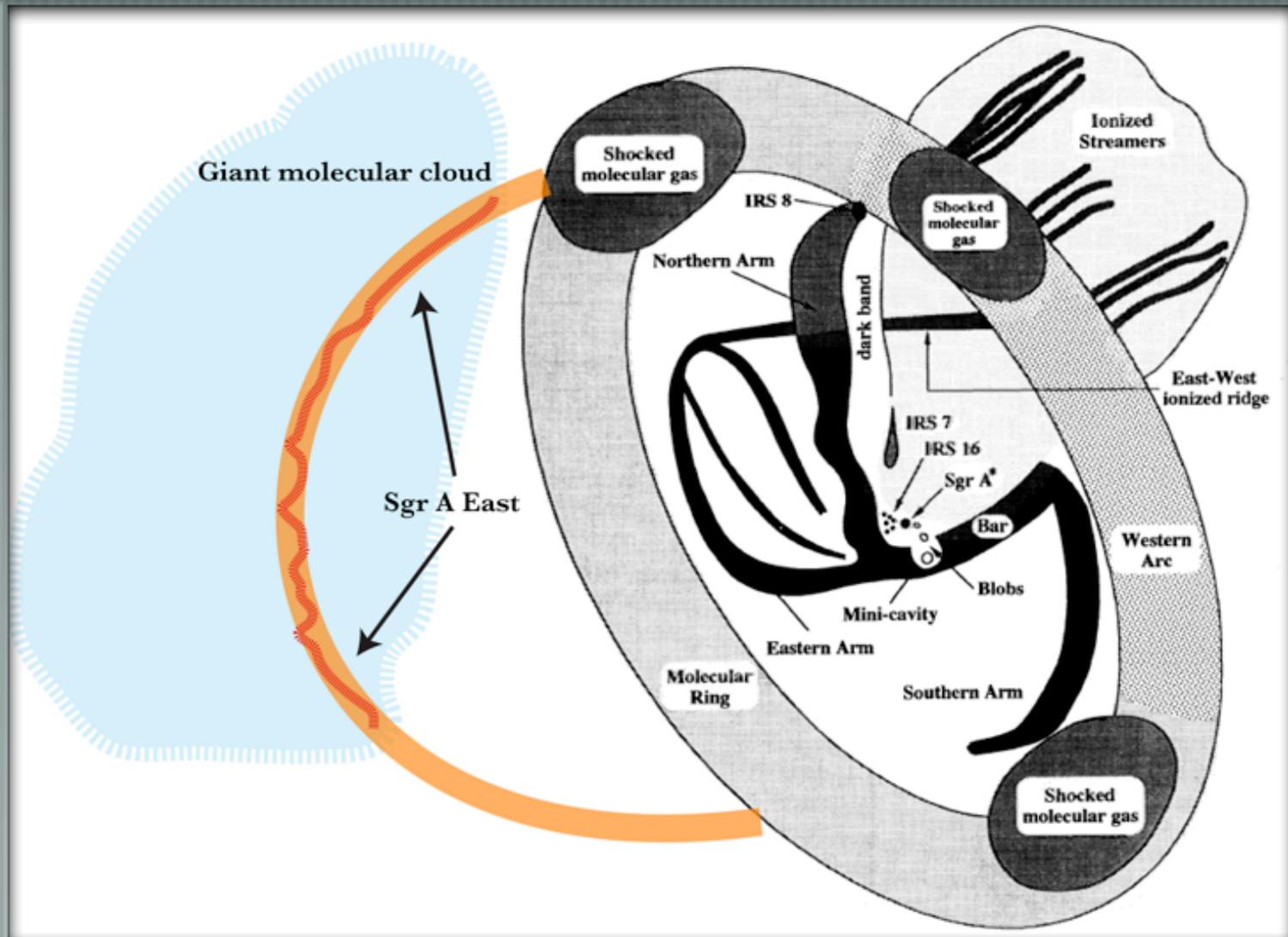
# Zooming in on the Galactic center

Radio: VLA 6cm (Lang), 20cm (Yusef-Zadeh), 90cm (Lazio)

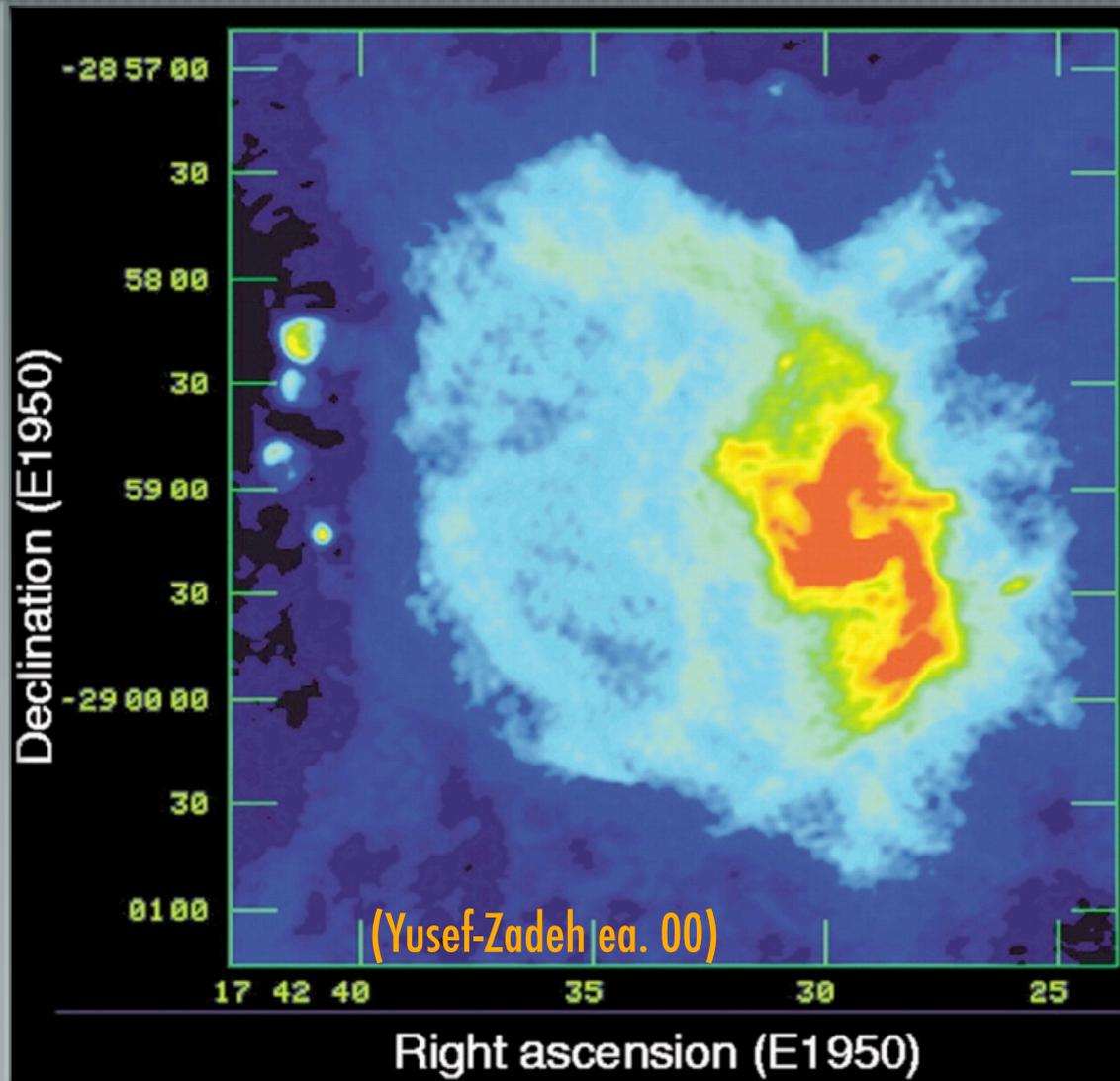


10 pc

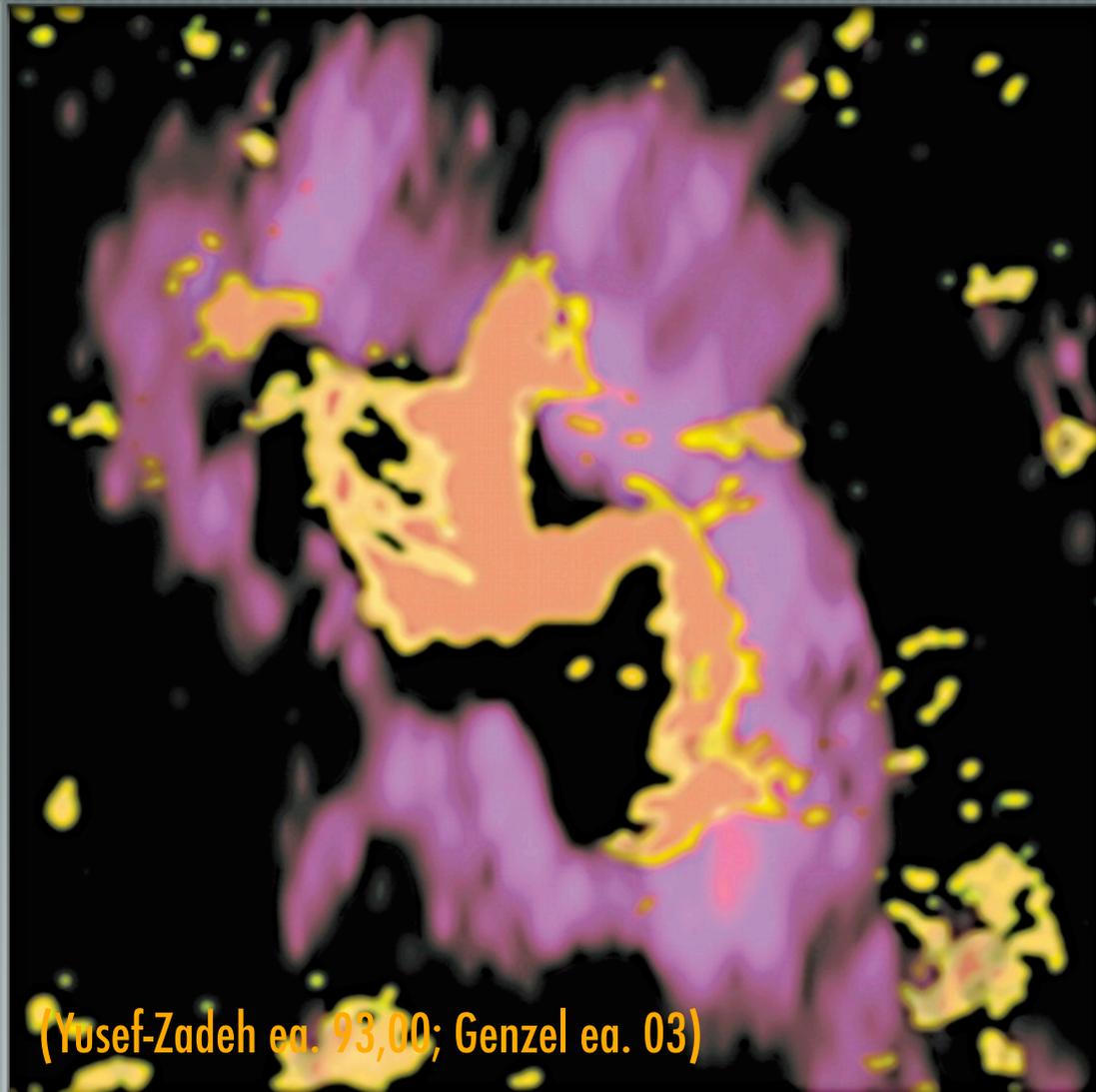
# Zooming in on the Galactic center



# Zooming in on the Galactic center

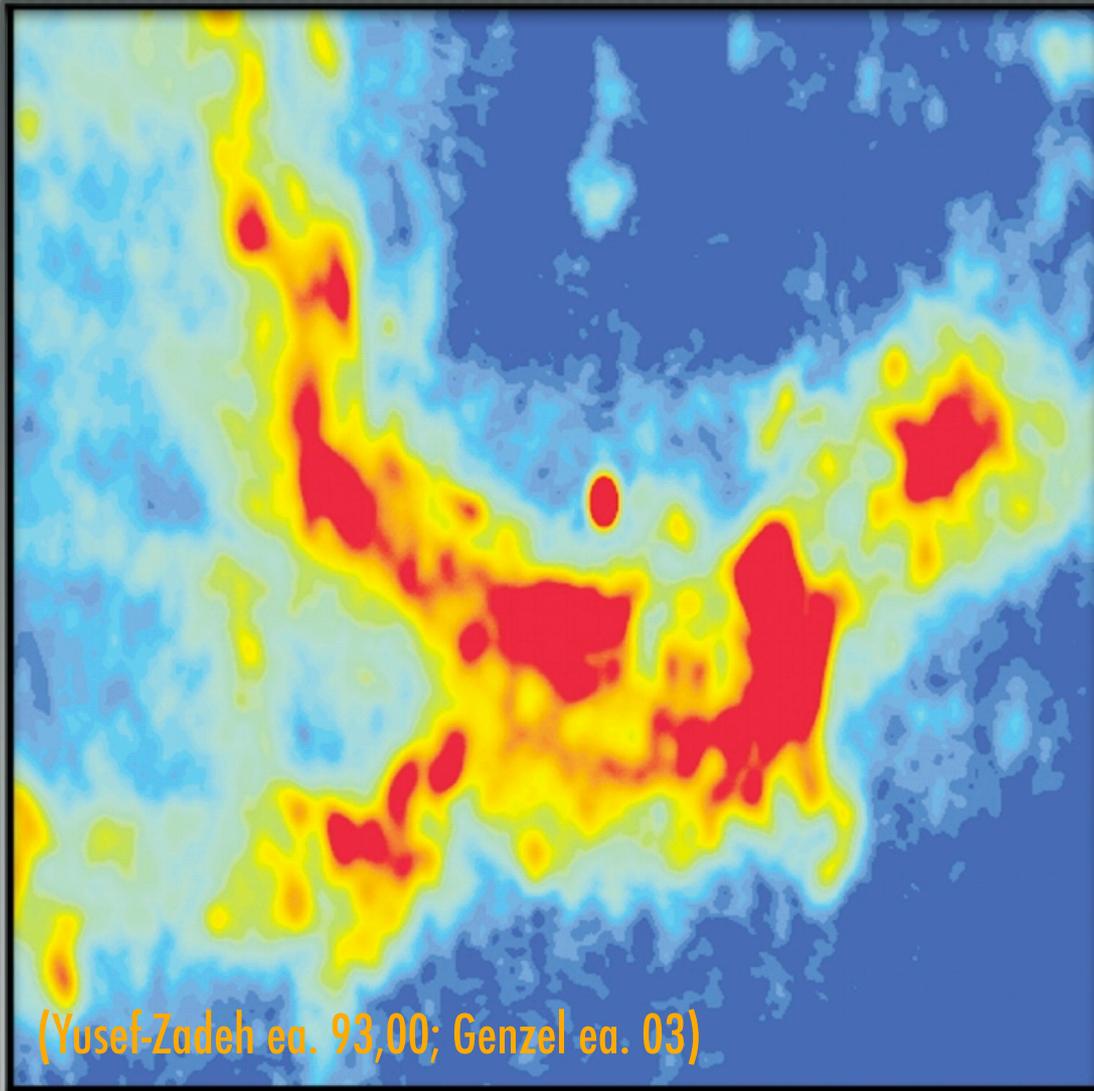


# Zooming in on the Galactic center

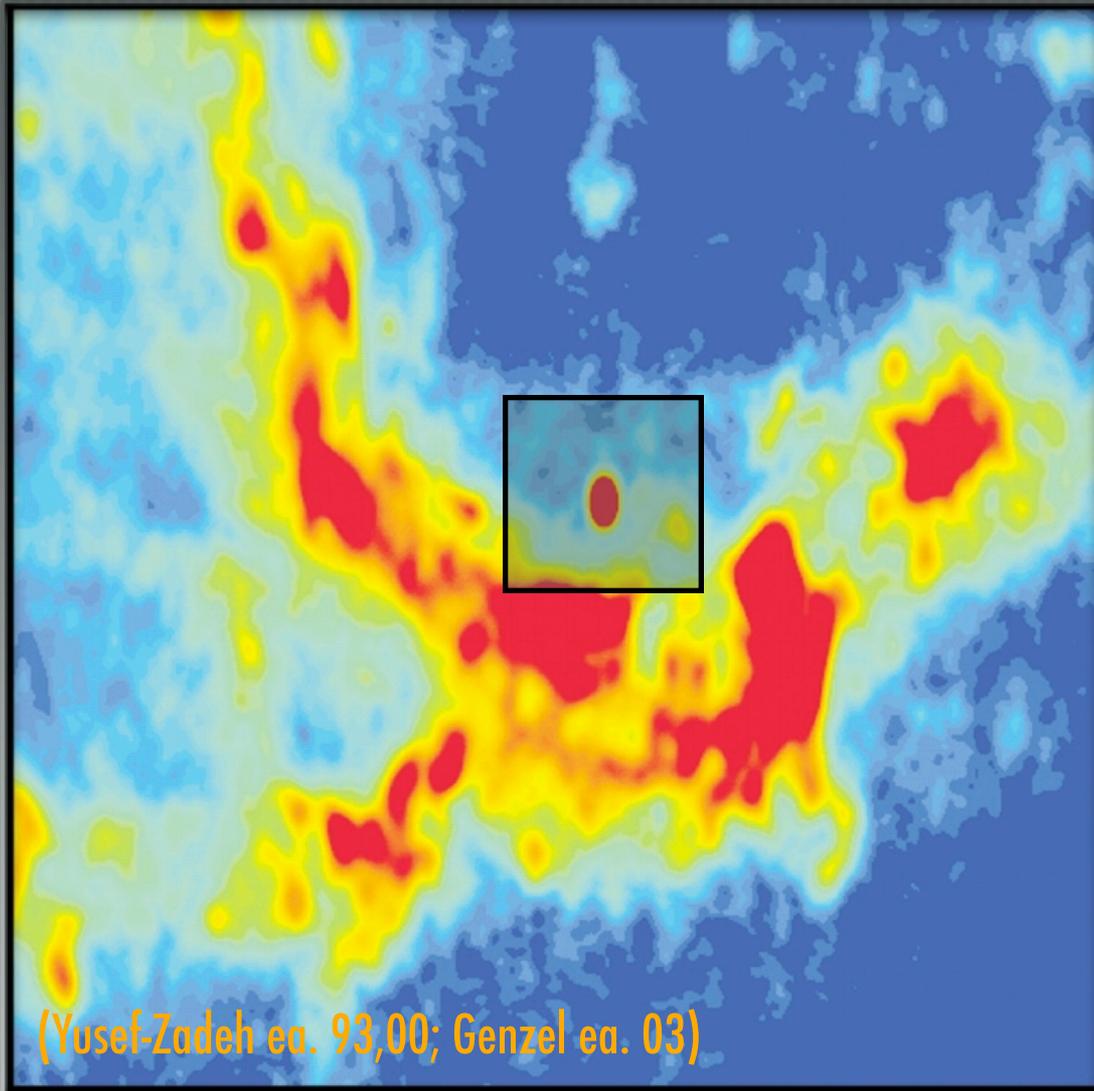


(Yusef-Zadeh ea. 93,00; Genzel ea. 03)

# Zooming in on the Galactic center

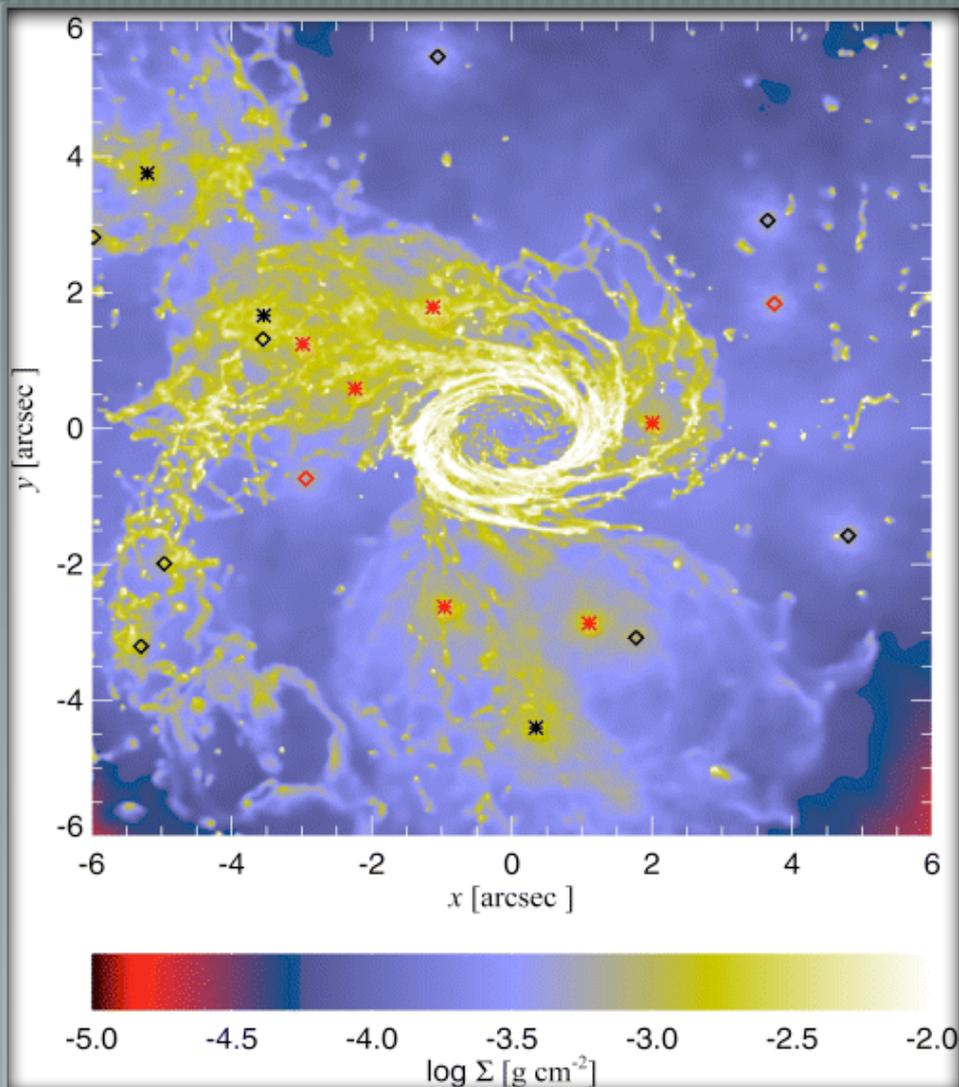


# Zooming in on the Galactic center





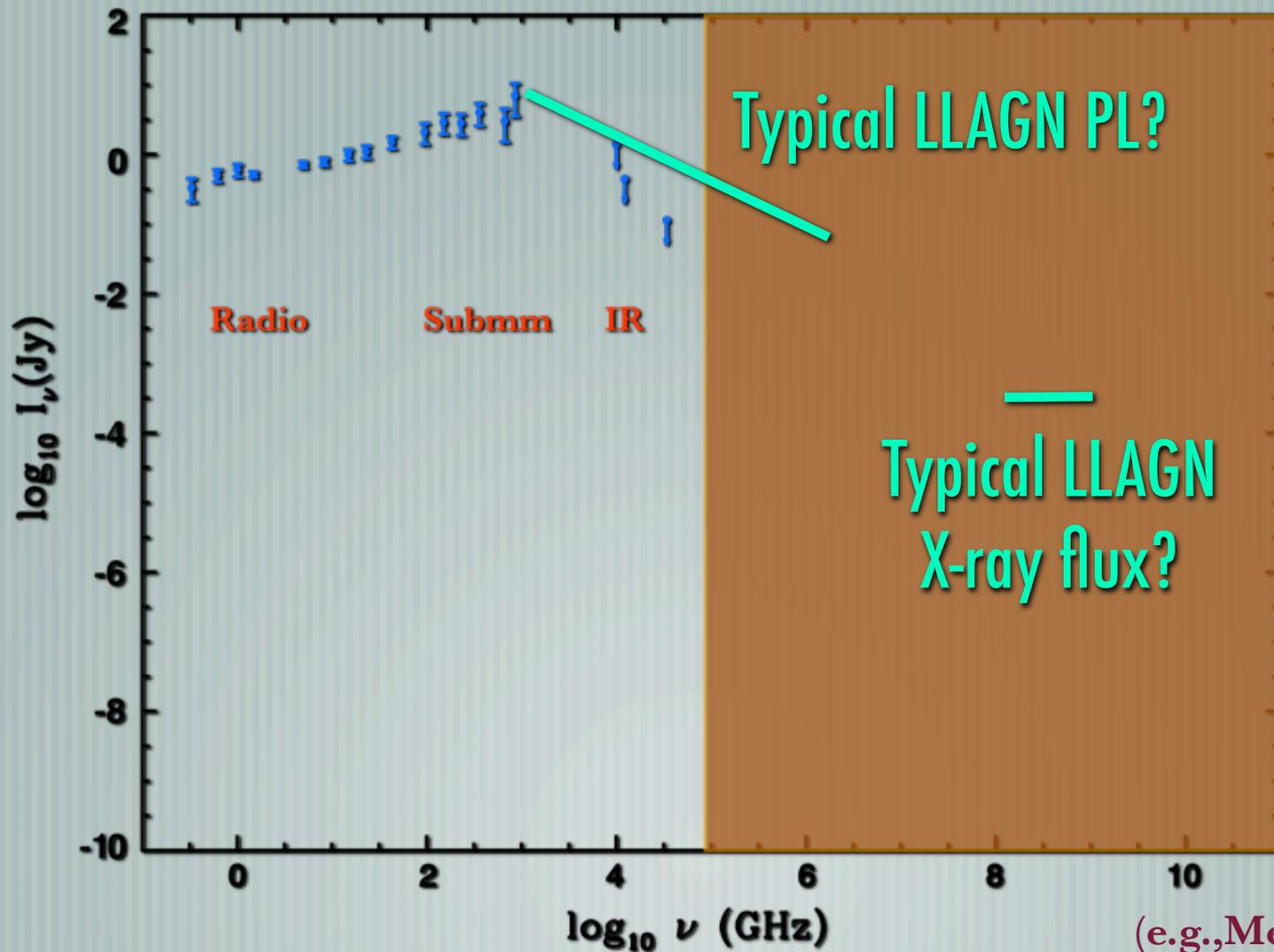
# Stellar orbits and types measured – Can estimate available “fuel” for SMBH



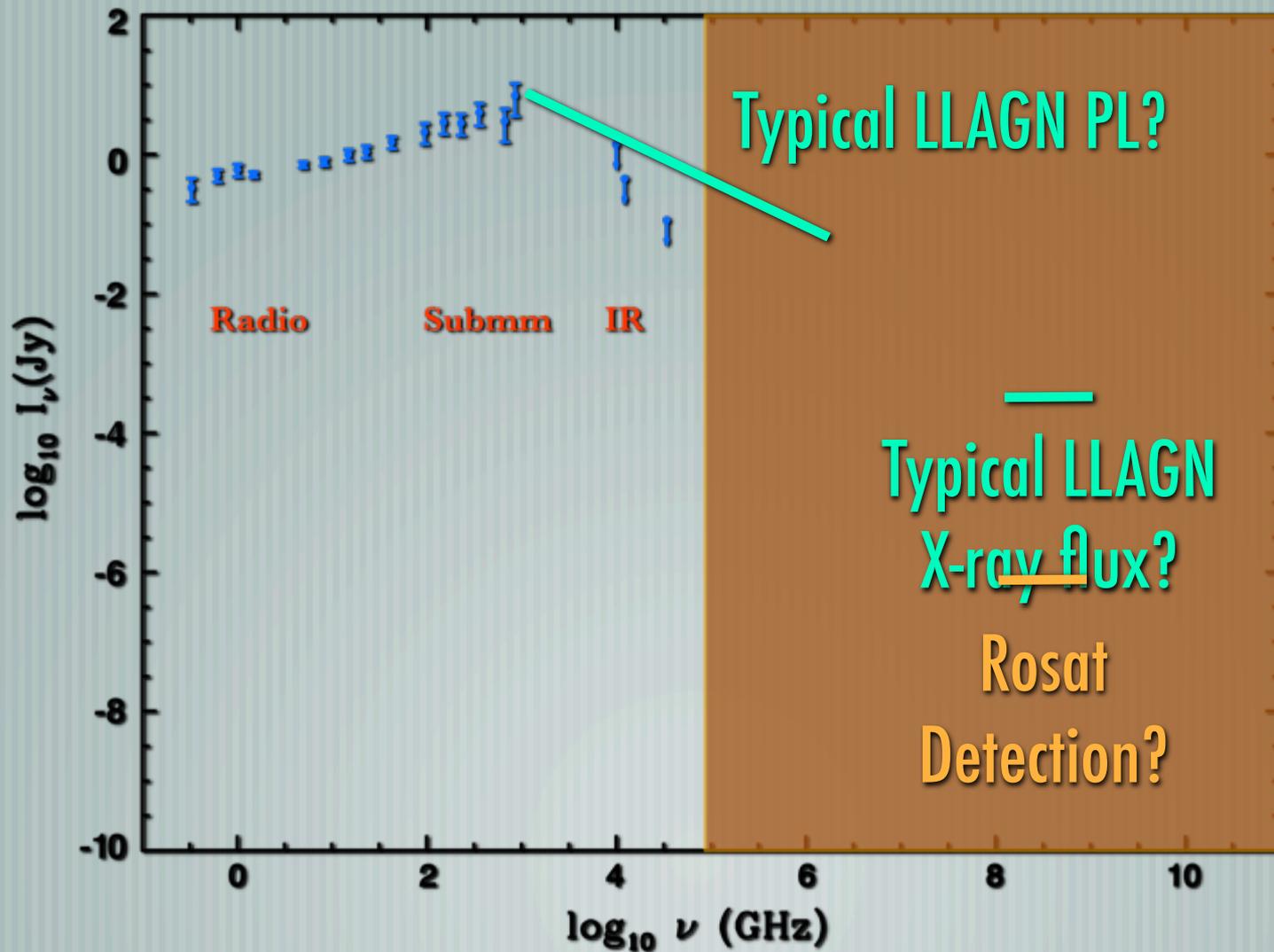
- ◆ Estimates based on stellar winds and simulations thereof:  
 $10^{-5} - 10^{-3} M_{\odot}/\text{yr}$
- ◆ At 10% efficiency would expect  
 $L_{\text{Bol}} \sim 10^{-4} - 10^{-2} L_{\text{Edd}}$

(Coker & Melia 97, 00, Cuadra ea. 05)

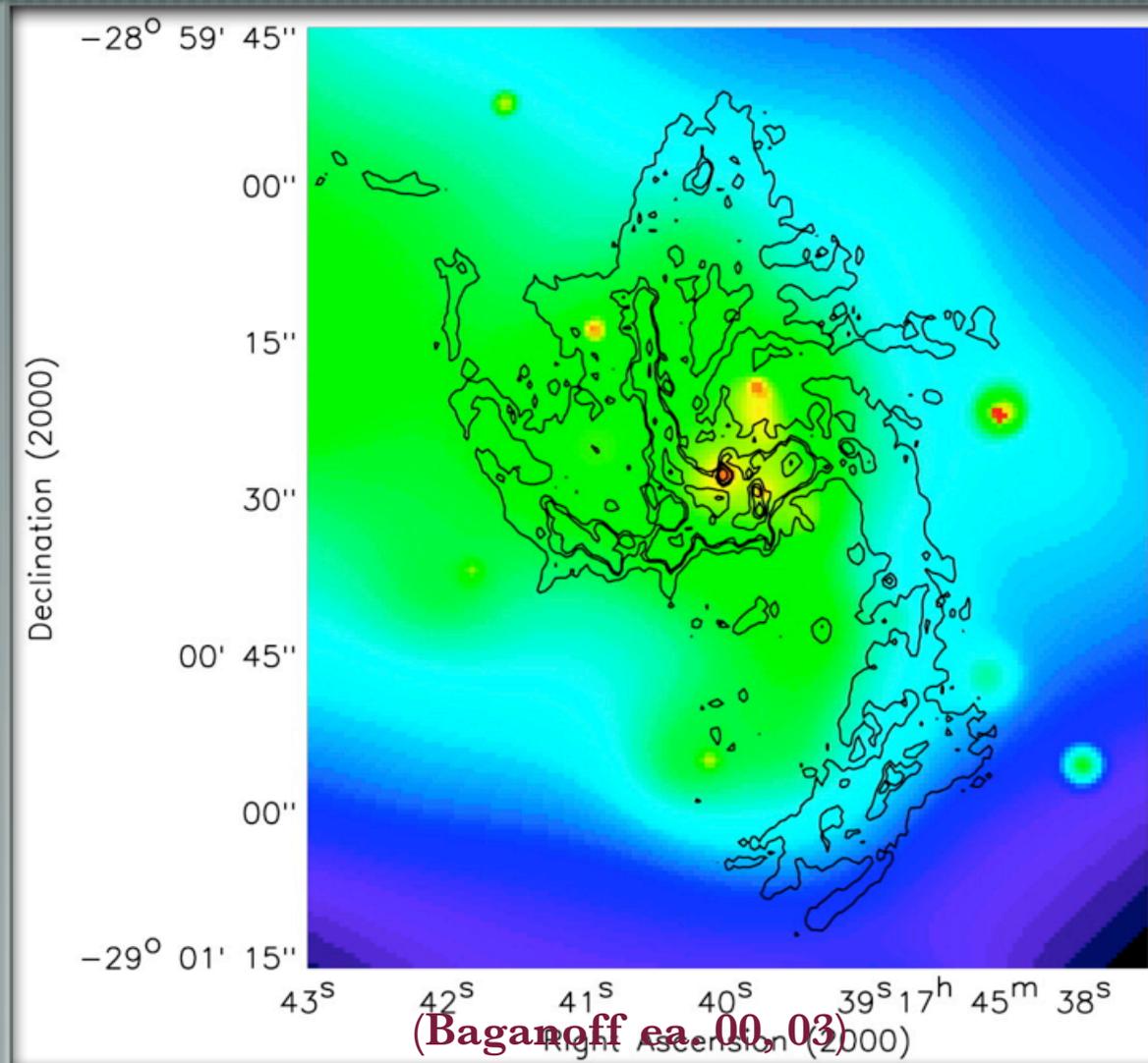
Before Chandra's launch we only had radio limits for Sgr A\*, upper limits in IR



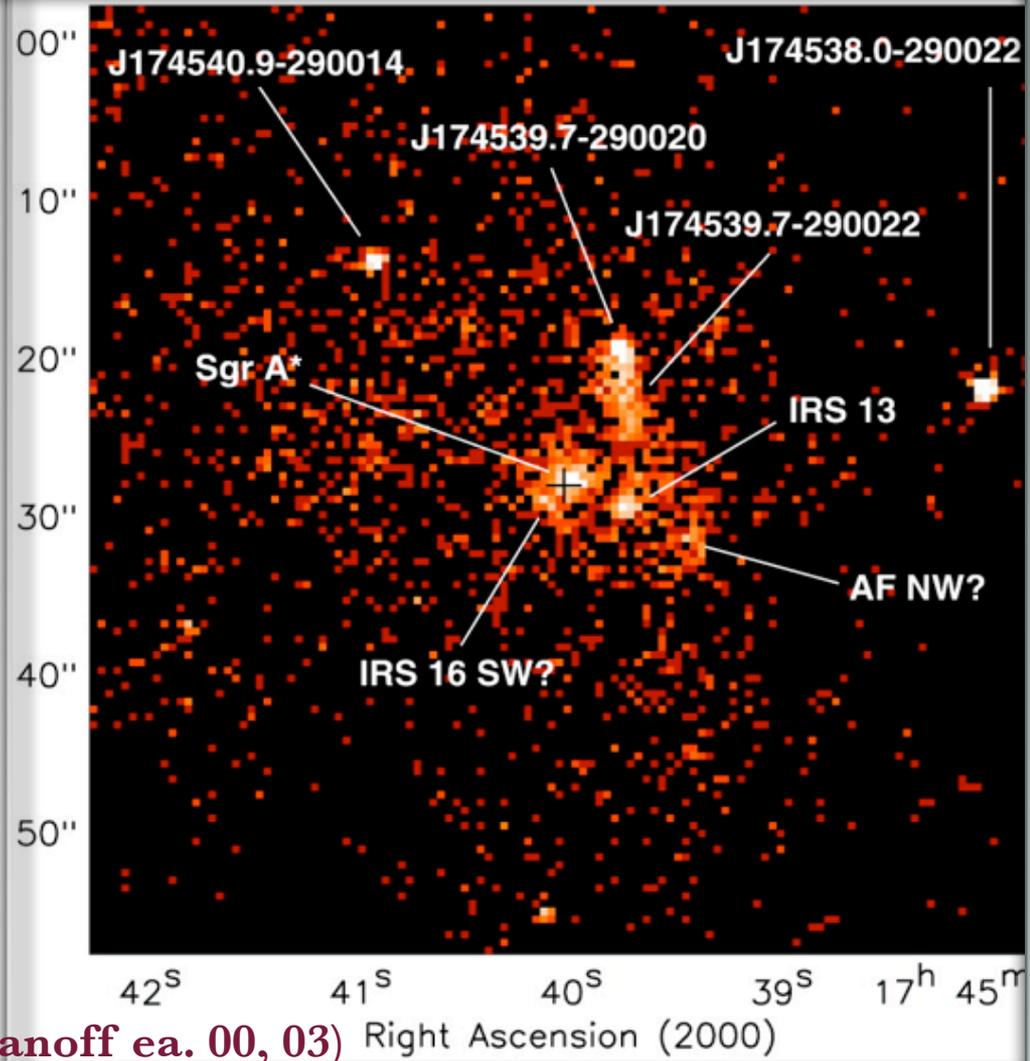
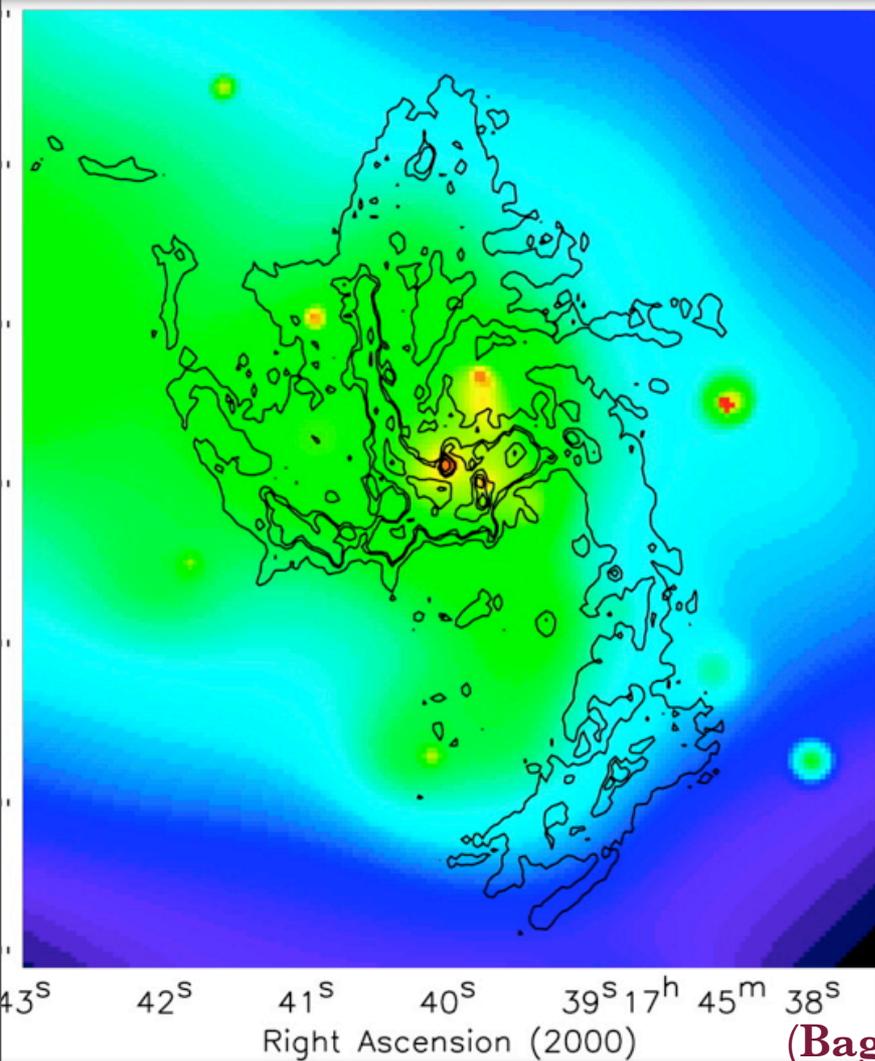
Nor did we have a good sense from the earlier X-ray/gamma-ray missions



# Finally, Chandra discovers X-rays conclusively from Sgr A\*!

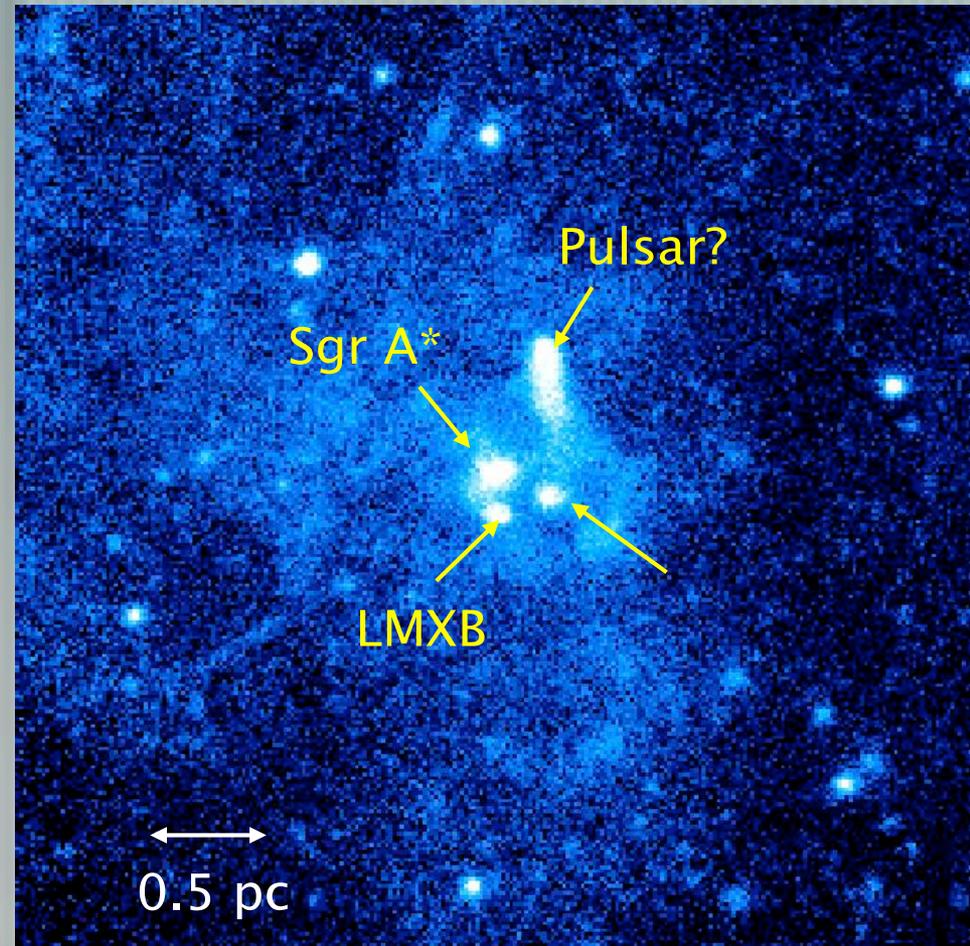
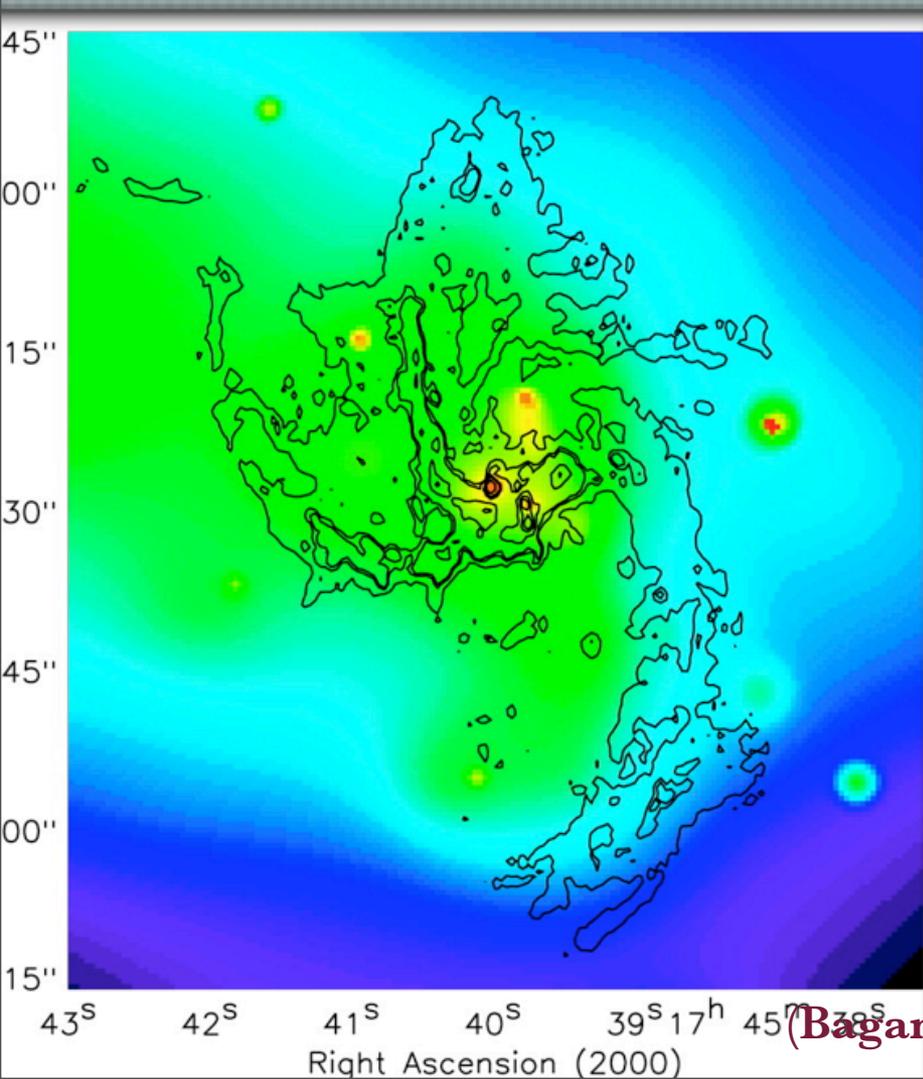


# Finally, Chandra discovers X-rays conclusively from Sgr A\*!



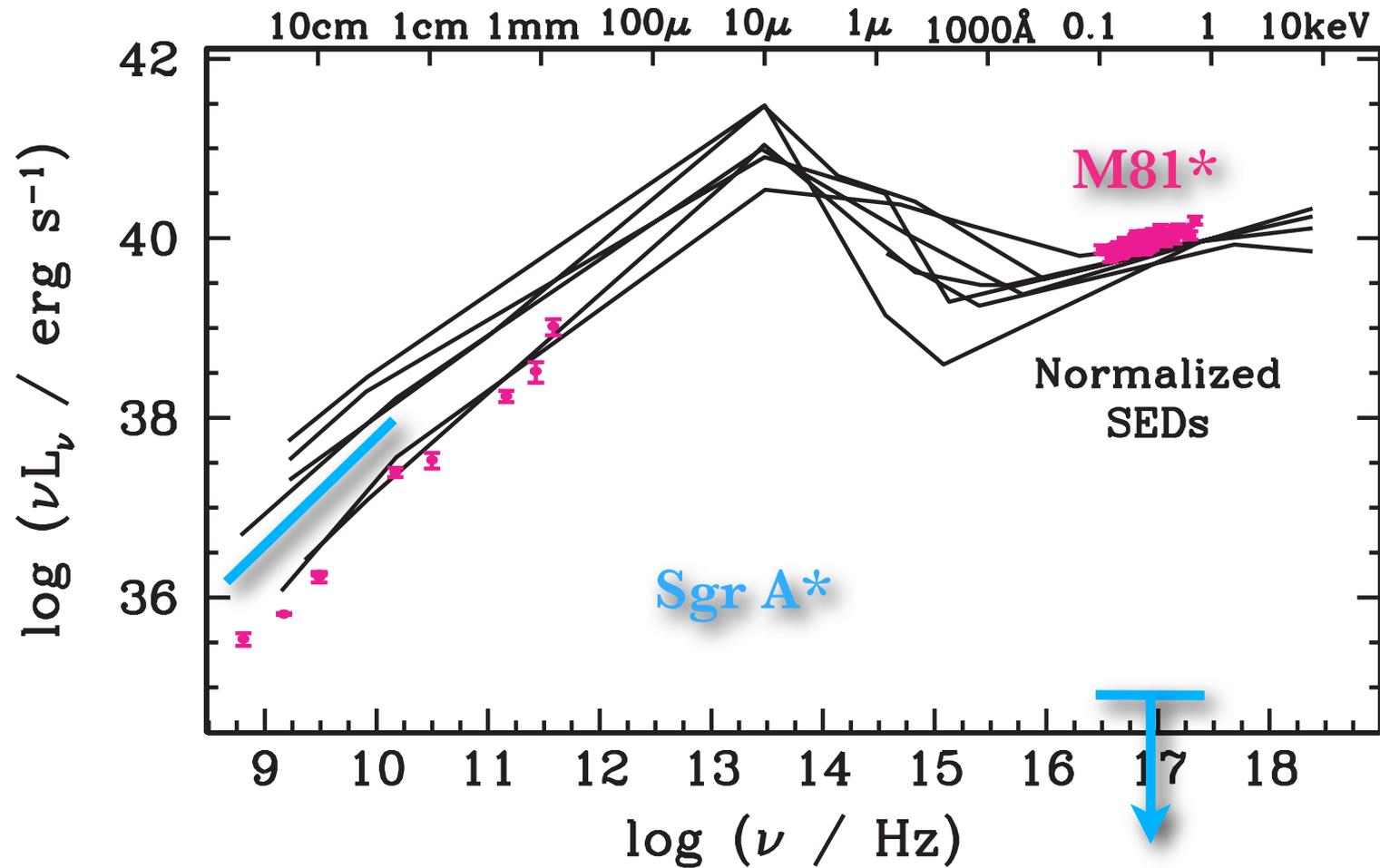
(Baganoff ea. 00, 03)

# Finally, Chandra discovers X-rays conclusively from Sgr A\*!

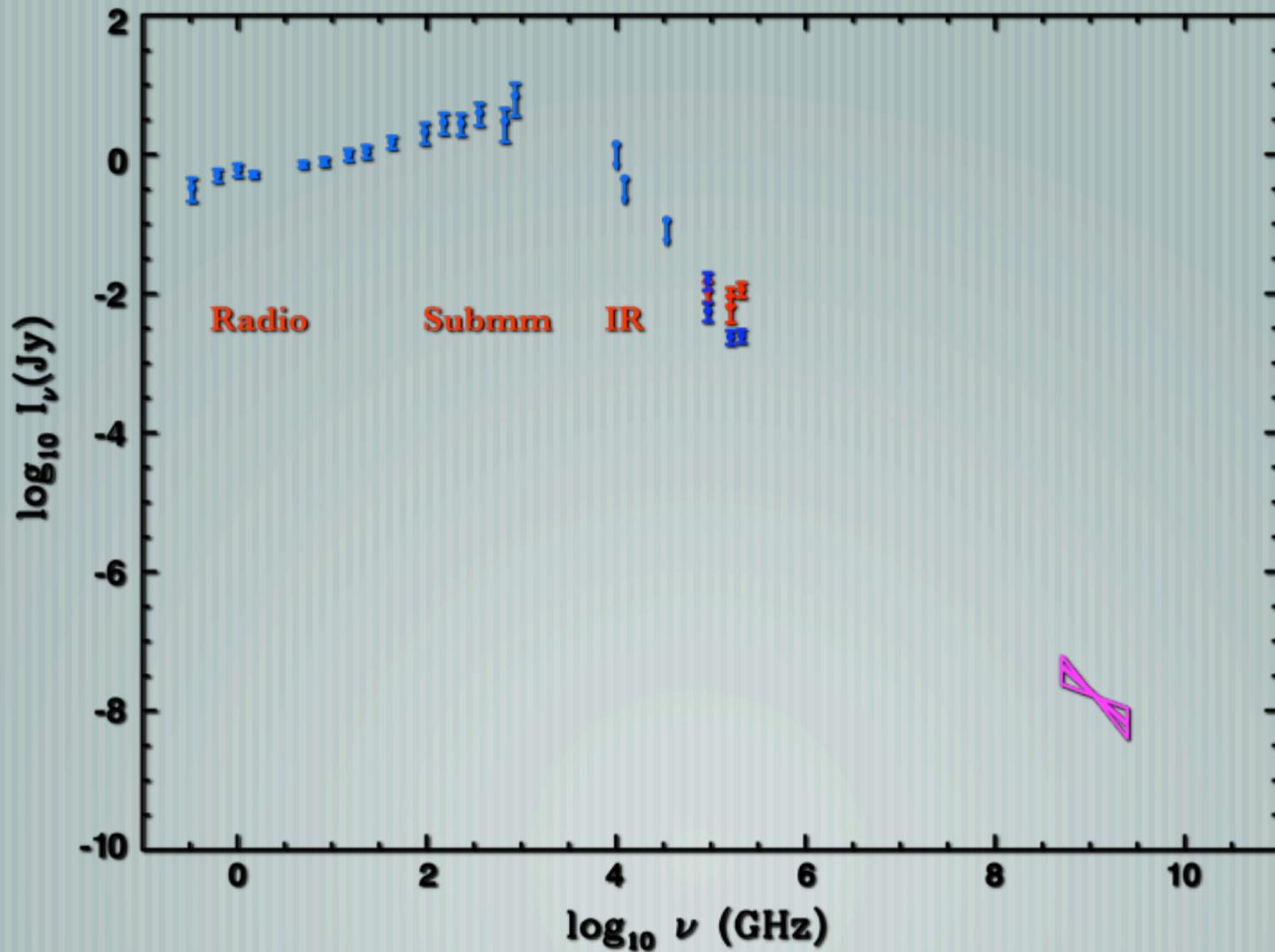


(Baganoff et al. 2000, 2003)

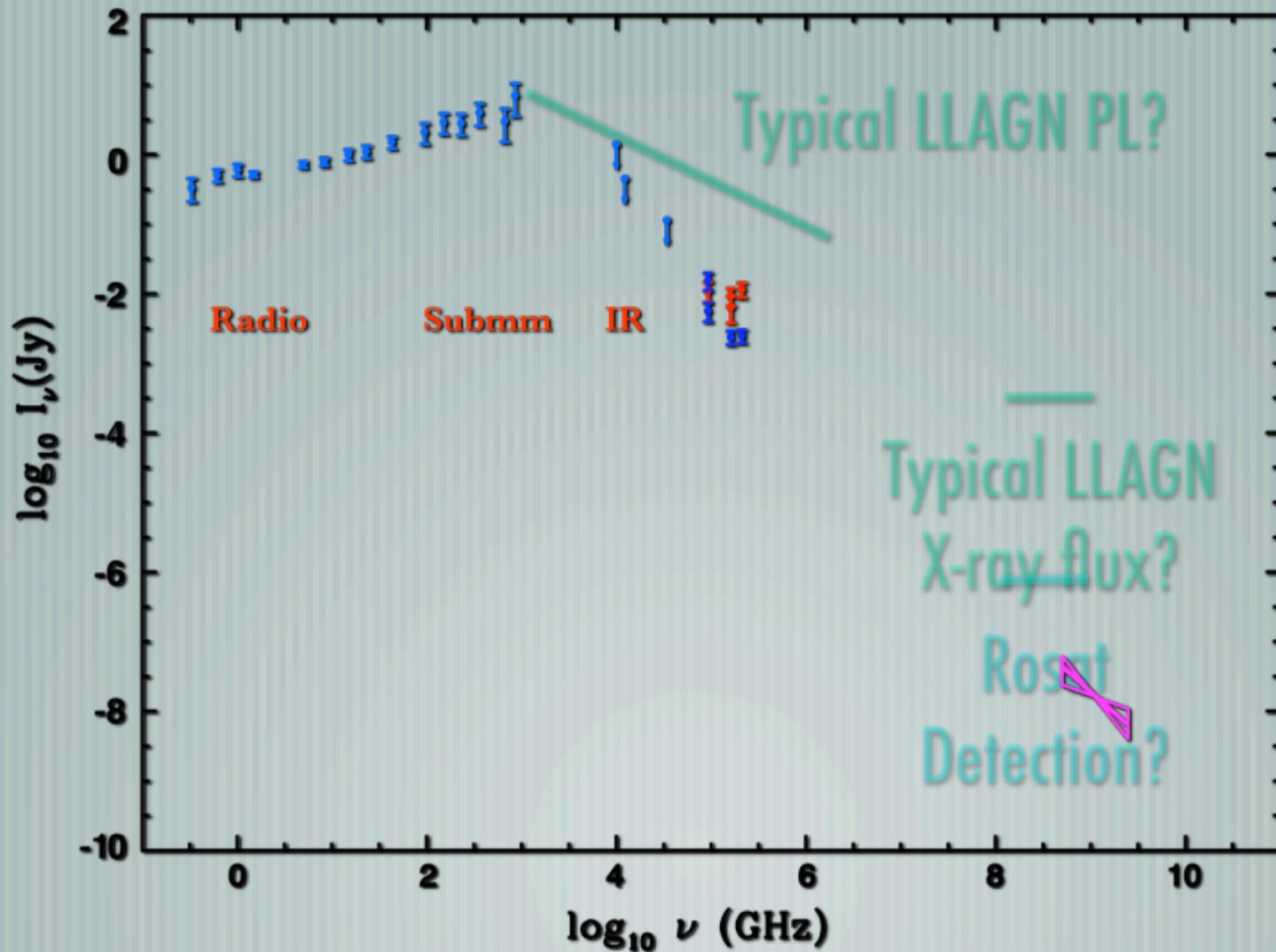
# Comparison with nearby LLAGN



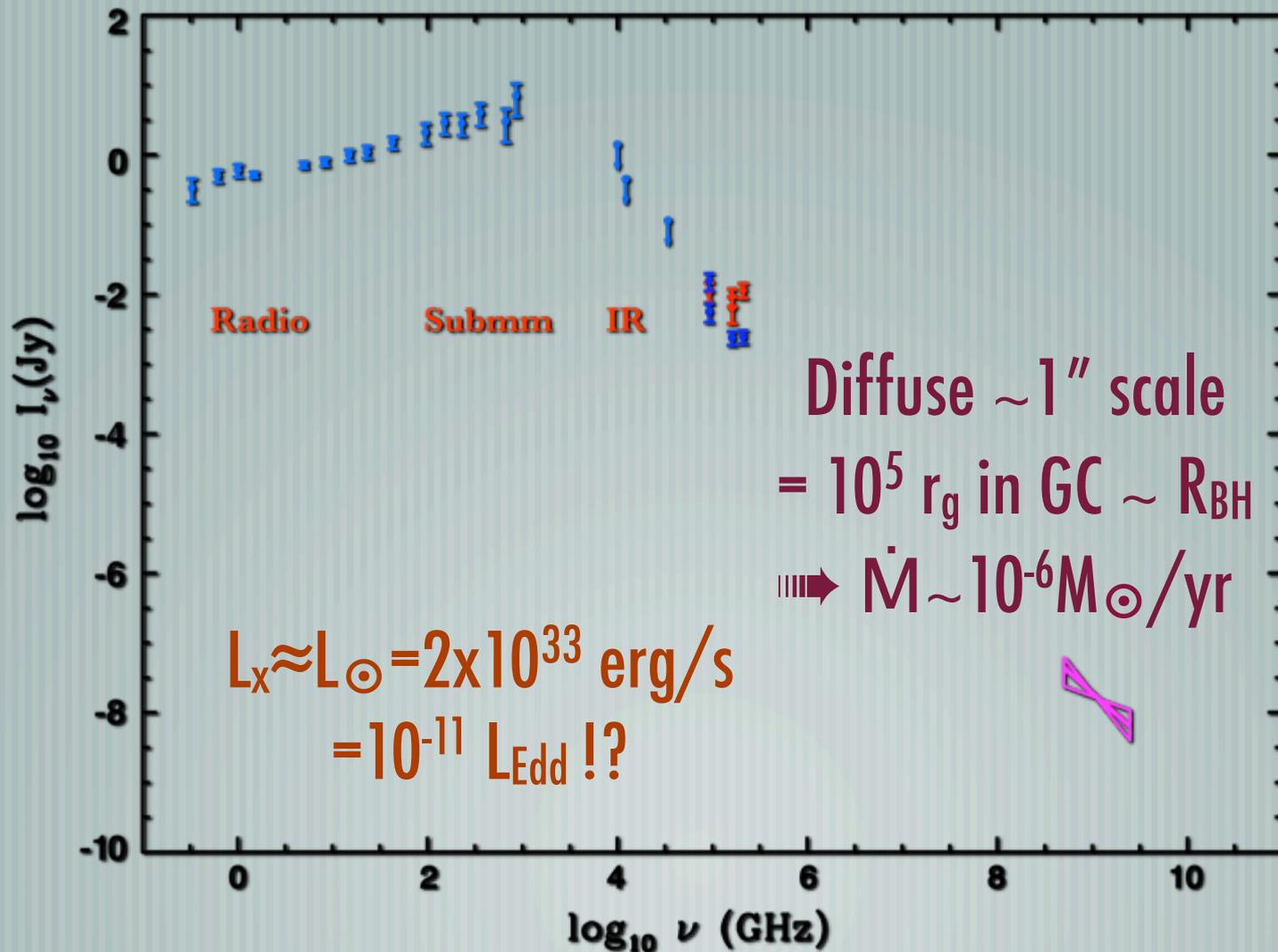
# Sgr A\* quiescent spectrum – Very weak!



# Sgr A\* quiescent spectrum – Very weak!



# Sgr A\* quiescent spectrum – Very weak!



# This was quite a shocker for theorists!

— [ What happened to all that matter from stars?

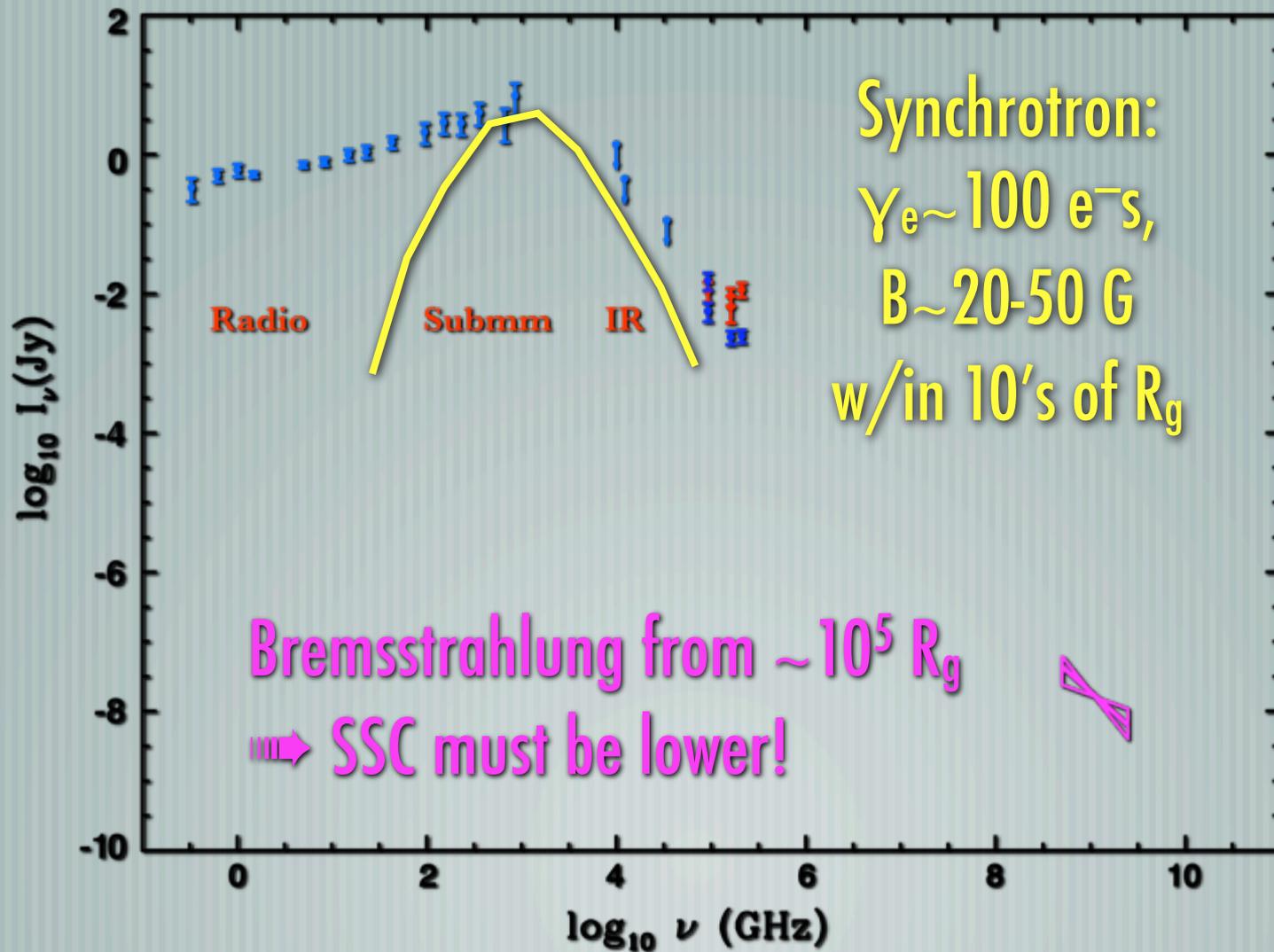
✱ Reliance on some form of radiative inefficiency:

ADAFs ~ Ichimaru '77, Rees ea. '82, Narayan ea. 95,98; Jets ~ Falcke & SM '00

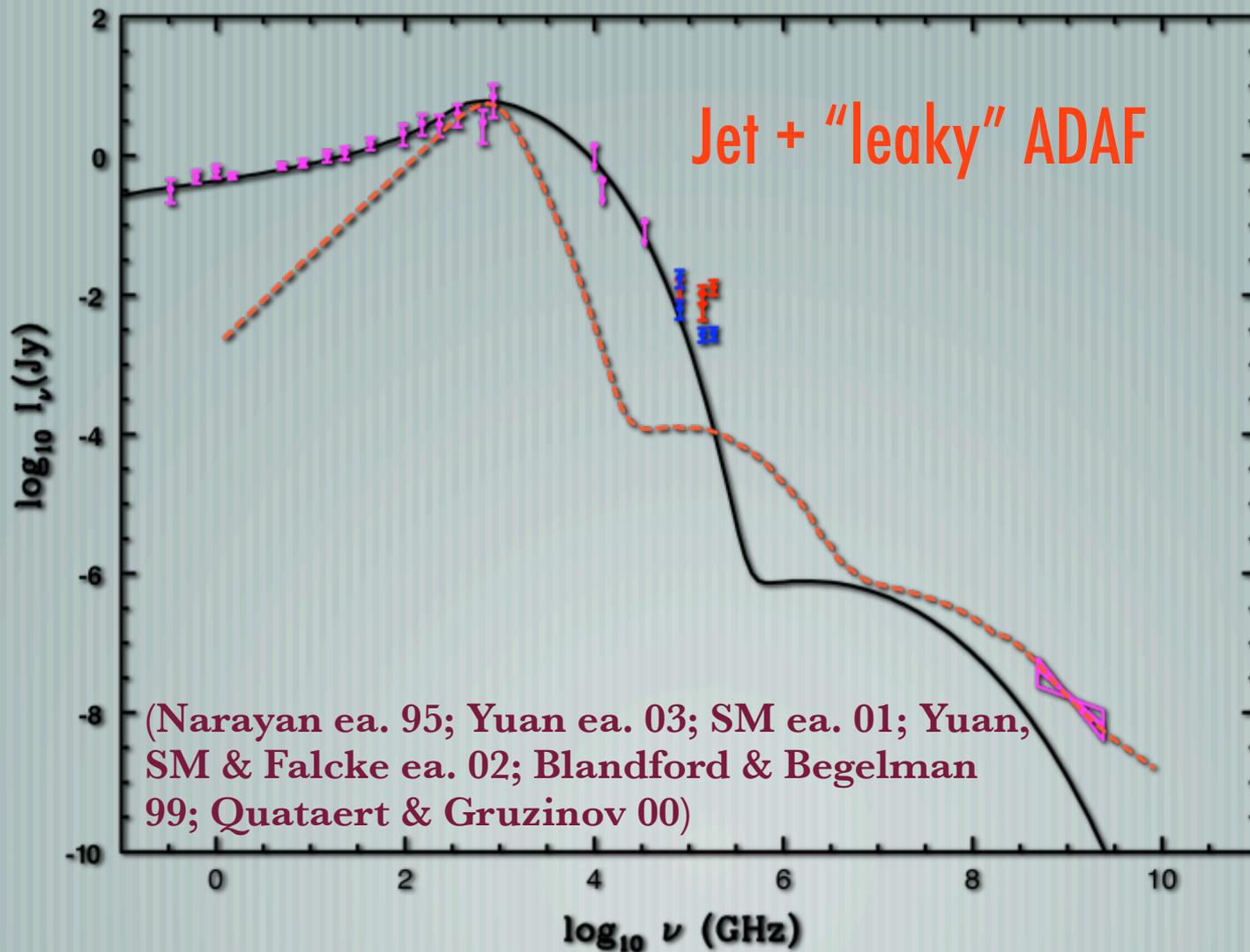
✱ Very soft spectrum + pathetically low  $L_x$  leaves three possibilities:

- $\dot{M} \ll \dot{M}_{\text{BH}}$ , radiative inefficiency not needed?
- $\dot{M} \leq \dot{M}_{\text{BH}}$   $\implies$  radiative inefficiency + reworking
- $\dot{M} \leq \dot{M}_{\text{BH}}$   $\implies$  outflows/jets (+ radiative ineffic.?)

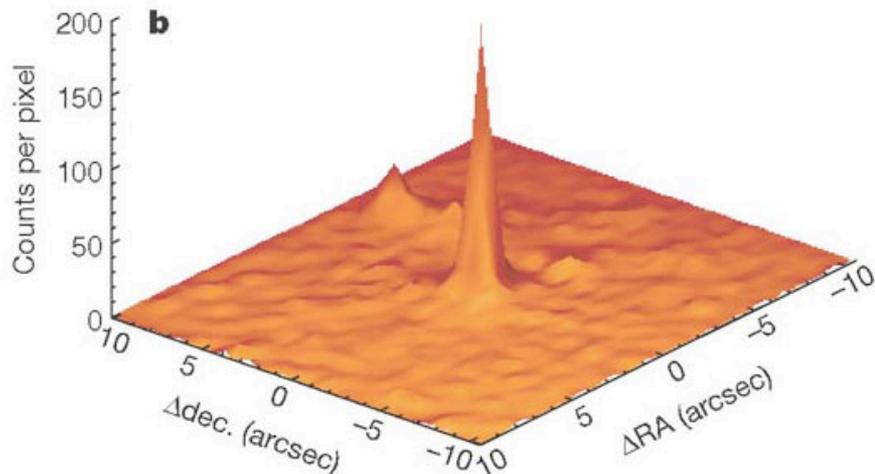
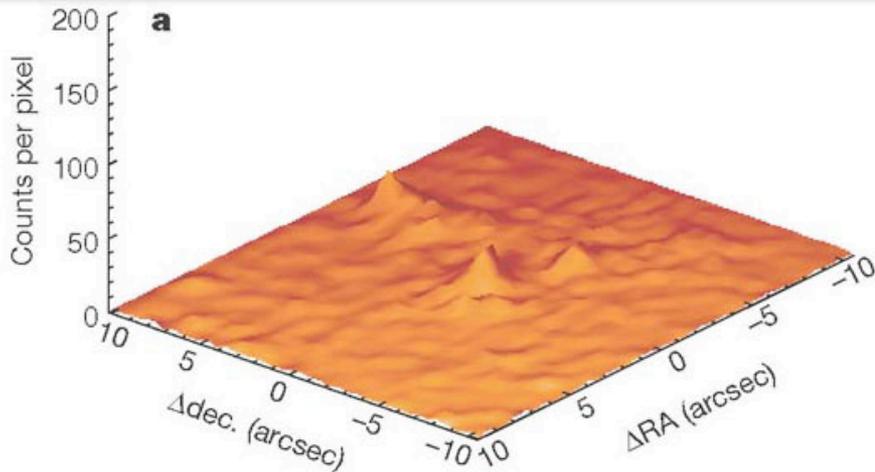
# Sgr A\* in quiescence— physical processes



# Sgr A\* in quiescence— models



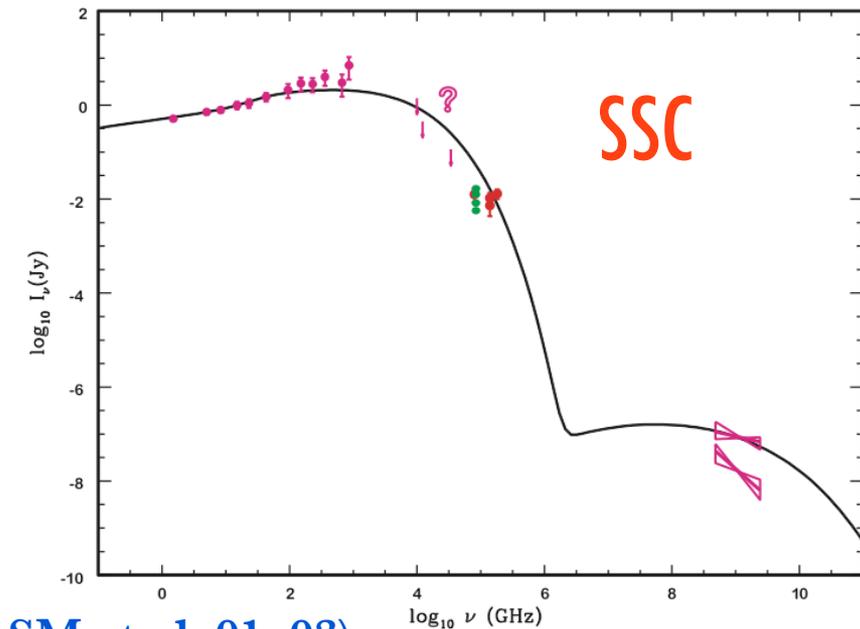
# But wait, there's more! – X-ray flares



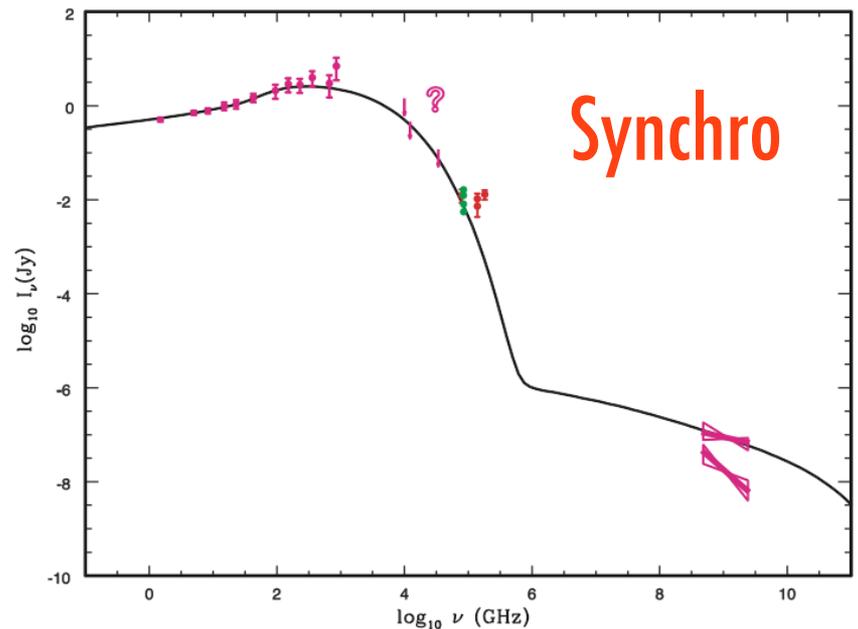
- ◆ Sgr A\* underwent an hour flare,  $\sim 100\times$  brighter
- ◆ Spectrum hardened from  $\Gamma \sim 2.2 \rightarrow 1.2$
- ◆ Nonthermal: 10 min. timescale, implying origin w/in 10's of  $R_g$  of black hole!

(Baganoff ea. 2001, Nature)

# Sgr A\* flaring – magnetic processes

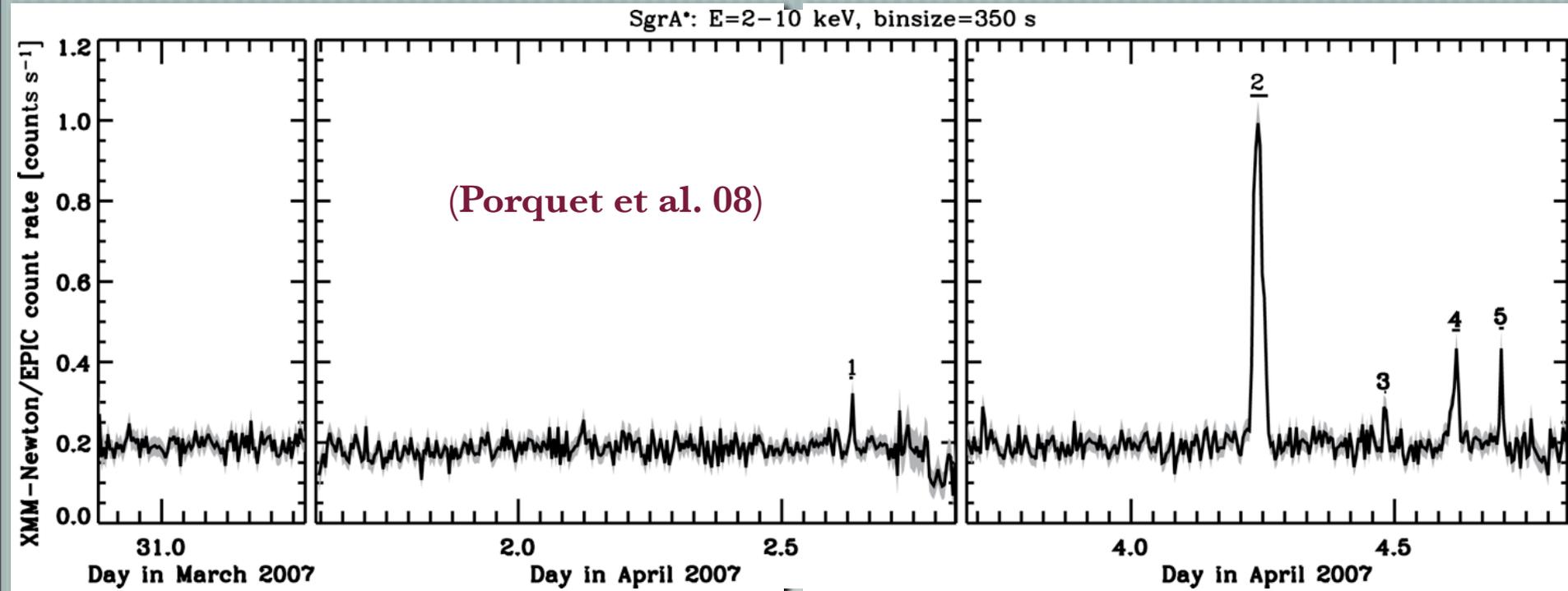


SM et al. 01, 03



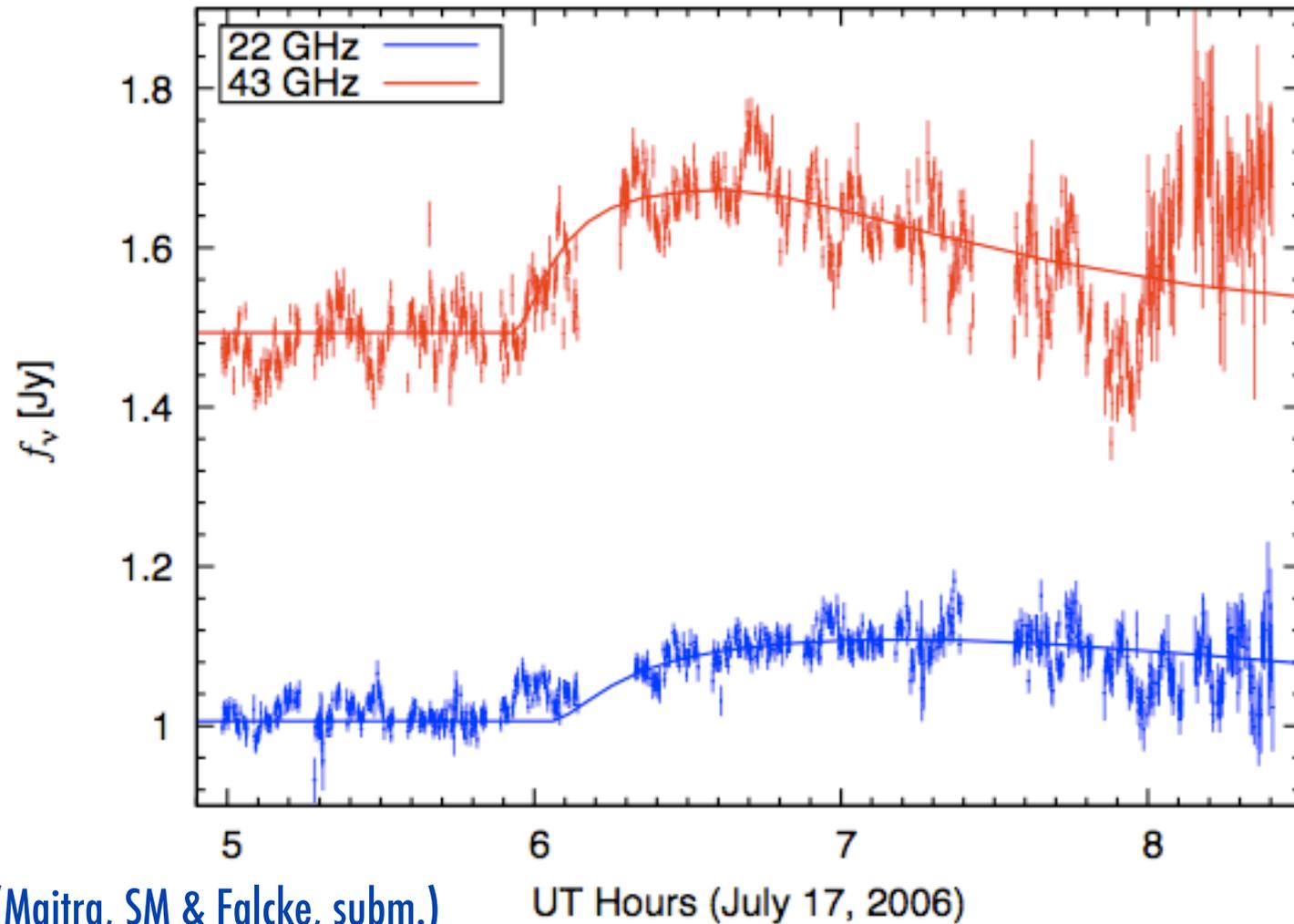
Many more flares detected with Chandra (& XMM). Average flare ~ daily with 5-10x, but larger flares show “hiccups” (Porquet et al. 2008) like aftershocks! All models focus on SSC/synchrotron processes (Liu & Melia; Yuan, Quatert & Narayan; Yusef-Zadeh ea.; Dodds-Eden ea.)

# Sgr A\* flaring – magnetic processes



Many more flares detected with Chandra (& XMM). Average flare ~ daily with 5-10x, but larger flares show “hiccups” (Porquet et al. 2008) like aftershocks! All models focus on SSC/synchrotron processes (Liu & Melia; Yuan, Quatert & Narayan; Yusef-Zadeh ea.; Dodds-Eden ea.)

# Sgr A\* flaring – magnetic processes

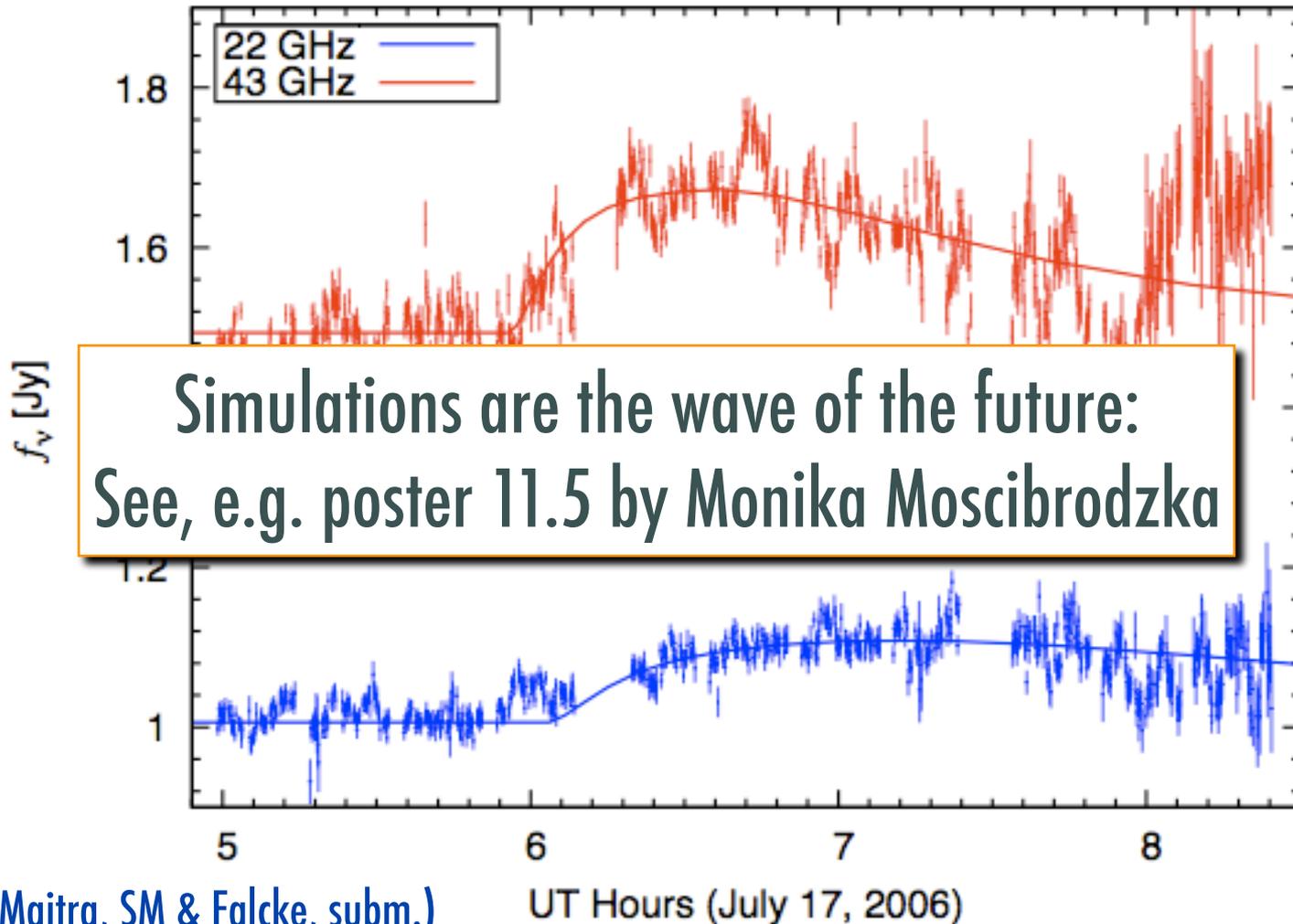


(Maitra, SM & Falcke, subm.)

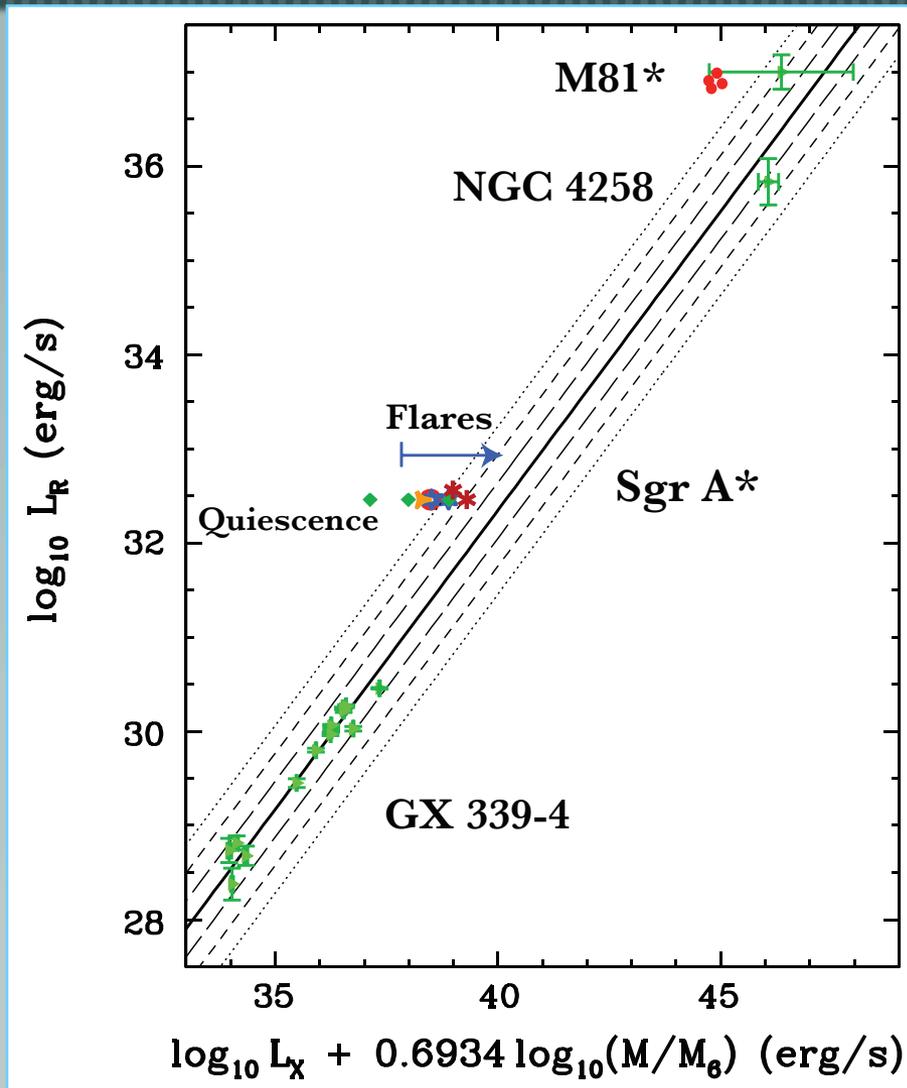
UT Hours (July 17, 2006)

ily  
ia;

# Sgr A\* flaring – magnetic processes



# Sgr A\* flaring – ramping up to active?



(SM 2005)

# Always be careful with statistics – QPOs?

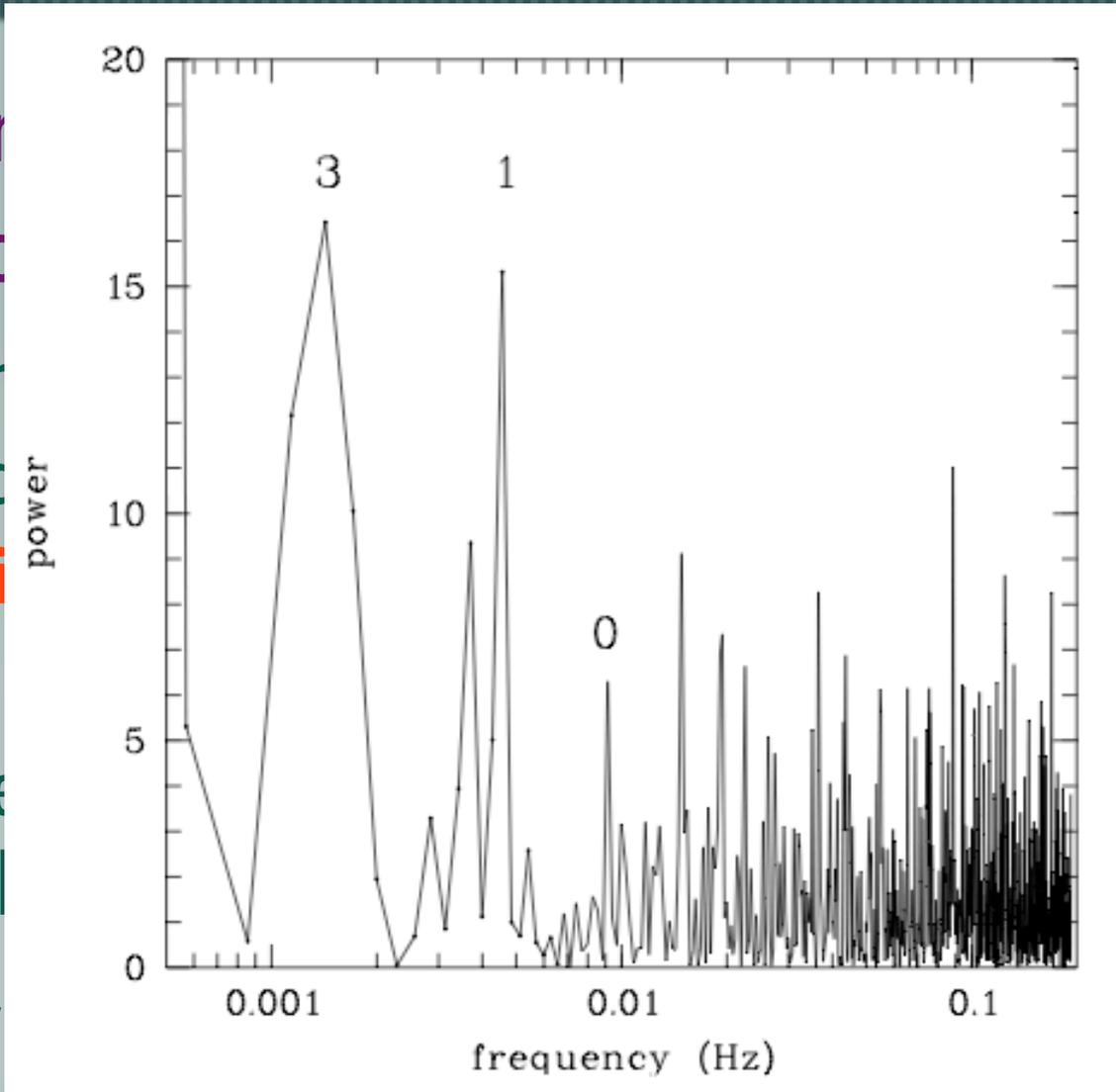
— [ After flare discovery, claims of ~20 minute periodicities abounded in several X-ray and IR papers

- ✱ Current status: claimed in VLT & XMM, not in Chandra and Keck, never seen with HST. Periodicity now deemed **insignificant** after Monte Carlo simulation tests (Meyer ea. 08, Do ea. 09, Belanger ea. in prep.)
- ✱ Interestingly, break timescale in \*IR\* PSD may be consistent with timing studies based on X-rays of other AGN (Meyer ea. 09, McHardy ea. 06)

# Always be careful with statistics – QPOs?

After  
period

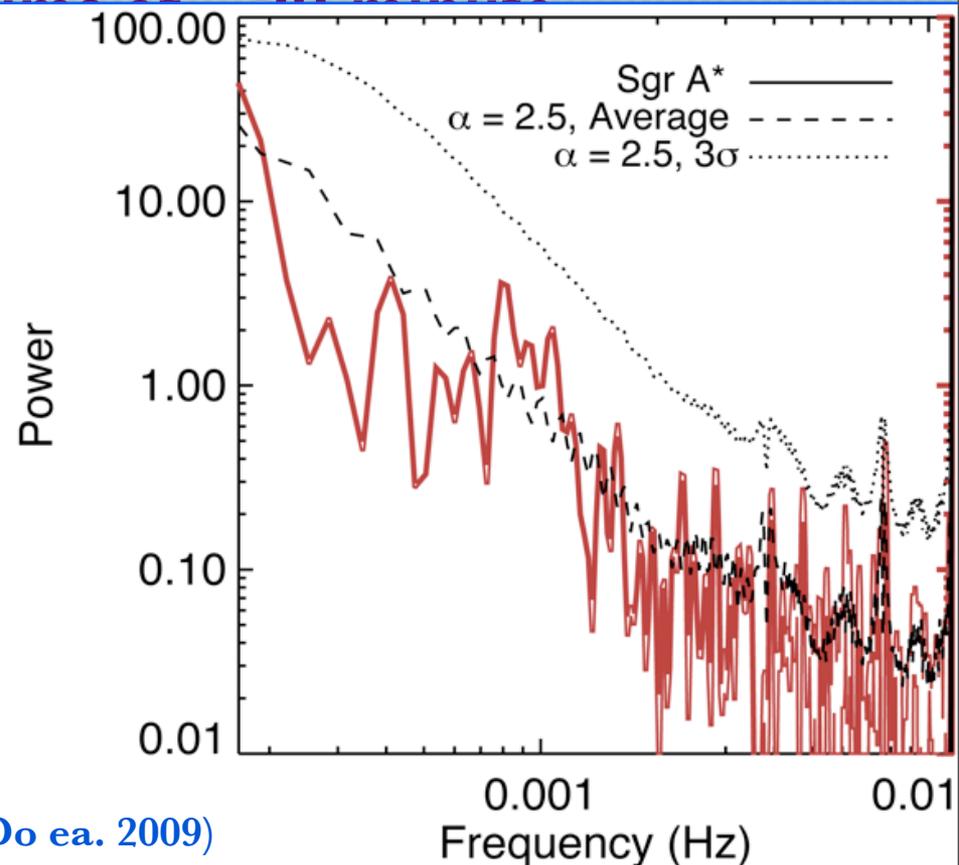
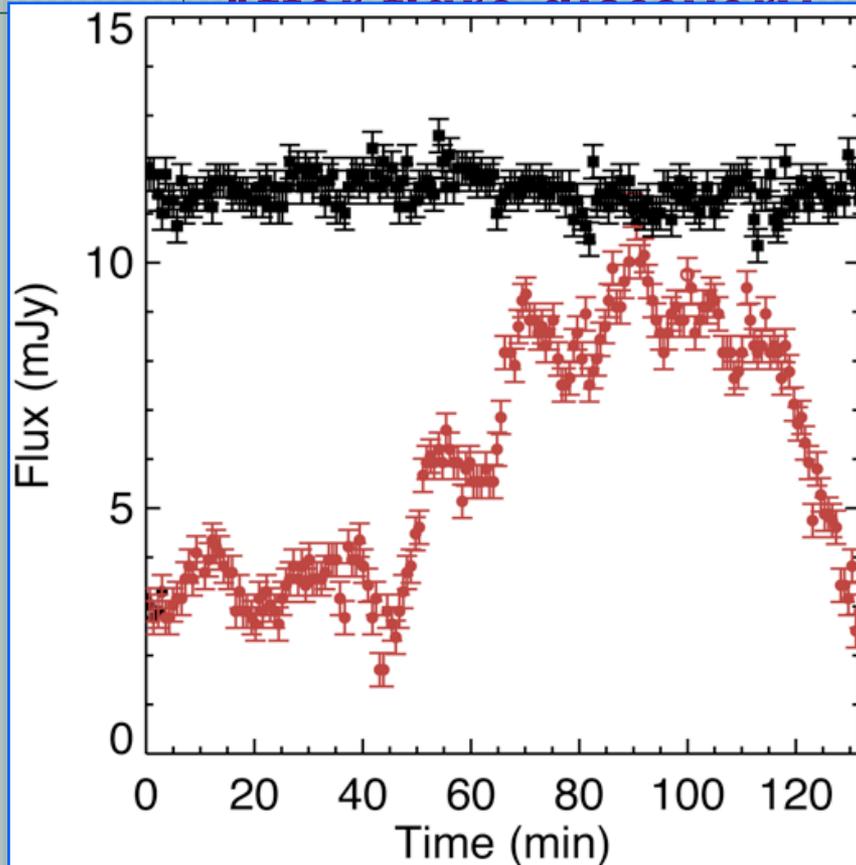
- \* Current  
Keck  
inside  
Do
- \* Inter  
with  
09,



IR papers

andra and  
ned  
Meyer ea. 08,  
be consistent  
(Meyer ea.

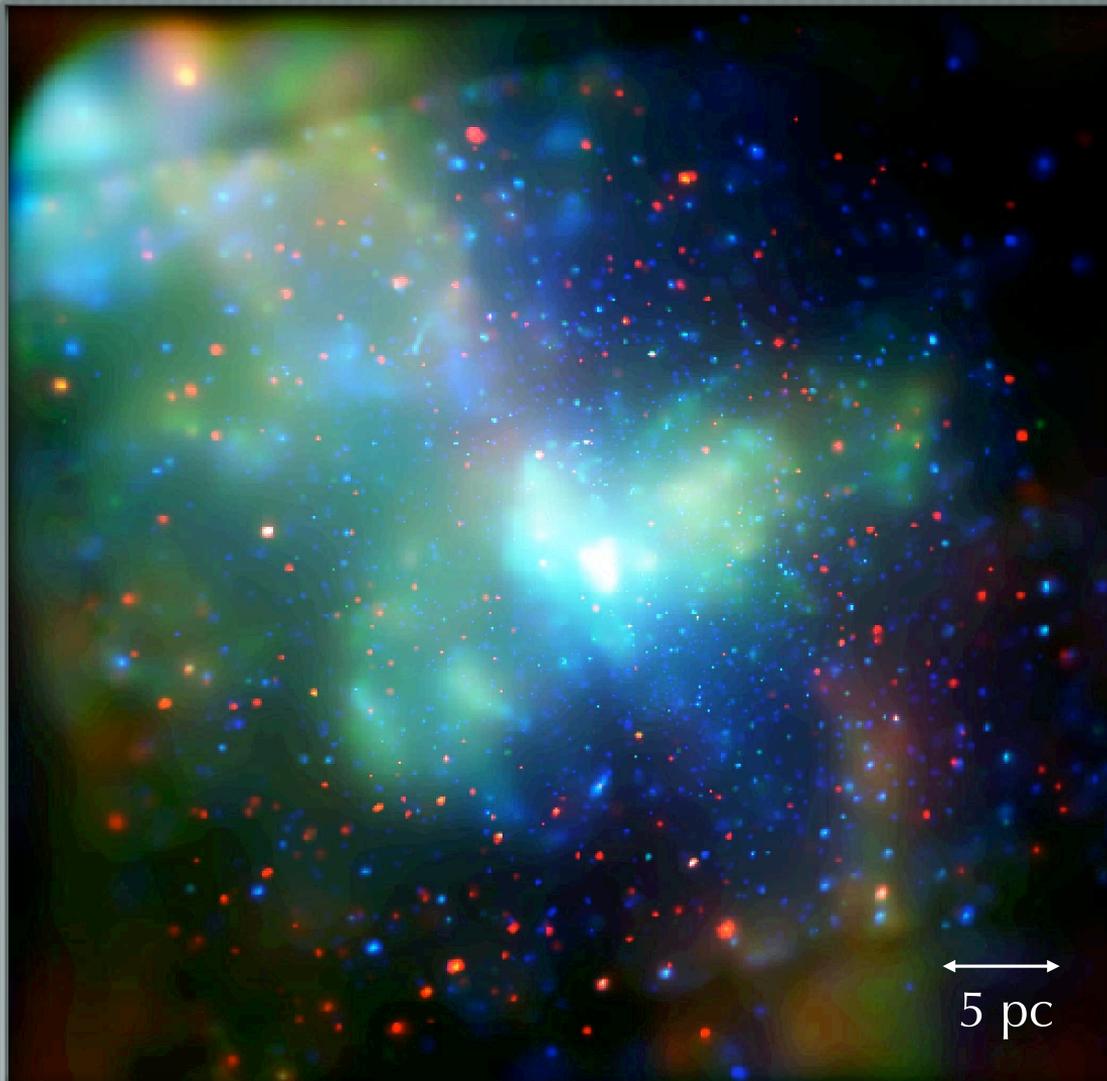
# Always be careful with statistics – QPOs?



(Do et al. 2009)

09, McClure et al. 00)

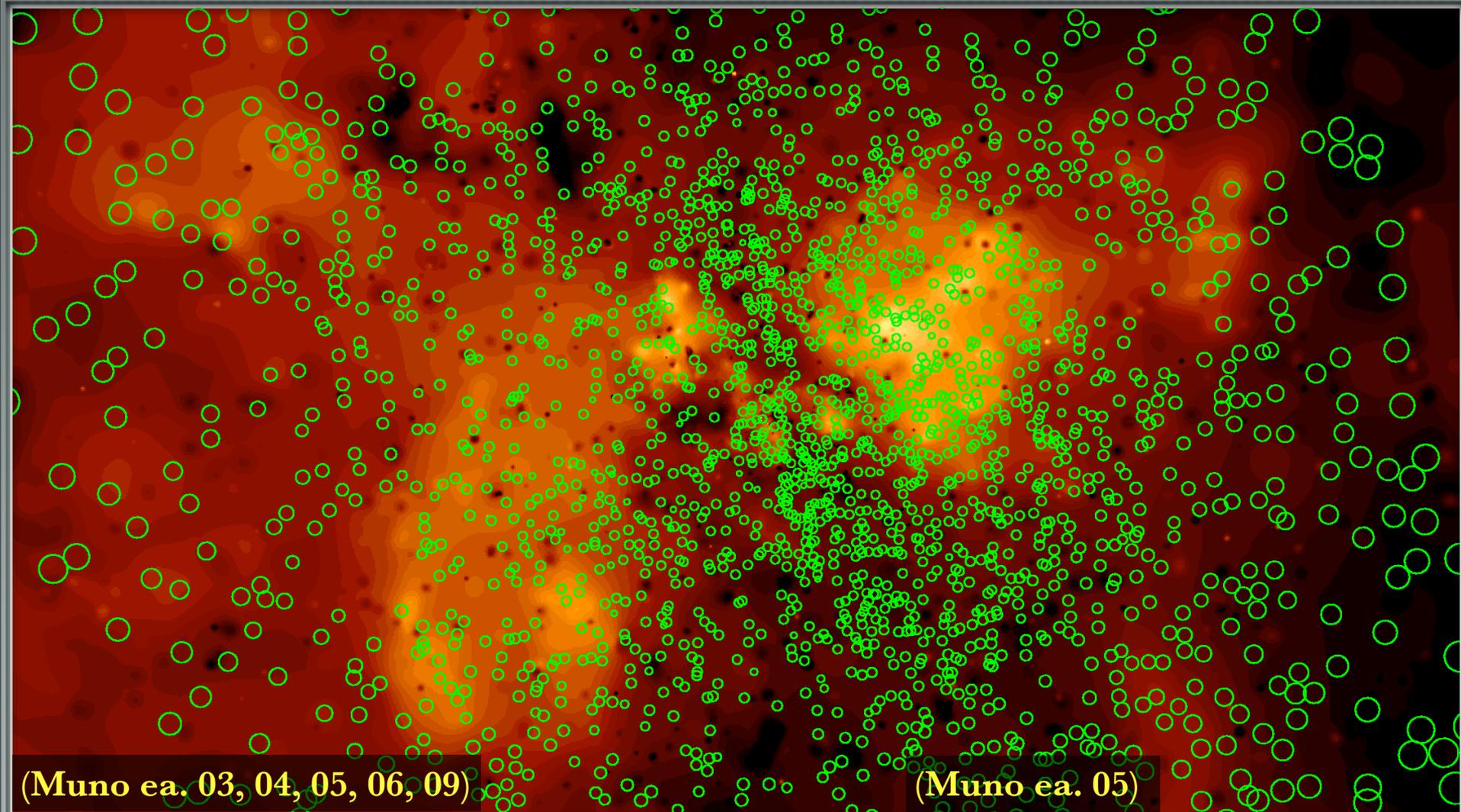
# Why is Sgr A\* so weak?



- ◆ 1 Msec (12 days) with Chandra ACIS over 7 yrs
- ◆ Reveals 4000+ pt. sources, diffuse gas, lobes, jet-like extrusion
- ◆ Hints about fate of infalling gas (and why it does not seem to reach Sgr A\*)

(Baganoff ea. 03; Munro ea. 03, 04; Park ea. 04; Munro ea. 05)

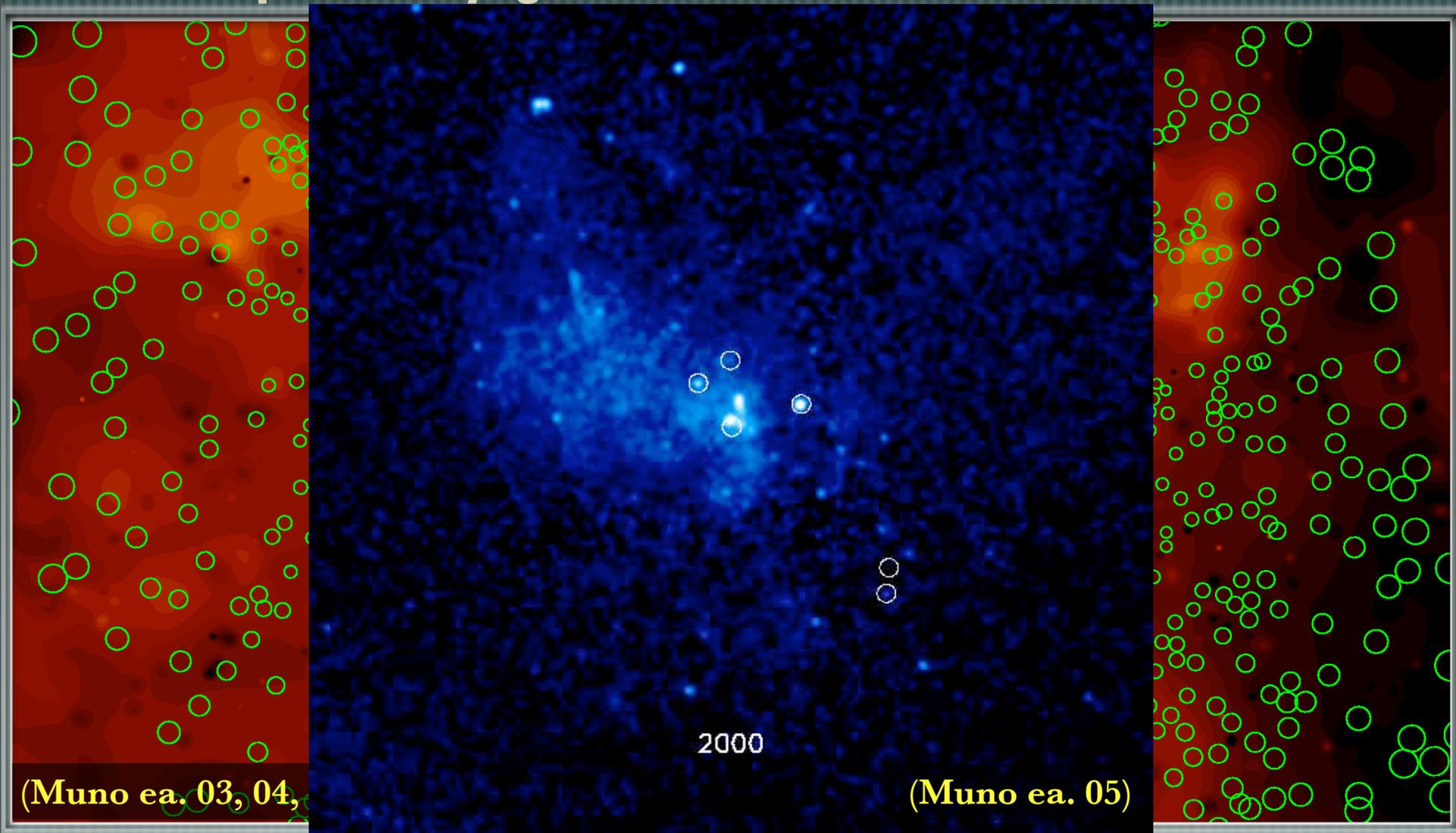
# Majority of inflowing molecular gas probably goes to star formation



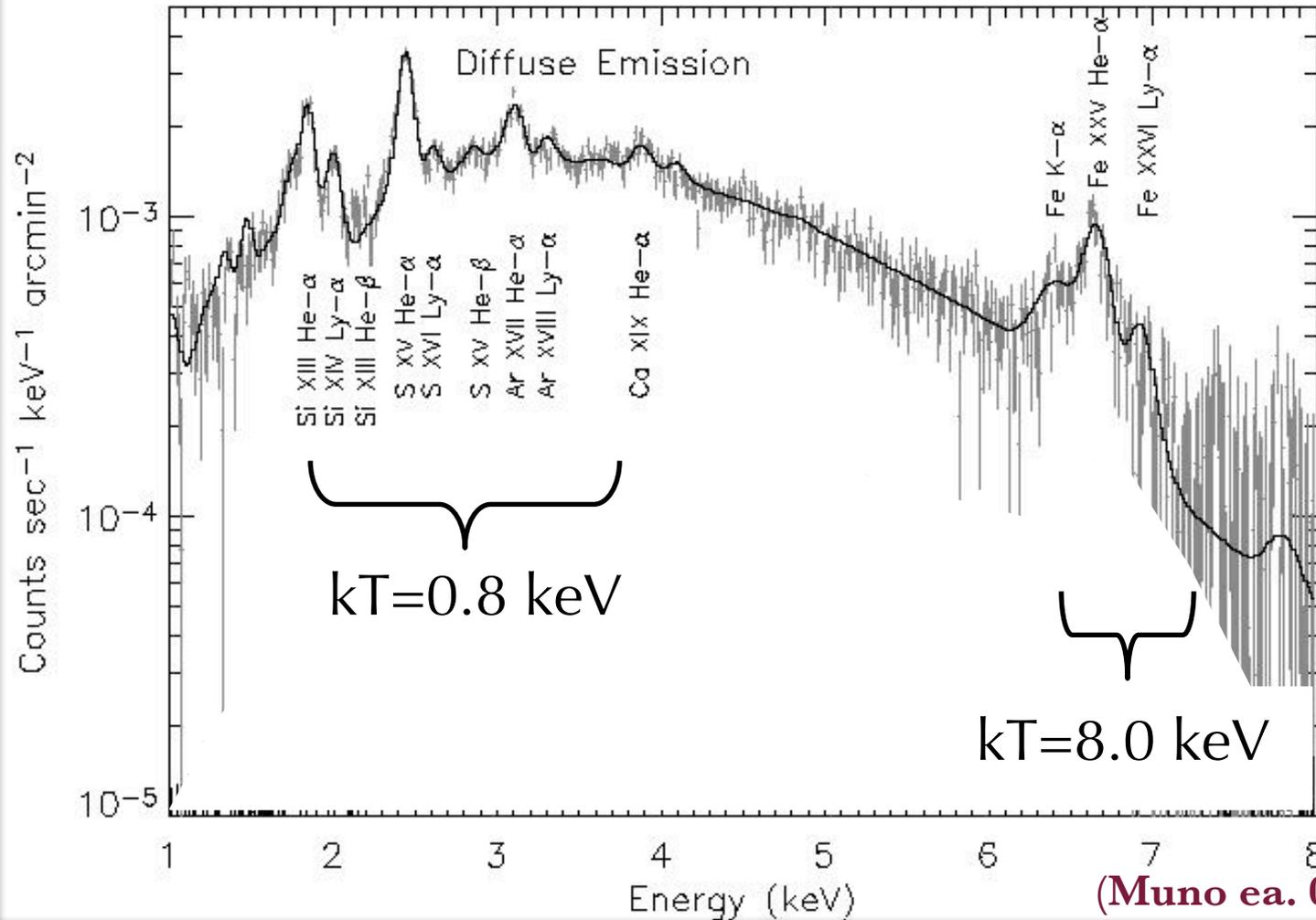
(Muno ea. 03, 04, 05, 06, 09)

(Muno ea. 05)

# Majority of inflowing molecular gas probably goes to star formation

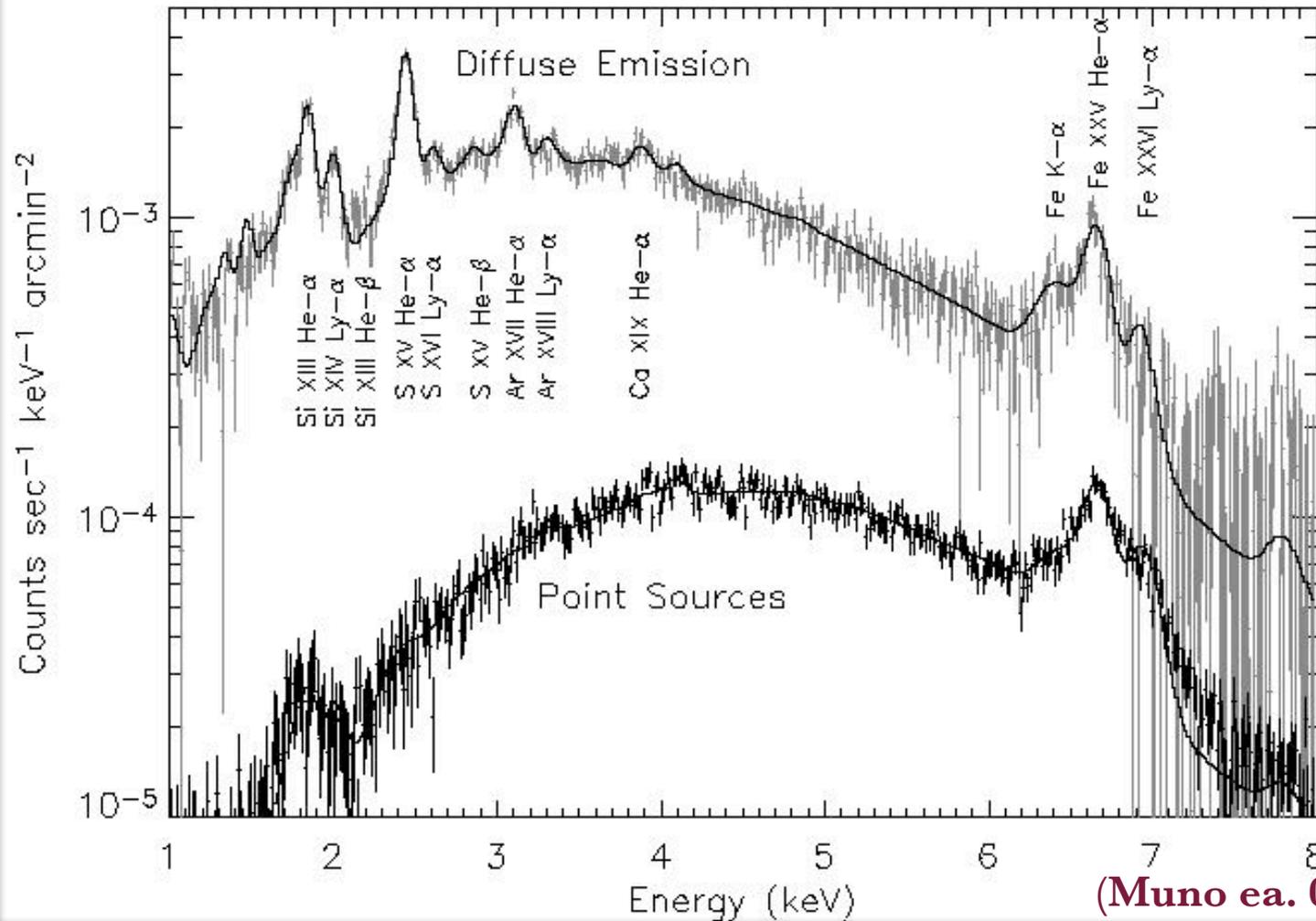


# Two phases of diffuse gas in GC

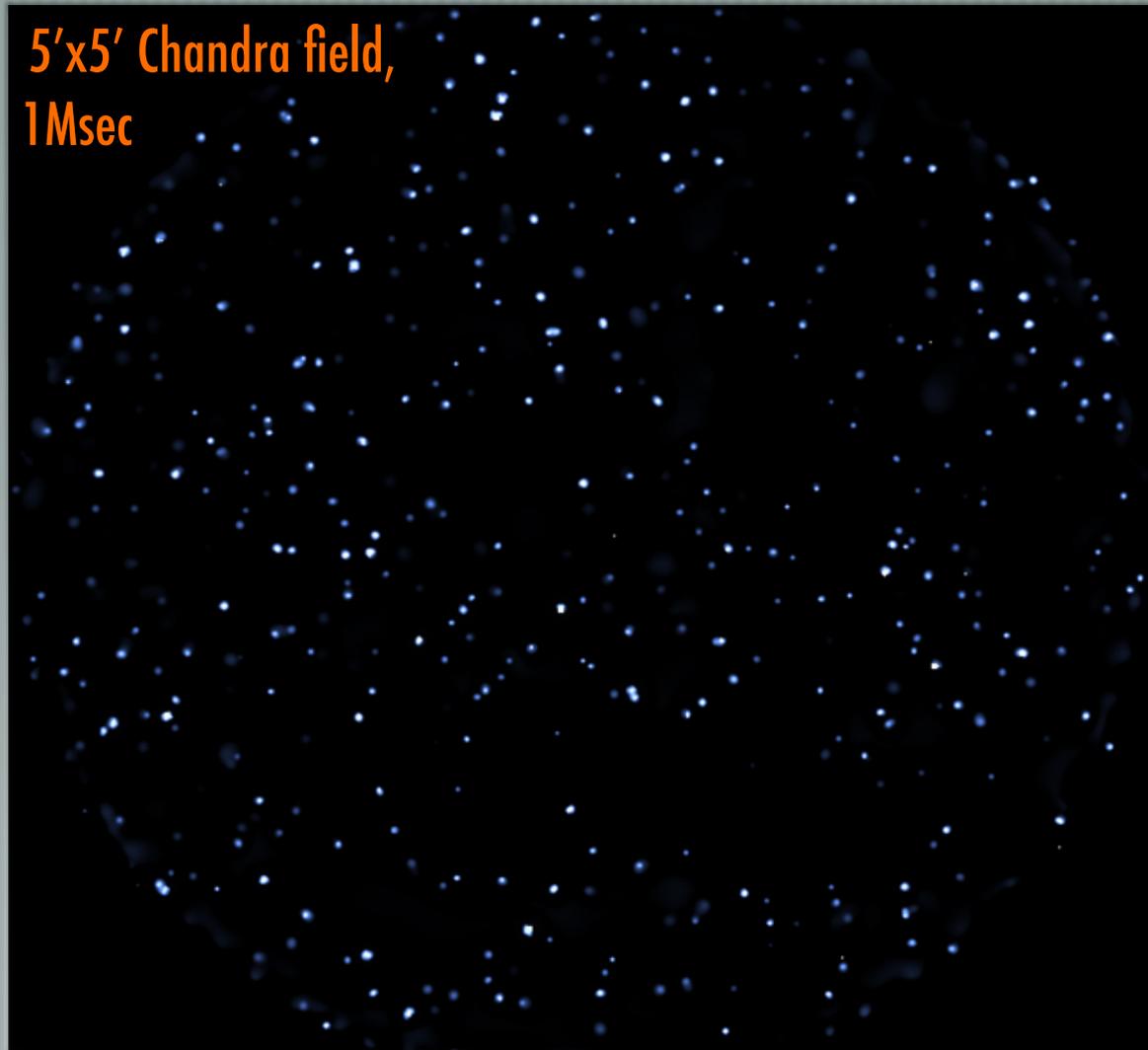


(Muno ea. 04)

# Two phases of diffuse gas in GC

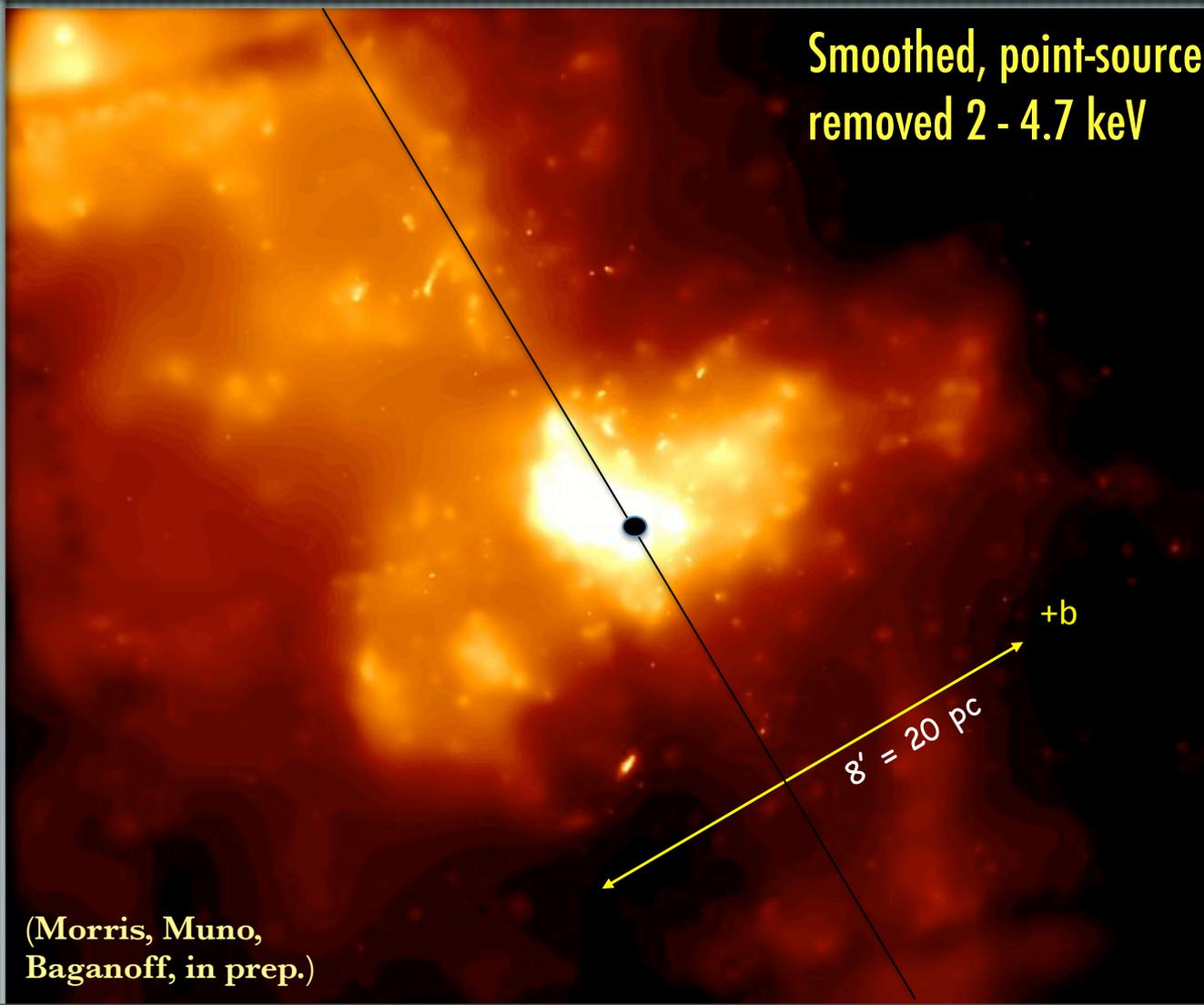


# Hot (8 keV) plasma = 80% resolved?

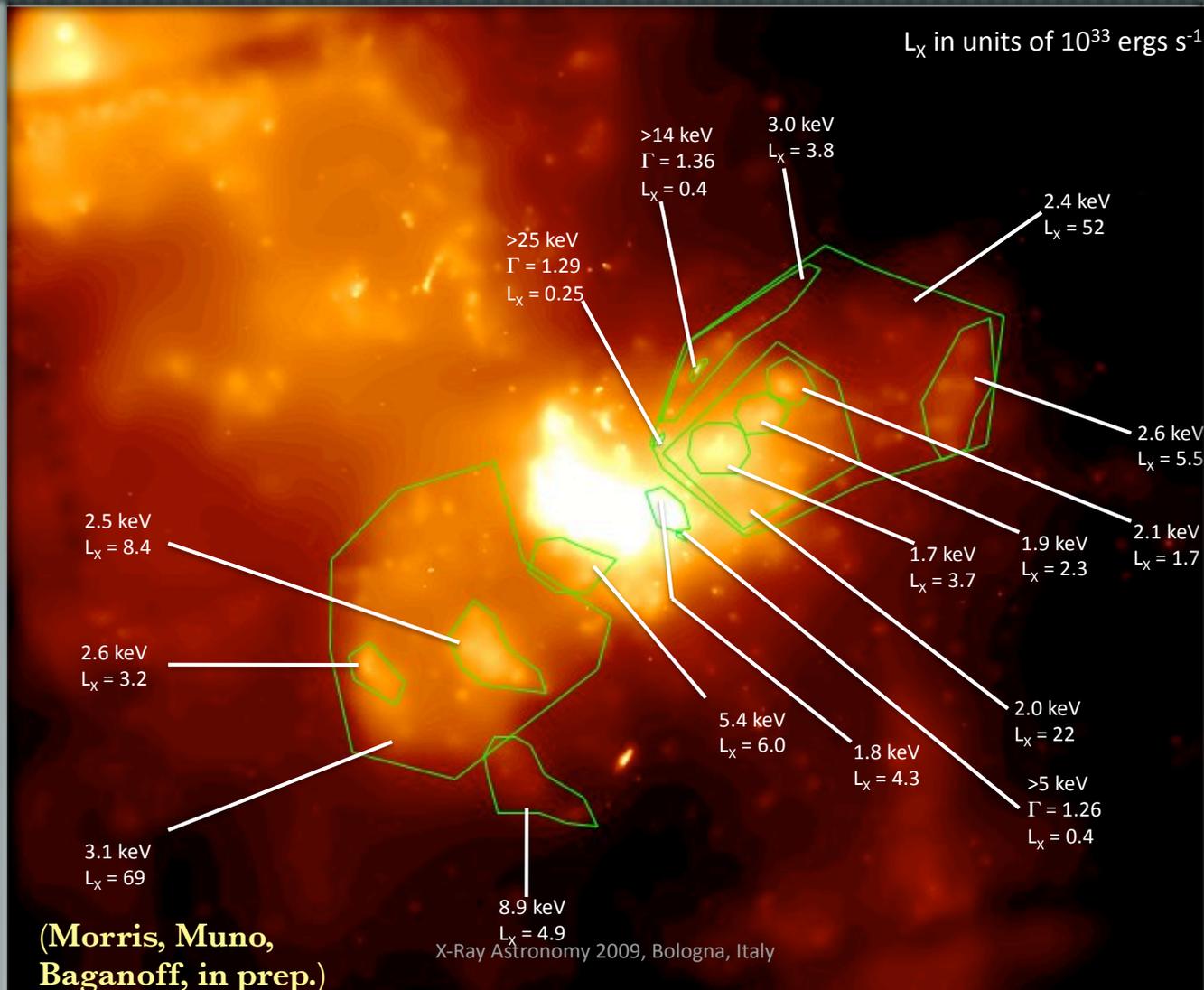


(Revnivtsev et al.  
2009, Nature)

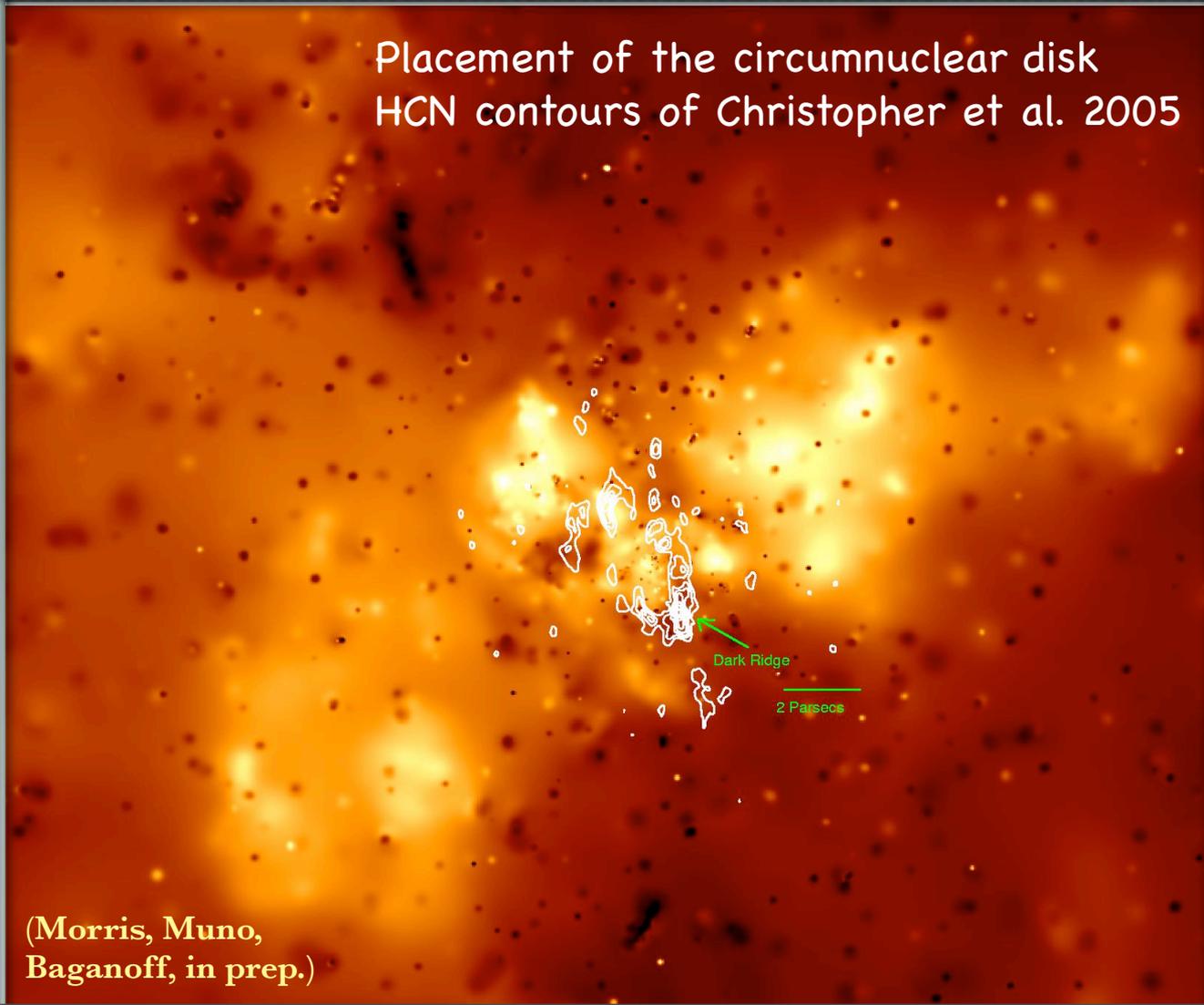
# Soft plasma – bipolar lobes



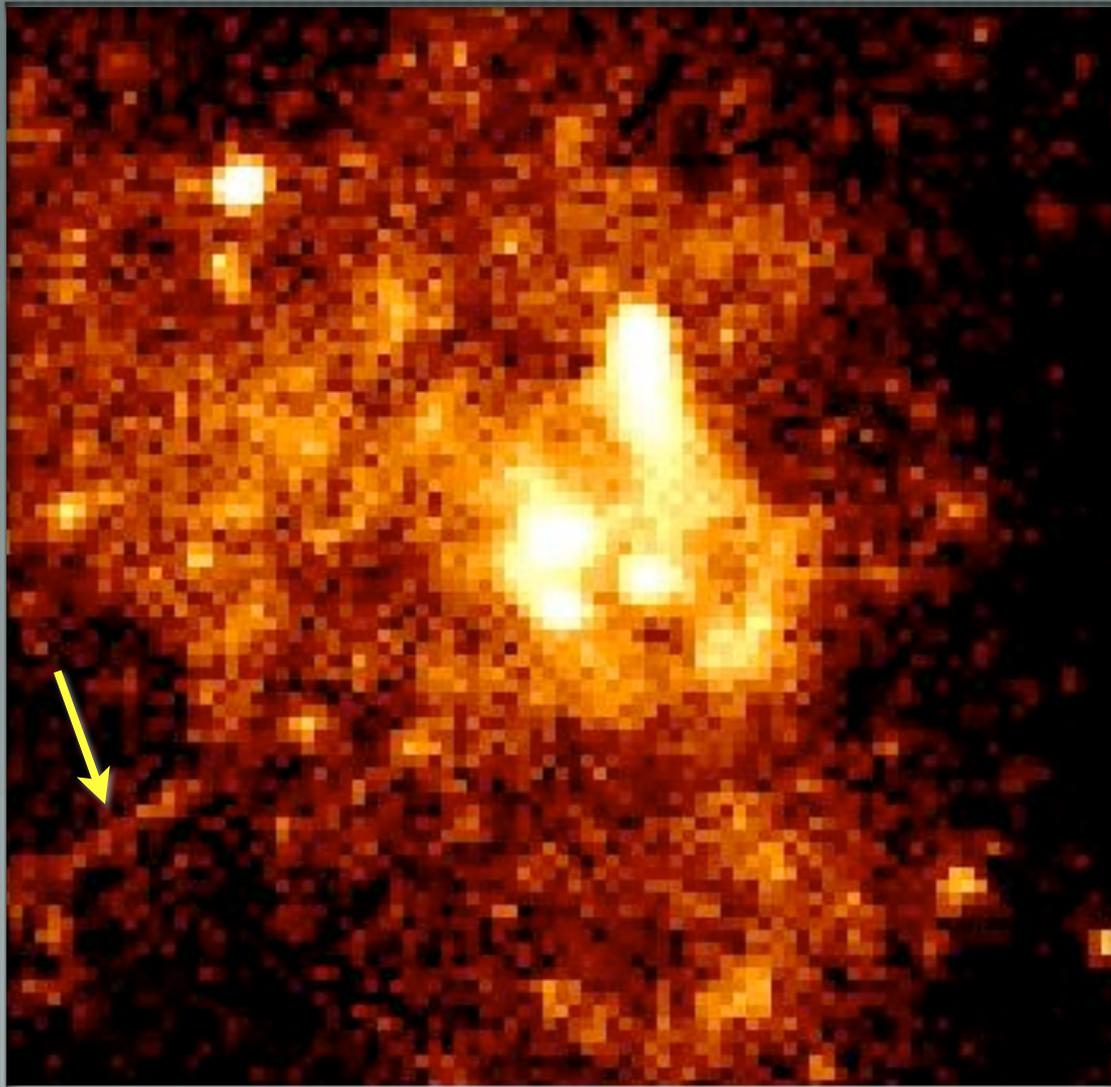
# Soft plasma – episodic bursts?



# Bipolar lobes – Collimated thermal wind?



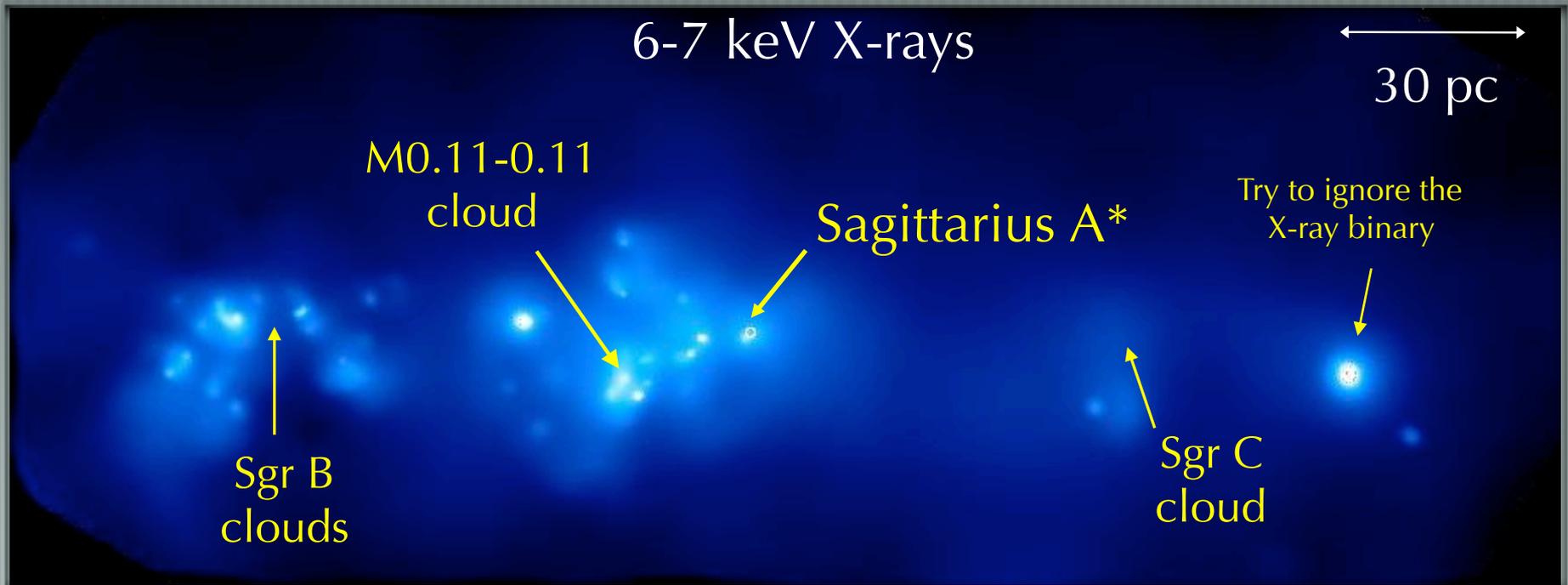
# ...or jet/episodic bursts from Sgr A\*?



- ◆ Jet-like feature on same axis as lobes
- ◆ 3-4 pc separation of blobs  $\Rightarrow$  5000 yrs at thermal velocity
- ◆ Same timescale as predicted for tidal disruption of stars (T. Alexander)?
- ◆ Could be embedded in thermal wind

(Morris, Muno, Baganoff in prep.)

# Was Sgr A\* more active in the past?



(Muno et al.)

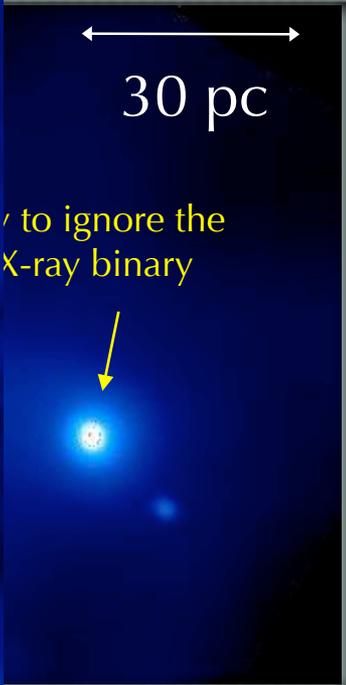
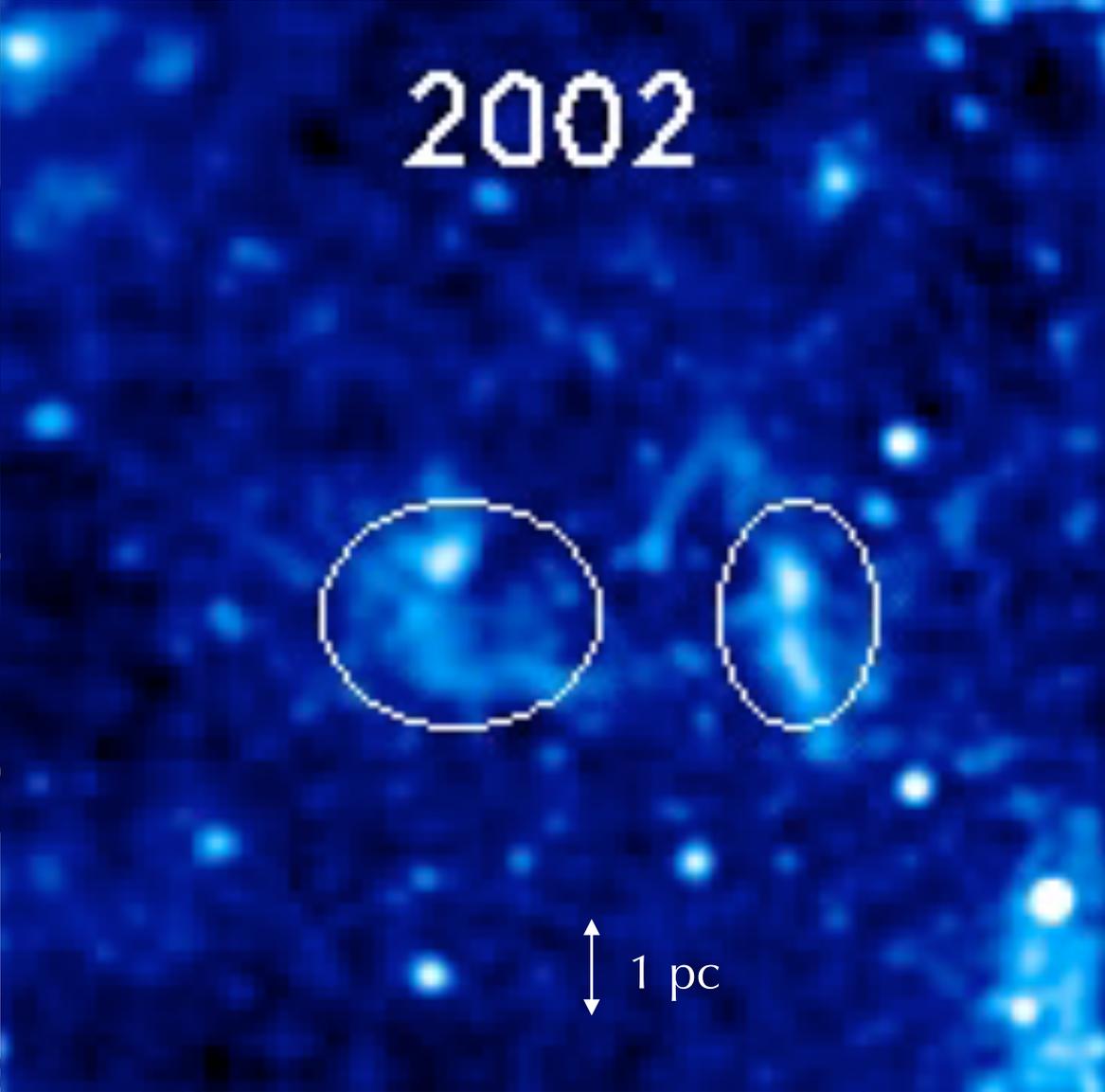
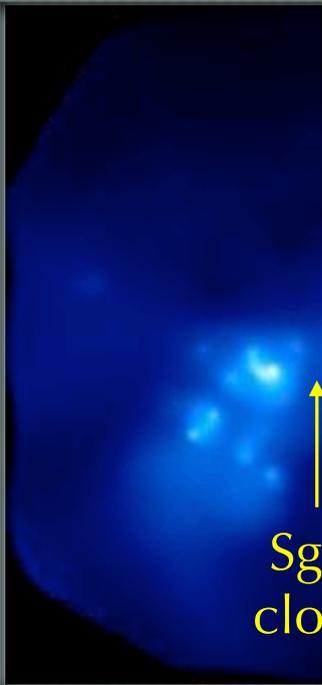
Has been suggested that the best source is prior activity of Sgr A\* (Koyama et al. 96, Murakami et al. 00, Revnivtsev et al. 04) but some controversy about source of ionization

Chandra can actually resolve the "wave" of fluorescence, must be hard photons

Implies  $L \leq 10^{38}$  erg/s outburst lasting 3 yrs, about 60 & 300 years ago!

Wa

2002



Has been  
Murakam

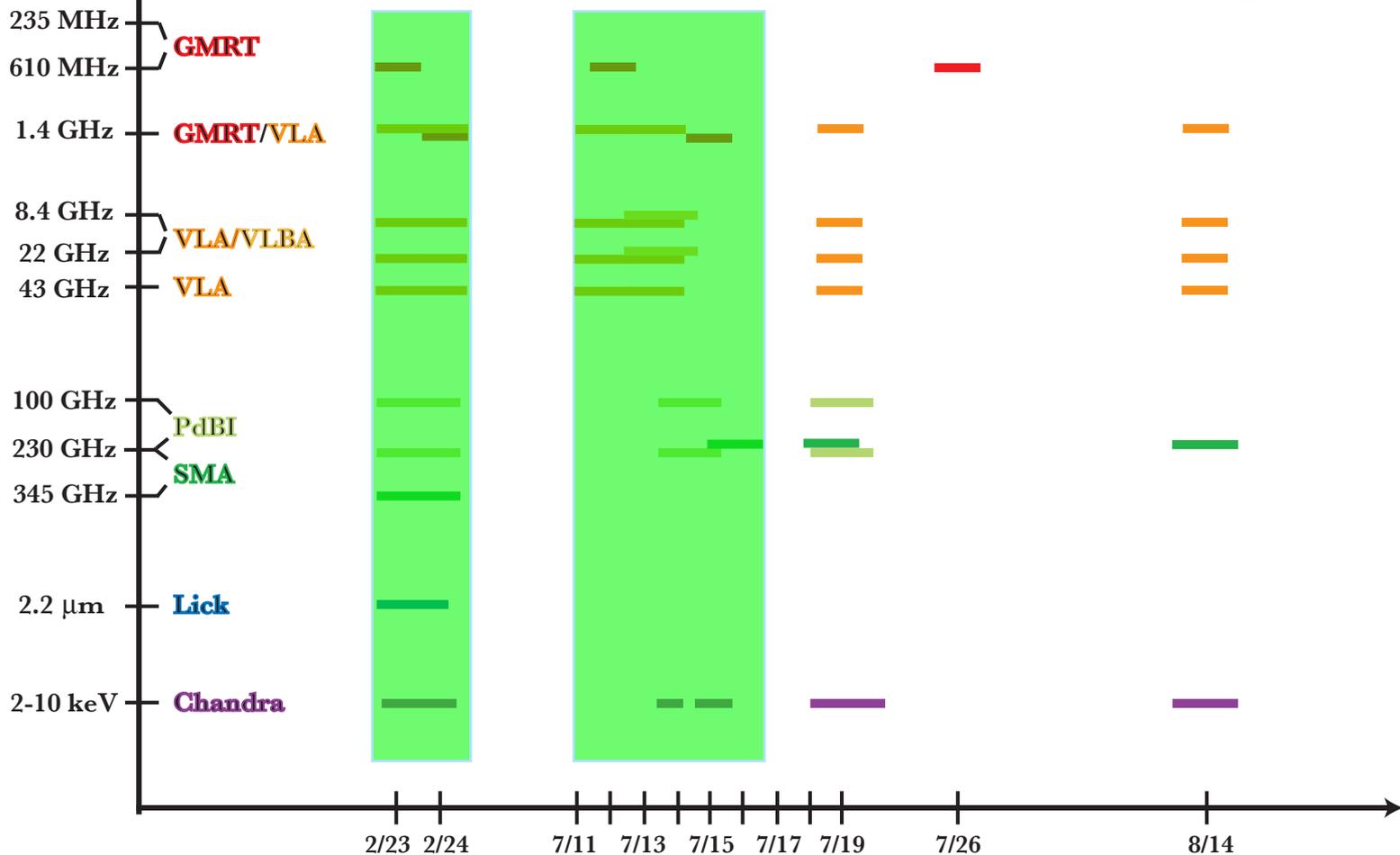
Chandra

yama ea. 96,  
ce of ionization  
d photons

Implies  $L \leq 10^{38}$  erg/s outburst lasting 3 yrs, about 60 & 300 years ago!

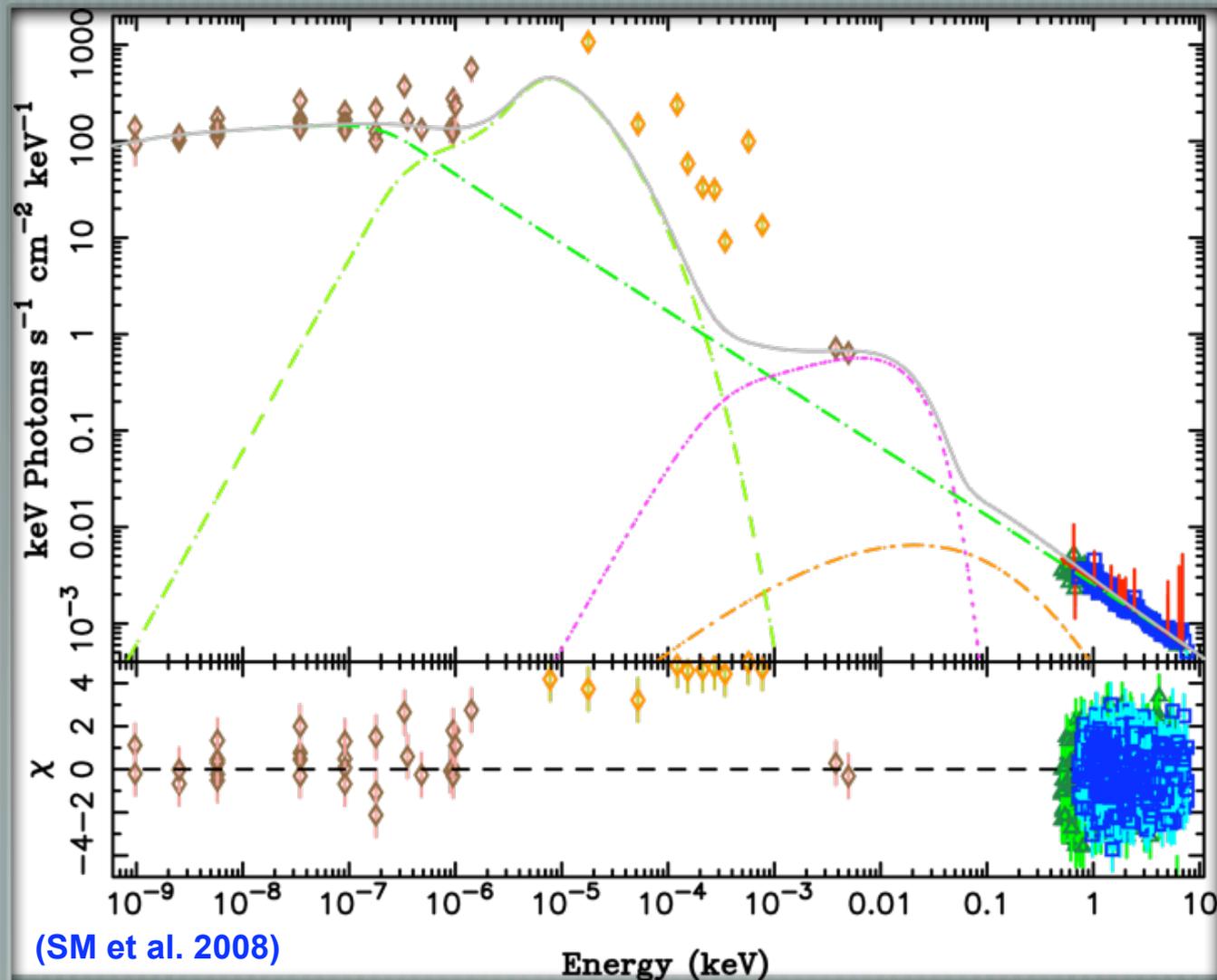
# Best bridge from Sgr A\* to LLAGN: M81\*

At best 6 instruments simultaneously!



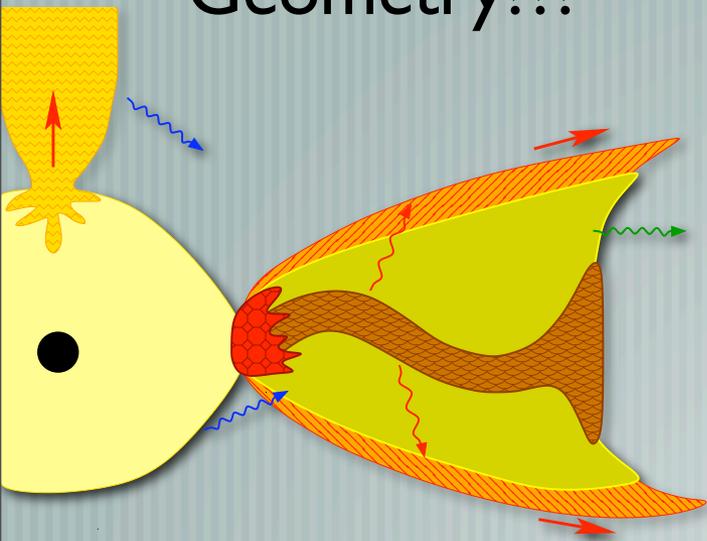
(SM, Nowak, Young et al. 08)

# M81: Hard state equivalent (LLAGN)?

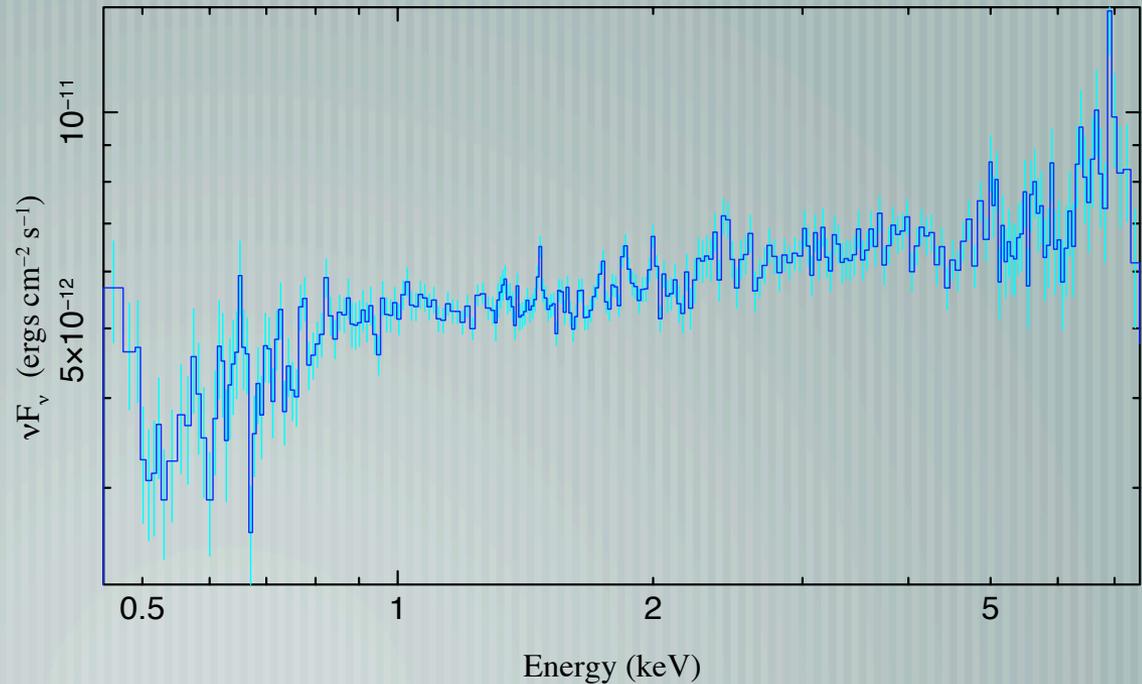


# M81\*: 450 ks with HETGS (GTO + GO)

First evidence for  
ADAF-Type multi-T  
Geometry???



300 ksec Chandra-HETG

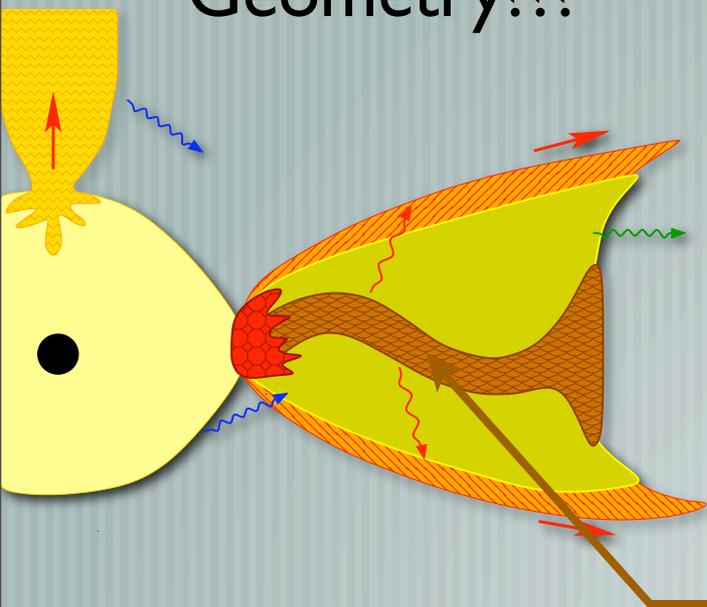


(Young, Nowak, SM ea. 07; SM, Nowak, Young ea. 08)

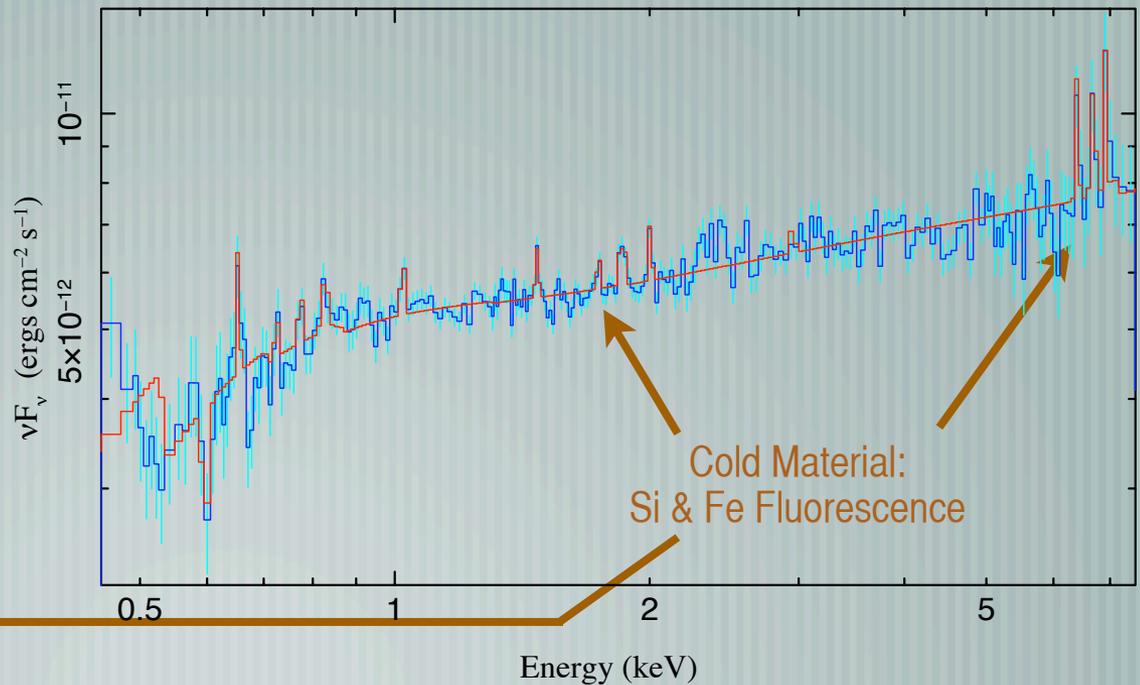


# M81\*: 450 ks with HETGS (GTO + GO)

First evidence for  
ADAF-Type multi-T  
Geometry???

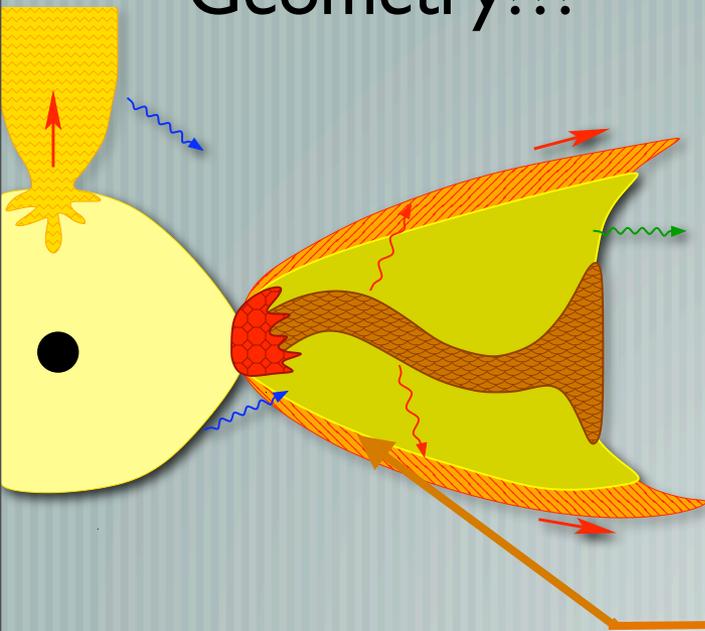


450 ksec Chandra-HETG

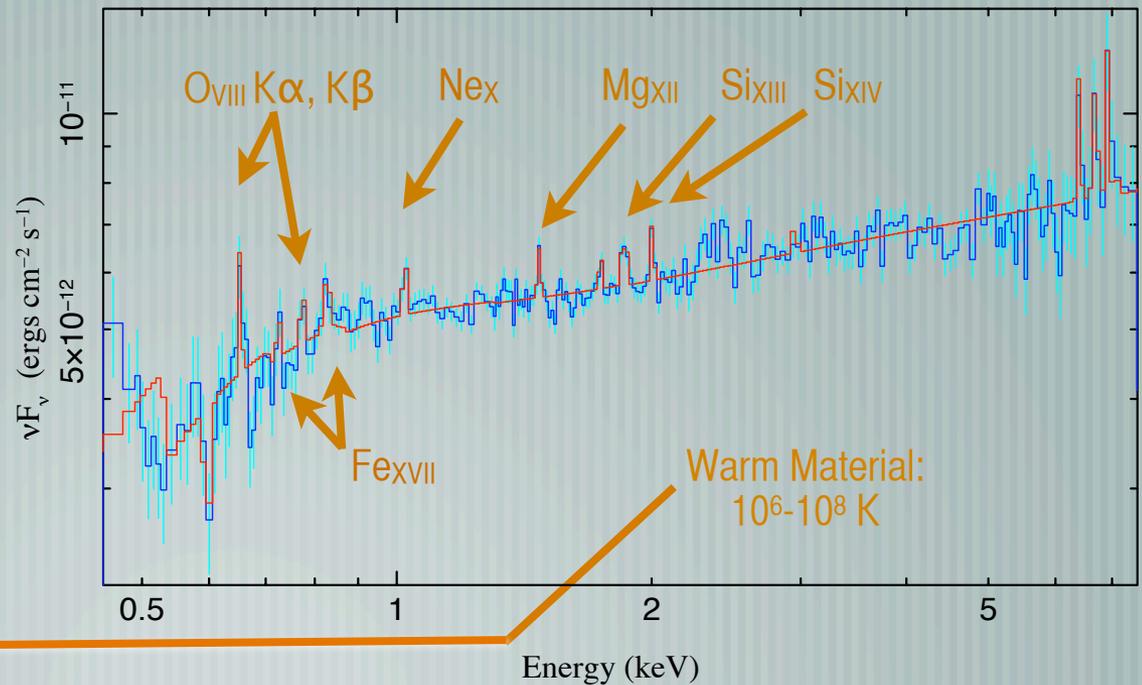


# M81\*: 450 ks with HETGS (GTO + GO)

First evidence for  
ADAF-Type multi-T  
Geometry???

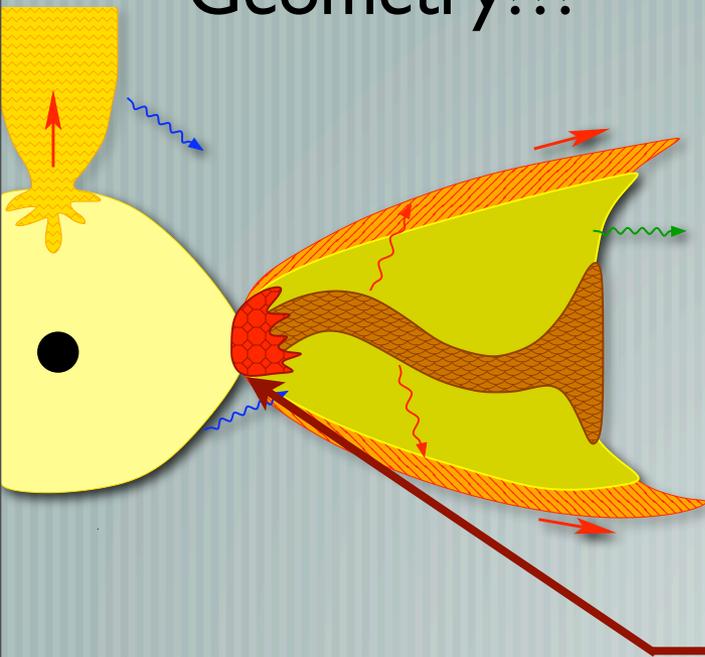


450 ksec Chandra-HETG

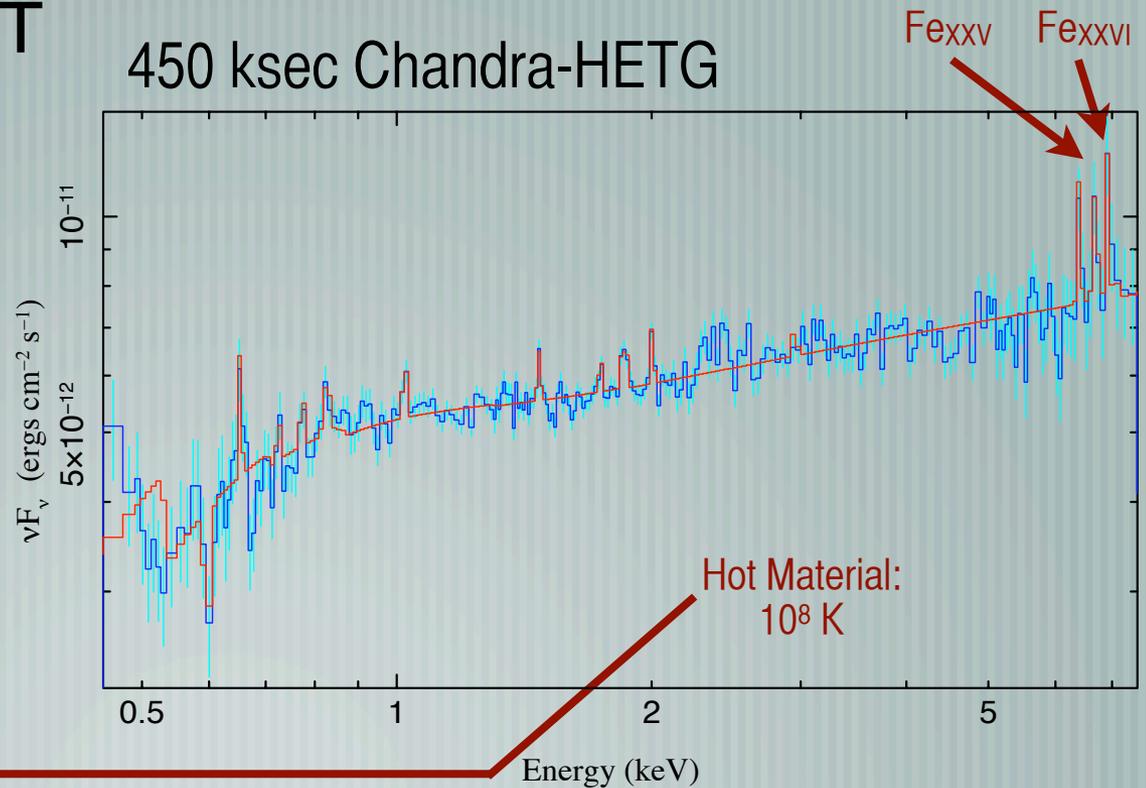


# M81\*: 450 ks with HETGS (GTO + GO)

First evidence for  
ADAF-Type multi-T  
Geometry???



450 ksec Chandra-HETG



# Cool stuff I don't have time to cover

— [ With over 100 papers on Chandra's GC observations, I obviously am missing several important studies, including:

- ✱ Sgr A East: Maeda et al. 2002
- ✱ Top-heavy mass function? Nayakshin & Sunyaev 2005
- ✱ IRS 13 cluster detection: IMBH or WR colliding winds? Arendt et al. 2008
- ✱ Arches cluster detection: Yusef-Zadeh et al. 2002
- ✱ Magnetic field-related features, wisps and filaments: Morris, Wang, Lang
- ✱ Relationship of Sgr A\* to XRBs and other LLAGN: SM, Nowak, Falcke
- ✱ NGC4258 multiwavelength campaign à la Sgr A\* and M81: SM, Nowak, Reynolds, Wilms, Greenhill

# Summary/Outlook

Without Chandra's amazing spatial resolution, we would never have found Sgr A\*, or resolved the ~10k GC X-ray sources

- ✱ Sgr A\* is very weakly active, so weak that we needed to modify our understanding of accretion: radiative efficiency not enough!
- ✱ But it is probably very typical of a phase many galaxies undergo
- ✱ Diffuse gas shows bipolar features, hints of past activity
- ✱ Incredible resolution of Chandra has revealed entire populations of stellar remnants and young stars, providing clues about star formation and its relationship to the AGN phenomenon
- ✱ Future: as IR interferometry (PRIMA, GRAVITY) and submm VLBI develop, potential of MW combined with Chandra to solve outstanding problems is unprecedented: can image \*every\* piece of the puzzle!